# SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT (SID) SECTION I





(SCHEME CODE - TATA/O/E/THE/24/10/0072)

#### This product is suitable for investors who are seeking\*:

- · Long Term Capital Appreciation
- Investment in equity and equity related instruments of companies engaged in and/or expected to benefit from adoption of innovative strategies & theme.

\*Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them





(The above product labelling assigned during NFO is based on internal assessment of the scheme characteristics and the same may vary post NFO when the actual investments are made. The same shall be updated as per provision no. 17.4.1.i of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, on Product labelling in mutual fund schemes on ongoing basis.)

Offer of Units at Rs. 10/- each for cash during the New Fund Offer & Continuous offer for units at NAV based prices, subject to applicable load.

New Fund Offer Opens On11.11.2024New Fund Offer Closes On25.11.2024Scheme Re-Opens For Continuous Sale & Repurchase On05.12.2024

#### Name of Mutual Fund

#### **Tata Mutual Fund**

1903, B-Wing, Parinee Crescenzo, G-Block, BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051

#### Name of Trustee Company

#### Tata Trustee Co. Pvt Ltd.

1903, B-Wing, Parinee Crescenzo, G-Block, BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051 CIN: U65991-MH-1995-PTC-087722

#### Name of Asset Management Company

#### Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd.

1903, B-Wing, Parinee Crescenzo, G-Block, BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051 CIN: U65990-MH-1994-PTC-077090

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Tata Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.tatamutualfund.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document (SID)). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (SID) (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated 24th October 2024

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#### PART I. HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description	
l.	Name of the Scheme	Tata India Innovation Fund	
II.	Category of the Scheme	Equity-Thematic	
III.	Scheme type	An open-ended equity scheme following innovation theme.	
IV.	Scheme Code	TATA/O/E/THE/24/10/0072	
V.	Investment Objective	The investment objective of the scheme is to provide investors with opportunities for long term capital appreciation by investing in equity and equity related instruments of companies that seeks to benefit from adoption of innovative strategies & theme.  However, there is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved. The scheme does not assure or guarantee any returns.	
VI.	Liquidity / Listing details	The scheme is an open-ended scheme. The scheme is open for resale and repurchase of units at NAV based price, with applicable loads, if any on every business day on an ongoing basis.  Under normal circumstances the AMC shall dispatch redemption proceeds within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase, subject to exceptional circumstances as mentioned in this document.  Currently the scheme is not listed. However, the trustees may review the same in future and list the units under the Scheme on one or more Stock Exchanges later subject to adherence of terms and conditions of Regulators/Exchanges.	
VII.	Benchmark	NIFTY 500 TRI	
	(Total Return Index)	Benchmark Selection Rationale:  The scheme is benchmarked to Nifty 500 TRI as the index constituents reflects the underlying fund's universe in the best possible manner.  The composition of the benchmark is such that it is most suited for comparing performance of the Scheme. The Board of AMC and Trustee will review the performance of the Scheme in comparison to the benchmark. Total Return variant of the index (TRI) will be used for performance comparison. The Trustee/AMC may change the benchmark in future, if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the Scheme is available, subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, Circulars and any other prevailing guidelines, as applicable from time to time.	
VIII.	NAV Disclosure	The NAVs will be calculated and disclosed on every Business Day. The AMC shall prominently disclose	
IX.		the NAVs under a separate head on the website of the Fund (www.tatamutualfund.com) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India- AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) by 11 p.m on every Business Day^. However, due to inability in capturing same day valuation of underlying investments, the NAV shall be disclosed by 11 P.M. of the next business day^.  ^ If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day (i.e., next day after the respective business day) due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons for the delay and explain by when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.  Due to difference in the expense ratio, the NAV of each option of Direct Plan will be different from the NAV of each option of Regular Plan. Similarly, due to IDCW- payout, the NAV of IDCW Option will be different from the NAV of Growth option.  In case of investment in overseas securities by the scheme as mentioned in the asset allocation pattern of the scheme, the NAV of the fund will be based on the prices of overseas securities converted into Indian rupees.	
IX.	Applicable timelines	Timeline for:  ❖ Dispatch of redemption proceeds:  The redemption proceeds will be dispatched to the unit holders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase, subject to exceptional circumstances as mentioned further in this document.  ❖ Dispatch of Income Distribution Cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW):  The payment of dividend to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date, subject to exceptional circumstances as mentioned further in this document.	
X.	Plan and Options		
	Plans / Options and sub options under the Scheme	The Scheme has the following Plans across a common portfolio:  Regular Plan: This Plan is for investors who wish to route their investment through any distributor.	
		<b>Direct Plan:</b> This Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe units in a scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.	
		Both the Plans under the Scheme offer Growth & Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Option. Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option under each Plan further offers of choice of Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Option, Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital	

withdrawal Option.

#### Compulsory Reinvestment of Income distribution cum Capital Withdrawal:

To reduce the expenses of the scheme and for the convenience of the investors/- the income distribution cum capital withdrawal shall be compulsorily reinvested (for investors of non-electronic mode) within the scheme at the applicable ex-dividend NAV if the payout amount is lower than or equal to Rs. 100/- in the same option of the respective plans of the scheme at the ex-dividend rate.

Investor shall note that when units are sold, and sale price (NAV) is higher than face value of the unit, a portion of sale price that represents realized gains shall be credited to an Equalization Reserve Account and which can be used to pay income distribution cum capital withdrawal. Hence payout amounts can be distributed out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains.

Please note that the income distribution cum capital withdrawal shall be distributed at the discretion of the Trustees subject to availability of distributable surplus.

Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of the Scheme will have to indicate "Direct Plan" against the scheme name in the application form.

#### **Default Plan:**

Investors are requested to note the following scenarios for the applicability of "Direct Plan (application not routed through distributor) or Regular Plan (application routed through distributor)" for valid applications received under the scheme.

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct Plan	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct Plan	Direct Plan
5	Direct Plan	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct Plan	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular Plan	Regular Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

#### **Default Option:**

Investor should appropriately tick the 'option' (Growth or Income distribution cum capital withdrawal) in the application form while investing in the Scheme. If no option is mentioned / indicated in the application form by the investor then the units will, **by default, be allotted under the Direct Plan - Growth Option**.

#### Default Sub - Option:

If no sub-option for Income distribution cum capital withdrawal option is mentioned / indicated in the application form by the investor then the units will, by default, be allotted under the Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option.

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

#### <u>Treatment of Business Received Through Suspended Distributors:</u>

The financial transactions of an investor where his distributor's AMFI Registration Number (ARN) has been suspended temporarily or terminated permanently by Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) shall be processed as follows:

All purchase and switch transactions including SIP/STP registered prior to the date of suspension
and fresh SIP/STP registrations received under the ARN code of a suspended distributor during
the period of suspension, shall be processed under 'Direct Plan' and shall be continued under
Direct Plan perpetually except in case where TAMPL receives any written request/ instructions

		from the unitholder/s to shift back to Regular Plan under the ARN of the distributor post the revocation of suspension of ARN.
		All Purchase and Switch Transactions including SIP/STP transactions received through the stock exchange platform through a distributor whose ARN is suspended shall be rejected.
XI.	Load Structure	Entry Load:
		Not Applicable (Pursuant to provision no. 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, no entry load will be charged by the Scheme to the investor)
		Exit Load:
		1% of the applicable NAV, if redeemed on or before 90 days from the date of allotment
		Exit load (if any) charged to the unit holders by the Mutual Fund on redemption (including switch-out) of units shall be credited to the scheme net of Goods & Services Tax.  Goods & Services Tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds.
XII.	Minimum Application	Minimum subscription amount
	amount / Switch In	Minimum initial investment in the scheme / plan / option: Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.
		Minimum application amount for SIP
		Rs 100 and in multiples of Re 1/- thereafter.
XIII.	Minimum Additional	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount
	Purchase Amount	Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/
		The additional purchase investment can be made in Growth or IDCW option if initial investments exist under the requested option either in Direct or in Regular plan of the scheme.
XIV.	Minimum Redemption / switch out amount	Minimum Redemption Amount
	Switch out amount	Rs.500 or 50 units or folio available balance (Whichever is lower).
		There is no minimum amount requirement, in case of investors opting to switch "all units" from any existing schemes of Tata Mutual Fund to this Scheme.
XV.	New Fund Offer (NFO) Period:	NFO opens on: 11 <sup>th</sup> November 2024
	This is the period during	NFO closes on: 25 <sup>th</sup> November 2024  MICR(CTS) cheques will be accepted till the end of business hours up to 22 <sup>nd</sup> November 2024, RTGS &
	which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	Transfer cheques will be accepted till the end of business hours up to 25 <sup>th</sup> November 2024.
		Investors may note that Switch-Ins from Fund of Fund Schemes will be accepted till 25 <sup>th</sup> November 2024, switch outs from Tata Liquid Fund & Tata Overnight Fund will be accepted till 25 <sup>th</sup> November 2024 & switch-ins from all other schemes till 25 <sup>th</sup> November 2024 (provision no. 8.4.7.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024). Further, lumpsum purchases in existing folios through preregistered OTMs will be accepted till 22 <sup>nd</sup> November 2024 end of business hours.
		Any such extension or reduction will be made by issuing notice cum addendum and by following any other procedure as may be prescribed under SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations 1996, circulars, guideline, and any other directive issued by SEBI from time to time.
		The AMC reserves the right to extend the closing date, subject to the condition that the NFO subscription list shall not be kept open for more than 15 days.
XVI.	New Fund Offer price: This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	The units being offered will have a face value of Rs. 10 /- per unit.

side	gregated portfolio / e pocketing closure	The scheme has enabling provision to create segregated portfolio. This Scheme does not have segregated portfolio.  In case of credit event at issuer level and to deal with liquidity risk, the scheme may create segregated portfolio of debt and money market instruments in compliance with the provision no. 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024  Creation of segregated portfolio shall be subject to guidelines specified by SEBI from time to time and includes the following:  1) Segregated portfolio may be created, in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e., downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:  a) Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or b) Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or c) Similar such downgrades of a loan rating  2) Creation of segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of the AMC.  3) In case of unrated debt and money market instruments by the scheme of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, segregated portfolio may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount. In case of default of unrated debt or money market instruments of an issuer, TAMPL(AMC) will inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual default, AMC may segregate the portfolio of debt and money market instruments.	
		portfolio of debt and money market instruments in compliance with the provision no. 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024  Creation of segregated portfolio shall be subject to guidelines specified by SEBI from time to time and includes the following:  1) Segregated portfolio may be created, in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e., downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:  a) Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or  b) Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or  c) Similar such downgrades of a loan rating  2) Creation of segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of the AMC.  3) In case of unrated debt and money market instruments by the scheme of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, segregated portfolio may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount. In case of default of unrated debt or money market instruments of an issuer, TAMPL(AMC) will inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual	
		<ol> <li>Segregated portfolio may be created, in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e., downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:         <ul> <li>a) Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or</li> <li>b) Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or</li> <li>c) Similar such downgrades of a loan rating</li> </ul> </li> <li>Creation of segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of the AMC.</li> <li>In case of unrated debt and money market instruments by the scheme of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, segregated portfolio may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount. In case of default of unrated debt or money market instruments of an issuer, TAMPL(AMC) will inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual</li> </ol>	
		rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:  a) Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or b) Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or c) Similar such downgrades of a loan rating  2) Creation of segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of the AMC.  3) In case of unrated debt and money market instruments by the scheme of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, segregated portfolio may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount. In case of default of unrated debt or money market instruments of an issuer, TAMPL(AMC) will inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual	
		3) In case of unrated debt and money market instruments by the scheme of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, segregated portfolio may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount. In case of default of unrated debt or money market instruments of an issuer, TAMPL(AMC) will inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual	
		have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, segregated portfolio may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount. In case of default of unrated debt or money market instruments of an issuer, TAMPL(AMC) will inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual	
		4) In case, debt schemes which have investment in debt investments having special features is to be written off or converted to equity pursuant to any approval, the date of said proposal may be treated as trigger date. However, in case the instruments are written off or converted to equity without proposal, the date of write off or conversion of debt instrument to equity may be treated as trigger date.	
		Process for Creation of Segregated Portfolio	
		<ol> <li>On the date of credit event, TAMPL(AMC) shall decide on creation of segregated portfolio. Once AMC decides to segregate portfolio, it should:         <ul> <li>seek approval of trustees prior to creation of the segregated portfolio.</li> <li>immediately issue a press release disclosing its intention to segregate such debt and money market instrument and its impact on the investors. The mutual fund should also disclose that the segregation shall be subject to trustee approval. Additionally, the said press release shall be prominently disclosed on the website of the AMC.</li> </ul> </li> <li>c) ensure that till the time the trustee approval is received, which in no case shall exceed 1 business day from the day of credit event, the subscription and redemption in the scheme shall be suspended for processing with respect to creation of units and payment on redemptions.</li> </ol>	
		TER for the Segregated Portfolio	
		AMC shall not charge investment and advisory fees on the segregated portfolio. However, TER (excluding the investment and advisory fees) can be charged, on a pro-rata basis only upon recovery of the investments in segregated portfolio.	
		For details, kindly refer SAI.	
XVIII. Swi	ing pricing disclosure	Not Applicable, as the scheme is not an open-ended debt mutual fund scheme.	
XIX. Sto sell	ock lending / Short ling	The Scheme may participate in stock lending and engage in short selling of securities. For Details, kindly refer to SAI.	
	w to Apply & other tails	Investors may apply through cheques / demand drafts / electronic mode, etc. as a mode of payment. Investors may also apply through the Additional mode of payment through Applications Supported Blocked Amount (ASBA) facility.	
		The applications for redemption and switch out can be submitted at the Official Point of Acceptance. Please refer to the back cover page for details.  Details in Section II of this SID.	
XXI. Inve	estor services	Contact details for general service requests:	
		Telephone: (022) 6282 7777, Email: <a href="mailto:service@tataamc.com">service@tataamc.com</a> , WhatsApp: 70457 48282, SMS: TMF to 57575	

		Contact details for complaint resolution:
		The AMC has designated an Investor Relations Officer, <b>Ms. Kashmira Kalwachwala</b> , who looks into investor grievances regarding deficiencies, if any, in the services provided by the Registrars or the Investor Service Centres.
		Investor can reach out to the above-mentioned Investor Relation Officer at: Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd. (Investment Manager for Tata Mutual Fund) 1903 B Wing Parinee Crescenzo G Block BKC Bandra East, Mumbai – 400 051. Call: (022) 6282 7777 (Monday to Saturday 9:00 am to 5:30 pm), Fax: 22613782, Email: service@tataamc.com, Website: <a href="www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a> .
		Email: service@tataamc.com.
		The AMC will have the discretion to change the Investor Relations' Officer depending on operational necessities and in the overall interest of the fund.
XXII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/ close ended schemes) (as applicable)	The fund, being open ended in nature, has perpetual duration.
XXIII.	Special Products / facilities available ongoing basis	Systematic Investment Plan:- The SIP allows the unitholders to invest a fixed amount of Rupees at regular intervals for purchasing additional units of the fund at NAV based prices. Investment can be done with the minimum / maximum amount and number of cheques specified by AMC from time to time. The cheques will be presented on the dates mentioned on the cheque and subject to realization. Units will be allotted at the applicable NAV along with applicable load (if any). "SIP facility is available subject to terms and conditions. Please refer to the SIP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment."
		SIP with Top-up SIP facility: SIP with Top-up SIP is a facility whereby an investor has an option to increase the amount of the SIP Installment by a fixed amount at pre-defined intervals. This will enhance the flexibility of the investor to invest higher amounts during the tenure of the SIP.
		Terms and conditions of top-up SIP are as follows: The Top-up option must be specified by the investors while enrolling for the SIP facility. The minimum SIP Top-up amount is Rs. 100 and in multiples of Rs. 100. The Top-up details cannot be modified once enrolled. In order to make any changes, the investor must cancel the existing SIP and enroll for a fresh SIP with Top-up option. Under monthly SIP investors can opt for top up amount at half-yearly and yearly intervals. If the investor does not specify the frequency, the default interval for Top-up will be considered as Yearly. In case of Quarterly SIP, investors can opt for only Yearly interval top-up frequency.
		For complete details regarding the SIP with top-up facility please refer to SIP Auto Debt Form with Top up facility enrollment form.
		SIPrise facility:- SIPrise is an optional facility offered by Tata Mutual Fund (TMF) for its eligible schemes (Growth option). This facility is aimed to encourage investors to invest regularly through Systematic Investment Plans (SIP) in TMF schemes for pre-defined tenure. Post SIP period (Investors have an option to select pause period) the accumulated units will be switched from the source scheme to the target scheme. Investors also have an option to select the source scheme as the target scheme. In this case, there would not be any unit transfer through systematic transfer plan (STP). The investor would receive periodic amount through systematic withdrawal plan (SWP) till the units are available.
		Systematic Transfer Plan:- A unitholder may establish a Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and choose to transfer an amount from one TMF Scheme (Source Scheme) to another TMF Scheme (Target Scheme) on a date/ frequency prescribed by the Investment Manager. The amount thus withdrawn by redemption shall be converted into units at the applicable NAV on the scheduled day and such units will be subtracted from the unit balance of that unitholder. The net amount will be considered for allotment in the target scheme and units will be allotted as per the applicable NAV of the target scheme.
		Systematic Withdrawal Plan:- This facility available to the unitholders of the fund enables them to redeem fixed sums or fixed number of units from their unit accounts at periodic intervals. The amount withdrawn under SWP by redemption shall be converted into the Fund units at the Repurchase price and such units will be redeemed/ subtracted from the unit balance of that unitholder. In case the date falls during a non business day/ book closure period the immediate next Business day will be considered for this purpose.
		For further details of above special products / facilities and Terms & Conditions, please refer "Other Scheme Specific Disclosures" of this document, KIM/Application/enrollment form and SAI.

		Flex STP Flexible Systematic Transfer Plan ("Flex STP") by Tata Mutual Fund is a facility wherein a Unitholder(s) of designated open-ended Scheme(s) can opt to transfer variable amounts linked to the value of his investments on the date of transfer at pre-determined intervals from designated open-ended (source scheme) to the growth option of another open-ended scheme (target scheme).	
XXIV.	Weblink	For Total Expense Ratio (TER):	
		Functional Weblink: https://www.tatamutualfund.com/expense-ratio/total-expense-ratio	
		For Scheme Factsheet:	
		Functional Weblink: https://www.tatamutualfund.com/information-documents	

#### Other Highlights

- A Mutual Fund sponsored by Tata Sons Private Limited (TSPL) and Tata Investment Corporation Limited (TICL).
- The Scheme is managed by Tata Asset Management Private Limited (TAMPL).
- Earnings of the Fund is exempt from income tax under Section 10(23D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

#### Interpretation

For all purposes of this Scheme Information Document (SID), except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- a. The terms defined in this SID include the plural as well as the singular.
- b. Pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to include the other.
- c. The term "Scheme" refers to Tata India Innovation Fund including the options / sub-options thereunder.
- d. The term "Custodian" refers to Standard Chartered Bank.

#### REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. The two conditions mentioned above shall be complied with on a calendar quarter basis, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period.

However, in case the Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 investors, on an average basis, in the stipulated period (i.e. during the concerned calendar quarter), the provisions of Regulation 39(2) (c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The Scheme shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

#### **SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Investors are urged to read the terms of the SID carefully before investing in this Scheme, and to retain this SID for future reference.

#### Tax Consequences:

Redemption by the unitholders due to change in the fundamental attribute (if any, in future) of the scheme or due to any other reason may entail tax Consequences for which the Trustees, AMC, Fund or any of their Directors / employees shall not be liable.

#### Disclosure / Disclaimer:

To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors of the Trustee Company, information contained in this SID is in accordance with the SEBI Regulations and facts and does not omit anything likely to have a material impact on the importance of such information.

Neither this SID nor the Units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this SID in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or subject to registration requirements and, accordingly, persons who come into possession of this SID are required to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions. No persons receiving a copy of this SID or any accompanying application form in any such jurisdiction may treat this SID or such application form as constituting an invitation to them to subscribe for Units, nor should they in any event use any such application form, unless in the relevant jurisdiction such an invitation could lawfully be made to them and such application form could lawfully be used without compliance with any registration or other legal requirements. Accordingly, this SID does not constitute an offer or solicitation to anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. It is the responsibility of any person in possession of this SID and any persons wishing to apply for Units pursuant to this SID to inform themselves of, and to observe, all applicable laws and Regulations of such relevant jurisdiction.

Prospective investors should review / study this SID carefully and in its entirety and should not construe the contents hereof or regard the summaries contained herein as advice relating to legal, taxation, or financial / investment matters and are advised to consult their own professional advisor(s) as to the legal or any other requirements or restrictions relating to the subscription, gifting, acquisition, holding, disposal (sale, transfer, switch or redemption or conversion into money) of Units and to the treatment of income (if any), capitalization, capital gains, any distribution, and other tax consequences relevant to their subscription, acquisition, holding, capitalization, disposal (sale, transfer, switch, redemption or conversion into money) of Units within their jurisdiction of nationality, residence, domicile etc. or under the laws of any jurisdiction to which they or any managed funds to be used to purchase/gift Units are subject, and (also) to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other consequences of subscribing / gifting to, purchasing or holding Units before making an application for Units.

No person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations not confirmed in this SID in connection with the New fund offer / Subsequent Offer of Units, and any information or representations not contained herein must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund or the Asset Management Company or the Trustee Company. Statements made in this SID are based on the law and practice currently in force in India and are subject to change therein. Neither the delivery of this SID nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any impression that the information herein continues to remain true and is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the SID the provisions of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996 and guidelines thereunder shall be applicable. The Trustee Company would be required to adopt / follow any regulatory changes by SEBI / RBI etc and /or all circulars / guidelines received from AMFI from time to time if and from the date as applicable. The Trustee Company in such a case would be obliged to modify / alter any provisions / terms of the SID during / after the launch of the scheme by following the prescribed procedures in this regard.

The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form or who have been designated as such by the investor. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.

Pursuant to the provisions of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, if after due diligence, the AMC believes that any transaction is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering, on failure to provide required documentation, information, etc. by the unit holder the AMC shall have absolute discretion to report such suspicious transactions to FIU-IND and / or to freeze the folios of the investor(s), reject any application(s) / allotment of units.

#### Other Business Activities of AMC:

Please refer to SAI for details.

#### DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- i. The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- ii. All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- iii. The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- iv. The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- v. The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- vi. A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- vii. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited

Date: 24<sup>th</sup> October 2024

Place: Mumbai

Padmanabhan Ramanathan

Compliance Officer

# PART II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS? ASSET ALLOCATION AND RISK PROFILE

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation of the Scheme will be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of net assets)		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	High/Medium/Low
Equity and equity related instruments of companies following innovation theme	80	100	Very High
Other Equity & Equity related Instruments and including units of mutual fund	0	20	Very High
Debt and Money market instruments including units of mutual fund	0	20	Low to Medium
Units issued by REITs & InvITS. ^#	0	10	Medium to High

<sup>^ &</sup>quot;REIT" or "Real Estate Investment Trust" shall have the meaning assigned in clause (zm) of sub-regulation 1 of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Real Estate Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014. REITs are companies that own and lease out commercial or residential real estate. The rental incomes from the properties are shared among REIT investors, who are allotted units. These units are tradeable on exchanges.

"InvITS" or "Infrastructure Investment Trust" shall have the meaning assigned in clause (za) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014. InvITS are similar to REITs, except these own infrastructure assets not real estate.

As per clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, the scheme may invest in another scheme under the same asset management company or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.

The scheme may take exposure to Overseas /Foreign Securities within the overall limit of 80-100% of net assets in companies following innovation theme and in companies outside the theme to the extent of 20% of the net assets, subject to regulatory limits for overseas securities. The scheme may invest in ADR /GDR/ Foreign Securities / Overseas ETFs. Investment in ADR/GDR/Foreign Securities would be as per provision no. 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time. The Scheme may invest up to 35% of the net assets of the scheme in ADR/GDR/Foreign Securities/Overseas ETFs in the six months post NFO closure date. Post completion of the six months, the relevant provisions of provision no. 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 shall be applicable.

The Scheme will comply with all the applicable circulars issued by SEBI as regard to derivatives viz. provision no. 5.2, 7.6 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024. The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions (including covered call options), including domestic & overseas ETFs, repo transactions in corporate debt securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs) and such other securities/ assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme in accordance with Paragraph 12.24 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. In terms of paragraph 12.25.3 of SEBI Master Circular of Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 cash or cash equivalents like Government securities, T-Bills and repo on Government Securities with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Derivatives exposure will include Interest Rate Swap & Forward Rate Agreements.

The Fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing in accordance with SEBI circular no MRD/DoP/SE/Cir-14/2007 dated December 20, 2007 and SEBI circular no CIR/MRD/DP/122/2017 dated November 17, 2017.

Pending deployment of the funds in securities in terms of investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to the guidelines issued by provision no. 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time.

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out above. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term purpose only, for defensive considerations and the intention being at all times to protect the interests of Unit Holders. If the exposure falls outside the above-mentioned asset allocation pattern, the portfolio to be rebalanced by AMC within 30 calendar days from the date of said deviation.

#### Indicative Table (Actual instrument / percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars):

Sr. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of Exposure	SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024Reference
1	Securities Lending	Stock lending up to 20% of net assets. Not more than 5% of the net assets of the scheme will be deployed with any single intermediary in accordance with Securities Lending Scheme, 1997, and as per provision no. 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024.  The Fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI.	Provision no. 12.11
2	Equity Derivatives for non-hedging Purposes	The scheme may take exposure to Derivative instruments (excluding the hedge position) to the extent of 50% of net assets.	Provision no. 12.25
3	Securitized Debt	The scheme may take exposure to Securitized debt up to 50% of debt portfolio. The Scheme shall not invest in foreign securitized debt.	Provision no. 12.15
4	Overseas Securities	The Scheme may invest up to 35% of the net assets of the scheme in ADR/GDR/Foreign Securities/Overseas ETFs in the six months post NFO closure date.  Post completion of the six months, the investment in ADR/GDR/Foreign Securities would be as per provision no. 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time.  An investment headroom of 20% of the average AUM in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs of the previous three calendar months would be available to the Mutual Fund for that month to invest in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs subject to maximum limits specified by provision no. 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 as may be amended from time to time.	Provision no. 12.19
5	# ReITS and InVITS	No mutual fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of units issued by a single issuer of REIT and InvIT  A mutual fund scheme shall not invest -  a) more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT; and  b) more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT issued by a single issuer.	Provision no. 12.21 & clause no. 13 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (MF) Regulation, 1996.
6	AT1 and AT2 Bonds Any other instrument	Will not invest.	Provision no. 12.2
7	a) Credit Default Swaps (CDS) b) Repo / reverse repo in corporate debt securities c) Covered call options d) Unrated debt investments e) Exchange Traded Commodities Derivatives (ETCDs)	<ul> <li>a) Will not invest.</li> <li>b) The Scheme may participate in repo in corporate debt securities. The gross exposure in repo in corporate debt securities will be restricted 10% of the net asset of the scheme.</li> <li>c) Total notional value of call options will be within 15% of the total market value of equity shares held in that scheme</li> <li>d) Investments shall be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund)</li> </ul>	a) Provision no. 12.28 b) Provision no. 12.18 c) Provision no. 12.25.8 d) Refer para 12.1.5 of SEBI Master circular dated July 27, 2024 e) Provision no. 12.25 f) Provision no. 12.16 g) Clause 4 of the Seventh Schedule of the Mutual Funds Regulations h) Provision no. 12.3 i) Provision no. 12.25.9.3

Sr. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of Exposure	SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024Reference
	f) Short term deposits g) Mutual Fund units h) Credit Enhancement /structured obligations i) Interest Rate Futures	Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.  Exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.  e) Will not invest.  f) 0-20% of net assets  g) Upto 5% of net assets  h) Will not invest  i) up to maximum of 20% of the net assets of the scheme	

#### Change in Investment Pattern / Portfolio Rebalancing

The Investment Patterns as outlined above are indicative. Investment strategy and pattern may be deviated from time to time, provided such modification is in accordance with the Scheme(s) objective and Regulations as amended from time to time, the intent being to protect the Net Asset Value of the scheme and unitholders' interests. In case of deviation due to passive breaches, the AMC will achieve a normal asset allocation pattern in a maximum period of 30 business days. In case deviation in investment pattern in not rebalanced within the period indicated above then justification in writing for such delay including details of efforts undertaken to rebalance of portfolio shall be placed before the investment committee. The Investment Committee if so desires, can extend the timelines upto sixty (60) business days from the date of mandated completion of rebalancing period.

In case the portfolio of schemes is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines, AMCs shall:

- not be permitted to launch any new scheme till the time the portfolio is rebalanced.
- ii. not to levy exit load, if any, on the investors exiting the scheme.

#### Deployment of NFO Proceeds in Triparty Repo or any other instrument as may be permitted by SEBI:

In accordance with provision no. 1.10.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, the scheme may deploy NFO proceeds, before closure of NFO period, in 'The Clearing Corporation of India Ltd.'s (CCIL) TREPS'. AMCs will not charge any investment management and advisory fees on funds deployed in Triparty repo on Government Securities. The appreciation received from such investments shall be passed on to investors. Further, in case the minimum subscription amount is not garnered by the scheme's during the NFO period, the interest earned upon investment of NFO proceeds in such instruments shall be returned to investors, in proportion of their investments, along-with the refund of the subscription amount.

#### **B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST**

In line with the investment allocation pattern of the scheme, the scheme will predominantly invest in:

- i) Equity and equity related instruments of those companies following innovation theme.
- ii) Other Equity & Equity related Instruments
- iii) Debt and money market instruments including unrated debt investments, tri-party repos, securitized debt, Repo in corporate debt and corporate reverse repo
- iv) Units of Mutual Fund Schemes
- v) ADR/GDR/Foreign securities/Overseas ETFs as permitted by Reserve Bank of India and Securities and Exchange Board of India.
- vi) Fixed Income Derivatives Interest rate Swap and Forward Rate agreements
- vii) Units of REITs & InvITS.
- viii) Writing of call options under covered call options
- ix) Any other securities / instruments as permitted by SEBI /RBI from time to time subject to regulatory approvals.

#### C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The Fund would endeavour to generate capital appreciation by investing in entities that are engaged in and / or expected to benefit from the innovation theme.

The Fund Manager would aim to build a portfolio by identifying entities within the list of basic industries under Innovation theme that have potential for meaningful growth, and which have a certain sustainable competitive advantage.

The strategy of the scheme is to actively manage investments with the primary goal of maximizing long-term capital growth. It will focus on investing a significant portion (at least 80% of net assets) in the equity and equity-related instruments of companies that are at the forefront of innovation, either through pioneering products or processes, or through inventive business models. The fund manager will employ an active management approach, utilizing a bottom-up stock selection process to enhance returns. The scheme will maintain a diversified portfolio across various market capitalizations

The investment strategy of this fund is centered on allocating capital to leading companies poised to significantly influence the competitive landscape through their innovative capabilities, which include:

- The creation of new products or services.
- · The development of groundbreaking processes.
- The introduction of new consumer values or behaviors.
- The transformation of customer outreach by bypassing intermediaries or harnessing technology.
- The delivery of technological advancements that lead to enhanced or new consumer offerings.

The Scheme may invest in equity derivatives instruments to the extent permitted under and in accordance with the applicable Regulations, including for the purposes of hedging, portfolio balancing and optimizing returns. Hedging does not mean maximization of returns but only attempts to reduce systemic or market risk that may be inherent in the investment.

#### **Trading in Derivatives**

Subject to SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, the Scheme may use techniques and instruments such as trading in derivative instruments to hedge the risk of fluctuations in the value of the investment portfolio. In accordance with the guidelines issued by the SEBI, exposure to derivative instruments will be restricted to the limit as specified along with the asset allocation pattern of the scheme.

A derivative is an instrument whose value is derived from the value of one or more of the underlying assets which can be commodities, precious metals, bonds, currency, etc. Common examples of Derivative instruments are Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements, Futures, Options, etc.

The scheme may use techniques and instruments such as trading in derivative instruments to hedge the risk of fluctuations in the value of the investment portfolio. A derivative is an instrument whose value is derived from the value of one or more of the underlying assets which can be commodities, precious metals, bonds, currency, etc. Common examples of Derivative instruments are Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements, Futures, Options, etc. The Scheme may purchase call and put options in securities in which it invests and on securities indices based on securities in which the scheme invests. Through the purchase and sale of futures contracts and purchase of related options on those contracts the Fund would seek to hedge against a decline in securities owned by the Fund or an increase in the prices of securities which the Fund plans to purchase. The Fund would sell futures contracts on securities indices in anticipation of a fall in stock prices, to offset a decline in the value of its equity portfolio. When this type of hedging is successful, the futures contract increase in value while the Fund's investment portfolio declines in value and thereby keep the Fund's net asset value from declining as much as it otherwise would. Similarly, when the Fund is not fully invested, and an increase in the price of equities is expected, the Fund would purchase futures contracts to gain rapid market exposure that may partially or entirely offset increase in the cost of the equity securities it intends to purchase.

#### **Derivative Instruments & Related Examples:**

#### Futures:

A futures contract is an agreement between the buyer and the seller for the purchase and sale of a particular asset at a specific price on a specific future date. The price at which the underlying asset would change hands in the future is agreed upon at the time of entering into the contract. The actual purchase or sale of the underlying asset involving payment of cash and delivery of the instrument does not take place until the contracted date of delivery. A futures contract involves an obligation on both the parties to fulfill the terms of the contract. Currently, futures contracts have a maximum expiration cycle of 3-months. A futures contract on the stock market index gives its owner the right and obligation to buy or sell the portfolio of stocks characterized by the index. Stock index futures are cash settled; there is no delivery of the underlying stocks.

#### Example:

Index Future		
Assume, 1-month Nifty Future price on day 1:	14110	
Scheme Buys	100 Future Contracts	
(1 lot =Nominal Value equivalent to 75 units of the underlying index)		
Scenario 1		
On the date of Settlement, the future price (closing spot price of the index)	14200	

Profit for the scheme (14200-14110) *100*75	675000
Scenario 2	
On the date of Settlement, the future price (closing spot price of the index)	14050
Loss for the scheme (14050-14110) *100*75	-450000

Risks associated with Future Contracts: Investments in index futures face the same risk as the investments in a portfolio of shares representing an index. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying stocks. The risk of loss in trading futures contracts can be substantial, because of the low margin deposits required, the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing and the potential high volatility of the futures markets. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures.

#### Options:

An option gives a person the right but not an obligation to buy or sell something. An option is a contract between two parties wherein the buyer receives a privilege for which he pays a fee (premium) and the seller accepts an obligation for which he receives a fee. The premium is the price negotiated and set when the option is bought or sold. A person who buys an option is said to be long in the option. A person who sells (or writes) an option is said to be short in the option.

#### Example:

Call Option	
Say, Scheme buys 1 lot of Nifty Index	75 Units
Spot price	16000
Strike price	16100
Premium	100
Total amount paid as premium (Rs.) (100X75)	Rs.7500
Scenario 1: The Nifty Index goes up (i.e. Nifty Spot)	16250
Scheme has reversed the position before expiry of the contract	
Current Premium at the time of reversal	200
Net Gain Rs. (200-100)	100
Total gain on 1 lot of Nifty (75 units) Rs.(75x100)	Rs.7500
Scheme has reversed the position ( i.e. Nifty Option) at expiry	
Nifty Spot-on expiry	16275
Premium Paid(Rs.)	100
Exercise price	16100
Receivables on Exercise (16275-16100)	175
Total gain (Rs.) (175 -100) *75	Rs.5625
Scenario 2: The Nifty index moves to the level below 16100	
Scheme does not gain anything but the loss to the scheme (limited to the actual premium	D. 7500
paid)	Rs. 7500

Put Option	
Say, Scheme buys 1 lot of Nifty Index	75 Units
Spot Price	16000
Strike Price	15450
Premium	50
Total Amount Paid by the Scheme (75*50)	3750
Scenario 1: Nifty Index goes down	
Scheme has reversed the position before expiry of the contract	
Nifty Spot	15300
Current Premium at the time of reversal	80
Premium Paid (Rs.)	50
Net Gain (Rs.80-50)	30

Total Gain on 1 lot of Nifty (Rs.) (75x30)	Rs.2250
Scheme has reversed the position at expiry	
Nifty Spot	15375
Premium Paid (Rs.)	50
Exercise Price	15450
Gain on Exercise	75
Total Gain Rs.(75-50)*75)	Rs.1875
Scenario 2: If Nifty Index Stays over the Strike price of 15450	
Say Nifty Spot	15500
Net Loss to the Scheme will be premium paid	Rs.3750

Risks associated with Option Contracts: The option contracts give a person the right but not an obligation to buy or sell. The risk is potential mispricing and exposure to options can limit the profits from a genuine investment transaction.

#### Various Derivatives Strategies:

#### Writing of call options under covered call strategy

The scheme may write call options under covered call strategy subject to conditions specified by SEBI which includes the following:

- 1) Call option writing under a covered call strategy is allowed for constituent stocks of NIFTY 50 and BSE SENSEX.
- 2) The total notional value (considering strike price as well as premium value) of call options written by a scheme shall not exceed 15% of the total market value of equity shares held in the scheme.
- 3) The total number of shares underlying the call options written shall not exceed 30% of the unencumbered shares of a particular company held in the scheme. The unencumbered shares in a scheme shall mean shares that are not part of Securities Lending and Borrowing Mechanism (SLBM), margin or any other kind of encumbrance.
- 4) In no case, the scheme shall write a call option without holding the underlying equity shares. A call option can be written only on shares which are not hedged using other derivative contracts.
- 5) The total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- 6) The call option written shall be marked to market daily and the respective gains or losses factored into the daily NAV of the scheme until the position is closed or expired

#### Benefit of Writing of Call Option Under a Covered Call Strategy

- a. Holders with Long term view on the stock can write options and reduce the portfolio costs.
- b. Writing can also act as a good alternative for playing relative outperformance for stocks held in portfolios within same sector.
- c. Stocks held in the portfolio can be effectively hedged in extreme volatility in the market.

#### Illustration

For example, if the scheme buy a stock A at Rs.900, receive a Rs.100 option premium from writing a Rs.1050 strike price call of stock A, then it can maintain the stock position as long as the stock price stays below Rs.1150 at expiry. If the stock price moves above Rs.1150, the scheme may have to give delivery of long position to meet obligation of call writing. The scheme can only profit if stock price remains below Rs.1150 on expiry.

#### Index / Stock spot - Index / Stock Futures

The pricing of the futures is derived from underlying Index spot or the underlying stock. It is the cost of carry that binds the value of the futures to the underlying portfolio. When the two go out of sync, there are opportunities.

The cost of carry links the futures price to the price of the underlying asset. The price of the futures at any given instance should typically be more than the level of the spot price at that point. Theoretically, the fair value of the futures is equal to the spot price of the underlying plus the cost of carry i.e. the interest rate prevailing for an equivalent credit risk. Cash and carry trades at times provide higher than the prevailing interest rates. There is an opportunity to exploit by selling the overpriced futures and buying the underlying portfolio. It may also happen that the Index / Stock Future may be at a discount. In such cases, the Scheme may buy the future and sell the stock after borrowing the same. The Scheme shall enter a combination of these transactions simultaneously.

If the Scheme must unwind the positions prior to the expiry on account of redemptions or any other reason, the returns will depend on the spread between the spot and futures price at which the position is unwound. If the price differential between the spot and futures position of the subsequent month maturity is attractive near the expiry date, then the scheme may rollover the futures position and continue with the position in the spot market. The Scheme shall endeavour to deploy its assets through transactions in the above pattern, which may involve Index Futures with Stock Futures or Futures of the same stock with different expiry months.

#### **Cash Futures Arbitrage Strategy**

The fund would look for market opportunities between the spot and the futures market. The cash futures arbitrage strategy can be employed when the price of the futures exceeds the price of the underlying stock. The fund would first buy the stocks in cash market and then sell in the futures market to lock the spread.

Buying the stock in cash market and selling the futures results in a hedge where the fund portfolio has locked in a spread and is not affected by the price movements in the spot and futures markets. The arbitrage position can be continued till expiry of the futures contracts. The futures contracts are settled based on the last half an hour's weighted average trade of the cash market. There is a convergence between the cash market and the futures market on expiry and this convergence results in the portfolio being able to generate the arbitrage return locked in earlier. However, the position may even be closed earlier in the event of the price differential being realized before expiry or better opportunities being available in other stocks / indexes. The strategy is attractive if this price differential (post all costs) is higher than the investor's cost-of capital.

#### Illustration of a Cash Futures Arbitrage Strategy: -

Buy 100 shares of Company X at Rs 1000 and sell the same quantity of stock's futures of the Company X at Rs 1100.

#### Market goes up and the price on the expiry day is Rs 2000.

At the end of the month (expiry day) the futures expires automatically:

Settlement price of futures = closing spot price = Rs 2000

Gain on stock is 100\*(2000-1000) = Rs 100,000

Loss on futures is 100\*(1100-2000) = Rs - 90,000

Net gain is 100,000 - 90,000 = Rs 10,000

#### Market goes down and the price on the expiry day is Rs 500.

At the end of the month (expiry day) the futures expires automatically:

Settlement price of futures = closing spot price = Rs 500

Loss on stock is 100\*(500-1000) = Rs - 50,000

Gain on futures is 100\*(1100-500) = Rs 60,000

Net gain is 60,000 - 50,000 = Rs 10,000

#### Unwinding the position:

#### Buy 100 shares of Company X at Rs 1000 and sell the same quantity of stock's futures of the Company X at Rs 1100.

The market goes up and at some point, of time during the month (before expiry) the stock trades at Rs 1200 and the futures trades at Rs 1190 then.

Fund Manager will unwind the position:

Buy back the futures at Rs 1190: loss incurred is (1100-1190)\*100 = Rs - 9,000

Sell the stock at Rs 1200: gain realized: (1200-1000)\*100 = Rs 20,000

Net gain is 20,000 - 9,000 = Rs 11,000

#### Rolling over the futures:

The Scheme may continue to stay invested in the stock in the Cash market. Close to expiry, if the stock's price is at Rs 1500 then the stock's futures is close to Rs 1500 as well. Also if the price of the current month stock futures is below the current price of the next month stock futures, the scheme may roll over the futures position to the next expiry:

The price of the stock futures next month contract is at Rs 1510

The price of the stock futures current month contract is at Rs 1500

Then sell the futures next month contract at Rs 1510 and buy back current month futures contract at Rs 1500 = gain of 100\*(1510-1500) = Rs 9,000 and the arbitrage position is rolled over.

#### 4. Use of derivative for other Arbitrage Opportunities

#### a. Dividend Arbitrage

At the time of declaration of dividend, the stock futures / options market can provide a profitable opportunity. Generally, the stock prices decline by the dividend amount when the stock becomes ex-dividend.

#### b. Buy-Back / Open Offer Arbitrage

When the Company announces the buy-back or open offer of its own shares, there could be opportunities due to price differential in buyback price and traded price.

#### c. Weighted average price of futures on expiry.

The fund manager will aim at liquidating the cash market position in the last half an hour on expiry day at a rate that will be closed to weighted price in the spot market. However, the extreme volatility in last half an hour may affect the price and accordingly affect the return. Accordingly, fund will aim at taking exposure to those stocks where the bid and ask spread is minimum.

#### d. Reverse cash and carry arbitrage.

If permitted by SEBI, the scheme may enter reverse cash and carry arbitrage. This will involve borrowing stock for a defined period from a recognized counterparty and selling it in the market while simultaneously taking a long position in the stock futures. The above trade will be remunerative in scenarios where the stock/ index futures are trading at a discount to the underlying cash market. Once the discount narrows or converts to a premium, the position is unwound by buying back the stock/index and squaring off the futures transaction. The purchased stock/ index is returned to the lender as per the agreed terms.

The scheme may use fixed income derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or such other derivative instruments as may be introduced from time to time and as may be permitted under the SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations

The scheme may use debt derivative instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or such other derivative instruments as may be introduced from time to time and as may be permitted under the SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations.

Interest Rate Swaps: An Interest Rate Swap is an agreement whereby two parties agree to exchange periodic interest payments. The amount of interest payments exchanged is based on some predetermined principal, called notional principal amount. The amount each counterparty pays to the other upon periodic interest rate multiplied by the notional principal amount. The only amount that is exchanged between the parties is the interest payment, not the notional principal amount.

Mutual Funds may enter plain vanilla Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme.

In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if mutual funds are transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.

#### **Example: Use of IRS**

The fund is reasonably invested, and the view of the fund manager is ,interest rates are expected to move up due to certain negative events which have occurred. In such cases the fund can enter into a paid position (IRS) where the fund will pay a fixed rate for a specified maturity and receive the floating rate of interest. This is illustrated below:

#### Example A: Use of IRS

Assuming the Scheme is having 10% of the portfolio in cash. The fund manager has a view that the interest rate scenario is bearish and call rates are likely to spurt over the next three months. The fund manager would therefore prefer to pay fixed rate of return on his cash, which he is lending in the overnight call market. In other words, he would like to move to a 91 days floating interest rate from overnight fixed rate.

- 1. Say Notional Amount: Rs. 2 crores
- 2. Benchmark: NSE MIBOR
- 3. Tenor: 91 Days4. Fixed Rate: 9.90%
- 5. At the end of 91 days.
- 6. The Scheme pays: fixed rates for 91 days are 9.90%
- 7. TMF receives: compounded call rate at 10.25% for 91 days.

In practice, however the difference of the two amounts is settled. Here the Scheme receives Rs.  $2,00,00,000 \times 0.35\% \times 91/365 = 17,452$ . The players in IRS are scheduled commercial banks, primary dealers, corporate, mutual funds, and All India Financial Institutions.

In view of the fund manager interest rates are expected to move down due to certain positive events which have occurred. In such cases the scheme can enter a received position (IRS) where the scheme will receive a fixed rate for a specified maturity and pay the floating rate of interest. This is illustrated below:

#### Example B: Use of IRS

Assuming the Scheme is having 10% of the portfolio in cash. The fund manager has a view that the interest rate scenario is soft and call rates are unlikely to spurt over the next three months. The fund manager would therefore prefer to receive a higher rate of return on his cash, which he is lending in the overnight call market. In other words, he would like to move to a 91 day fixed interest rate from overnight floating rate.

1. Say Notional Amount: Rs. 2 crores

2. Benchmark: NSE MIBOR

3. Tenor: 91 Days

4. Fixed Rate: 10.25%

5. At the end of 91 days.

6. The Scheme pays: compounded call rates for 91 days are 9.90%

7. TMF receives: Fixed rate at 10.25% for 91 days.

In practice, however the difference of the two amounts is settled. Here the Scheme receives Rs. 2,00,00,000 x 0.35% x91 / 365 = 17,452. The players in IRS are scheduled commercial banks, primary dealers, corporate, mutual funds, and All India Financial Institutions.

#### Forward Rate Agreements (FRA):

This is an agreement between two counterparties to pay or to receive the difference between an agreed fixed rate (the FRA rate) and the interest rate prevailing on a stipulated future date based on the notional amount, for an agreed period. In short, in a FRA, interest rate is fixed now for a future period.

This is illustrated below:

Assume that on November 1, 2023, the 30-day commercial paper (CP) rate is 7.75% and the Scheme has an investment in a CP of face value Rs. 50 crores, which is going to mature on November 30, 2023. If the interest rates are likely to remain stable or decline after November 30, 2023, and if the fund manager, who wants to re-deploy the maturity proceeds for 1 more month, does not want to take the risk of interest rates going down, he can then enter into a following forward rate agreement (FRA) say as on November 30, 2023:

He can receive 1 X 2 FRA on November 30, 2023 at 7.75% (FRA rate for 1 month lending in 2 months' time) on the notional amount of Rs.50 crores, with a reference rate of 30-day CP benchmark. If the CP benchmark on the settlement date i.e. November 30, 2023 falls to 7.50%, then the Scheme receives the difference 7.75 – 7.50 i.e. 25 basis points on the notional amount Rs. 50 crores for 1 month. The maturity proceeds are then reinvested at say 7.50% (close to the benchmark). The scheme, however, would have locked in the rate prevailing on November 30, 2023 (7.75%) as it would have received 25 basis points more as settlement amount from FRA. Thus, the fund manager can use FRA to mitigate the reinvestment risk.

In this example, if the rates move up by 25 basis points to 8% on the settlement date (November 30, 2023), the Scheme loses 25 basis points but since the reinvestment will then happen at 8%, effective returns for the Scheme is unchanged at 7.75%, which is the prevailing rate on November 30, 2023.

#### Interest Rate Future (IRF)

An interest rate future is a contract (future contract) with an interest-bearing instrument as the underlying asset. Interest rate futures are used when there is an expectation of interest rate movement in adverse direction.

For example, if fund manager expects rise in interest rate. He may sell interest rate future today. If interest rates rise in the future, the value of the future will fall (as it is linked to the underlying asset, bond prices), and hence a profit can be made when closing out of the future (i.e. buying the future). However, in case interest rate falls, loss may be incurred on IRF position.

#### Illustration of Use of IRF (For Hedging)

#### A - Perfect Hedge

- 1) Assume a portfolio has 100 crores of Government security 7.59% GOI 2026 with face value Rs. 100/. The bond is currently trading in market at 105.00.
- 2) The futures on 7.59% GOI 2026, expiring on 27th October 2016 is trading on exchange at 105.10.
- 3) Instead of exiting the cash position, the fund manager can decide to hedge the position by selling the same quantity in futures. Since one contract of IRF has a notional of 2 lacs, in this example the fund manager sells 100 crores /2 lakhs = 5000 contracts, to hedge long position.
- 4) At maturity, the settlement price of the futures will be almost same as closing price of the underlying security.

#### At maturity of the Interest Rate Futures

Case 1: At expiry Bonds close higher than the price at which fund manager hedged the position, but below the futures price at which he hedged

Closing price of Bonds on day of maturity of futures = 105.05

Settlement price of futures = 105.05

MTM gain on the underlying bond = (105.05-105.00) \* 100 crores / 100 (i.e. face value of bond) = Rs. 5,00,000

The profit on the futures leg is = 5000\*2lacs \*(105.10-105.05)/100 (i.e. face value of bond) = Rs 5,00,000

Overall profit to the fund = Rs 10,00,000

Case 2: At maturity bonds close higher than the level at which futures were sold

In case, the closing price of bonds on the day of maturity of futures = 105.20,

Settlement price of futures = 105.20

The MTM gain on underlying bond = (105.20-105.00) \* 100 crs / 100 (i.e. face value of bond) = Rs. 20,00,000 Loss on futures leg is = 5000\*2 lacs \* (105.10-105.20) / 100 (i.e. face value of bond) = - Rs 10,00,000

Total Profit to the fund = Rs 10,00,000

As can be seen above, by selling the future contract instead of the underlying, the fund manager has locked in the Rs. 10, 00,000 profit and at the same time cash holding position will be hedged against the adverse market movements.

#### B. - Imperfect Hedge

Assume the portfolio of market value worth INR 1000 crore has a modified duration of 5. This is being hedged with an IRF that has a modified duration of 10. Considering that fund manager choose to hedge 20% of the portfolio the maximum extent of short position that may be taken in IRF is as below:

(Portfolio Modified Duration\*Market Value of the Portfolio)

(Futures Modified Duration\*Futures Price/PAR)

(5\*(0.2\*1000)) = ------(10\*(101/100)

=Rs.99.01 Crores.

Hence the scheme can sell IRFs worth Rs.99.01 Crores and with duration of 10 to hedge Rs.200 Crores of portfolio with a duration of 5.

#### **Position Limits for IRF Contracts:**

Scheme Level: The gross open positions across all contracts shall not exceed 3 % of the total open interest or INR 200 crores- whichever is higher. Mutual Fund: The gross open positions across all contracts shall not exceed 10 % of the total open interest or INR 600 crores- whichever is higher.

Subject to SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, The Scheme may invest in Derivative Instruments to the extent permitted under provision no. 7.5 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024.

For other option contracts, the total exposure related to option premium paid will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.

Exposure due to hedging positions shall not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:

- 1. Hedging positions are the derivatives positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till existing position remains
- 2. Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall have to be added and treated under the limits mentioned above.
- 3. Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
- 4. The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.

In order to reduce interest rate risk, the Fund may hedge the portfolio or part of the portfolio (including one or more securities) on weighted average modified duration basis by using Interest Rate Futures (IRFs). The maximum extent of short position that may be taken in IRFs to hedge interest rate risk of the portfolio or part of the portfolio, is as per the formula given below:

(Portfolio Modified Duration\*Market Value of the Portfolio)

(Futures Modified Duration\*Futures Price/PAR)

In case IRF contract has different underlying security(s) than the existing position being hedged, it would result in imperfect hedging. Imperfect edging using IRFs is exempted from the gross exposure, up to maximum of 20% of the net assets of the scheme, subject to following conditions:

- 1. Exposure to IRFs is created only for hedging the interest rate risk based on the weighted average modified duration of the bond portfolio or part of the portfolio.
- 2. Imperfect hedging is permitted without it being considered under the gross exposure limits, if and only if, the correlation between the portfolio or part of the portfolio (excluding the hedged portions, if any) and the IRF is at least 0.9 at the time of initiation of hedge. In case of any subsequent deviation from the correlation criteria, the same may be rebalanced within 5 working days and if not rebalanced within the timeline, the derivative positions created for hedging shall be considered under the gross exposure. The correlation should be calculated for a period of last 90 days.
- 3. The portion of imperfect hedging in excess of 20% of the net assets of the scheme should be considered as creating exposure and shall be included in the computation of cumulative gross exposure.

At no point of time, the net modified duration of part of the portfolio being hedged should be negative.

#### In Addition to the above, SEBI has also prescribed following derivative limits:

As per provision no. 7.5 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 Mutual Funds are allowed to trade in derivatives Mutual Funds can trade in index futures, index options, stock options and stock futures contracts. Earlier Mutual Funds were only allowed to use derivatives for hedging and portfolio balancing.

Presently, the position limits for trading in derivatives by Mutual Fund specified by SEBI are as follows:

#### Position Limits for Mutual Fund and its scheme

Position limit for Index Options and Index Futures contracts			
Index Options Contract*	On a particular underlying index Rs.500 Crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in equity Index options contracts, whichever is higher.		
Index Futures Contract**	On a particular underlying index Rs.500 Crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in equity Index futures contracts, whichever is higher.		

<sup>\*</sup> This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

Additional position limit for hedging			
In addition to the position limits as	Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional		
mentioned above, Mutual Funds may value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.			
take exposure in equity index Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional			
derivatives subject to the following	value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.		
limits:			
Position limit for Stock Options and Stock Futures contracts			
The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).			

#### Position limit for each scheme of a Mutual Fund

The scheme-wise position limit requirements shall be:

- 1. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a mutual fund shall not exceed the higher of:
  - 1% of the free float market capitalization (in terms of number of shares). Or
  - 5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts)

This limit would be applicable on aggregate open positions in all futures and all option contracts on a particular underlying stock.

- 2. This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.
- 3. For index based contracts, Mutual Funds shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

For detailed derivative strategies, kindly refer SAI.

#### **Portfolio Turnover Policy:**

"Portfolio Turnover" is the term used by any Mutual Fund for measuring the amount of trading that occurs in a Fund's portfolio during the given period of time. As the scheme is an open ended equity scheme, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and repurchase on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. However, a high turnover would not significantly affect the brokerage and transaction costs. The Fund will endeavor to balance the increased cost on account of higher portfolio turnover with the benefits derived thereof. A high portfolio turnover rate is not necessarily a drag on portfolio performance and may be representative of arbitrate opportunities that exist for scrips/securities held in the portfolio rather than an indication of a change in Fund view on a scrip, etc.

#### D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

#### Scheme Benchmark - Nifty 500 TRI

Nifty 500 represents the top 500 companies based on full market capitalisation from the eligible universe.

The Scheme under the theme/investment strategy will invest in equity and equity related instruments of companies engaged in and/or expected to benefit from adoption of innovative strategies & theme.

The scheme is benchmarked to Nifty 500 TRI as the index constituents reflects the underlying fund's universe in the best possible manner. The composition of the aforesaid benchmark is such that it is most suited for comparing performance of the Scheme.

The Trustee/AMC may change the benchmark in future, if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the Scheme is available, subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, Circulars and any other prevailing guidelines, as applicable from time to time.

#### E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Name	Age	Qualification	Total Experience (in years)	Other Schemes Under His Management	Experience (Assignments held during last 10 years)
Meeta Shetty Fund Manager (Managing Since:Not Applicable, as the scheme is new)	44	Bachelor in Economics, CFA Charter holder	18	Tata India Pharma and Healthcare Fund, Tata Nifty India Digital ETF Fund of Fund, Tata Focused Equity Fund  Assistant Fund Manager in Tata Large & Mid Cap Fund	From Mar 2017 till date with Tata Asset Management Private Ltd reporting to Chief Investment Officer-Equities.  Earlier she was Research Analyst, tracking Pharma, Technology and Telecom sector. Reporting to the Chief Investment Officer - Equities.  From Dec 2014 to Feb 2017 with Kotak Securities, tracking Pharma sector. Reporting to the Head of Research.  From Jun 2013 to Nov 2014 with HDFC Securities, as Research Analyst, tracking Pharma sector. Reporting to Head of Research.  From Sep 2011 to Jun 2013 with AMSEC (Asian Market Securities) as Research Analyst, tracking Pharma sector. Reporting to Head of Research.  From May 2010 to Sep 2011 with Dalal&Broacha Stock Broking as Research Analyst, tracking Pharma sector. Reporting to Head of Research.  From Dec 2002 to Feb 2005 with Karvy Stock Broking as Equity Advisor - Manager - PCG. Reporting to Head PCG.
Kapil Malhotra (Managing Overseas Portfolio) (Managing Since: Not Applicable, as the	36	MBA (PGPEM) from Indian Institute of Management, Bangalore,  B.Sc (Hons) in Business and	14	Tata Business Cycle Fund  Tata Digital India Fund Tata Dividend Yield Fund Tata Focused Equity Fund  Tata Large Cap Fund	Tata Asset Management Private Limited From 19-Dec-2023 onwards Fund Manager for Overseas Investments, reporting to CIO - Equities  From 04-Jan-2023 till 18-Dec-2023 Research Analyst, reporting to CIO - Equities Trust Financial Consultancy Services Pvt. Ltd.
scheme is new)		Administration, Brunel		Tata Multicap Fund	From 07-Dec-2020 till 03-Jan-2023

Name	Age	Qualification	Total Experience (in years)	Other Schemes Under His Management	Experience (Assignments held during last 10 years)
		University, London, U.K		Tata Housing Opportunities Fund	Associate Vice President, Equity Advisory, reporting to Chief Executive Officer Avvanti Advisors Pvt. Ltd.
					From 20-Jul-2020 till 30-Nov-2020 Senior Equity Research Analyst, Investments- Equity, reporting to Partner SHK India Private Limited
					From 01-Apr-2009 till 31-Mar-2018 Business Head, Reporting to Managing Director

#### F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

Tata India Innovation Fund is a scheme which aims to generate long term capital appreciation by investing in equity and equity related instruments of companies engaged in and/or expected to benefit from adoption of innovative strategies & theme. The scheme is an Open-Ended equity scheme offered by Tata Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any other existing scheme/product of Tata Mutual Fund.

Below mentioned is the comparison of this fund with other existing equity category schemes of Tata Mutual Fund:

Scheme Name	Asset Allocation	Primary Investment Focus	AUM of Scheme (Rs in Crores) 30.09.2024	No of Folios in the Scheme 30.09.2024
Tata Banking and Financial Services	80%-100% in Equity and Equity related instruments of companies in the Banking & Financial Services Sector & 0-20% in debt & money market instruments.	Primarily focus on equity / equity related instruments of the companies by investing in banking & financial Services Sector in India. At present we do not have other similar scheme.	2406.24	86730
Tata Business Cycle Fund	80% to 100% investment in Equity and equity related instruments selected on the basis of business cycle, 0-20% in other equity related instruments, debt & money market instrument, Gold ETF, 0-10% in Reits & Invits	Primarily focus will be to generate long term capital appreciation by investing with focus on riding business cycles through allocation between sectors and stocks at different stages of business cycles.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	2982.742	132096
Tata Digital India Fund	80%-100% in Equity and Equity related instruments of companies in the Information Technology Sector & 0-20% in debt & money market instruments.	Primarily focus on equity / equity related instruments of the companies by investing in Information technology sector in India. At present we do not have other similar scheme.	12054.38	1253078
Tata Dividend Yield Fund	65% to 100 % investment in Equity and equity related instruments of Dividend Yielding Companies and upto 0-35% in other equity instruments of other companies, debt & money market instruments & 0-10% in REITs & InvITS.	Predominantly investing in dividend yielding stocks .The investment objective is to provide capital appreciation and/or dividend distribution by predominantly investing in a well-diversified portfolio of equity and equity related instruments of dividend yielding companies.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	1044.43	37846

Scheme Name	Asset Allocation	Primary Investment Focus	AUM of Scheme (Rs in Crores) 30.09.2024	No of Folios in the Scheme 30.09.2024
Tata Equity PE Fund	70% to 100% investment in Equity and Equity related – Companies whose rolling P/E at the time of investment is lower than the rolling P/E of the S&P BSE SENSEX up to 30% in other equities and up to 30% in debt instruments.	Primarily at least 70% of the net assets would be invested in equity shares whose rolling P/E ratio on past four quarter earnings for individual companies is less than rolling P/E of the S& P BSE SENSEX stocks.  At present we do not have other similar	9172	233373
Tata Ethical Fund	80%-100% in Equity & Equity Related instruments of Shariah compliant companies & 0-20% in Other Shariah compliant instruments including Cash	Primarily focus on Equity & Equity Related instruments of Shariah compliant companies.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	3334.16	141772
Tata Flexi Cap Fund	65% to 100% investment in Equity and equity related instruments and up to 35% in debt instruments.	Primarily investing in a diversified portfolio consisting of equity and equity related instruments across market capitalization. The scheme is an openended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	3138.86	150442
Tata Focused Equity Fund	65% to 100% investment in Equity and equity related instruments Subject to overall limit of 30 stocks across market capitalisation and up to 35% in debt and money market instrument	The scheme aims to generate long term capital appreciation by predominantly investing in a concentrated portfolio of equity & equity related instruments of maximum 30 stocks across market capitalisation.  At present we do not have other similar scheme	1956.85	79712
Tata Housing Opportunities Fund	80% to 100% in Equity and equity related instruments of entities engaged in activities of Housing theme, 0 to 20% in Other Equity & Equity related Instruments including units of mutual fund,, 0 to 20% in Debt and Money market instruments including units of mutual fund and 0 to 10% in Units issued by REITs & InvITs	Primarily focus will be to generate long term capital appreciation by investing with focus on companies in housing business/theme.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	657.97	32098
Tata India Consumer Fund	80%-100% in Equity and Equity related instruments of companies in the consumption oriented sectors & 0-20% in debt & money market instruments.	Primarily focus on equity / equity related instruments of the companies by investing in consumption oriented sectors in India. At present we do not have other similar scheme.	2522.65	100708
Tata India Pharma & Healthcare Fund	80%-100% in Equity and Equity related instruments of companies in the Pharma & Healthcare Sector & 0-20% in debt & money market instruments.	Primarily focus on equity / equity related instruments of the companies by investing in the Pharma & Healthcare Sector in India. At present we do not have other similar scheme.	1209.16	82543

Scheme Name	Asset Allocation	Primary Investment Focus	AUM of Scheme (Rs in Crores) 30.09.2024	No of Folios in the Scheme 30.09.2024
Tata Infrastructure Fund	80% to 100% investment in Equity & Equity related Instruments of companies in the infrastructure sector. Up to 20% investment in other equities and or Debt & money Market instruments.	Primarily focus on equity / equity related instruments of the companies in the Infrastructure sector in India. At present we do not have other similar scheme.	2605.83	187113
Tata Large & Mid Cap Fund	Large Cap Equity -35% to 65%,Mid Cap Equity -35% to 65%,Other Equity/Securities-0% to 30%.	Primarily investment in equity and equity related instruments of large & mid cap companies.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	8680.55	416157
Tata Large Cap Fund	80% to 100% investment in equity & equity related instruments of large cap companies, 0% to 20% in other equity including overseas securities, & 0-20% investment in Debt and Money Market instruments.	Primarily investment in equity and equity related instruments of large market cap companies.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	2532.58	132091
Tata Mid Cap Growth Fund	65% to 100% investment in Equity and equity related instruments and up to 35% in debt and money market instruments.	Primary investment focus on equity and equity related securities of well researched growth oriented mid cap stocks.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	4639.68	293963
Tata Multicap Fund	75% to 100% investment in Equity and equity related instruments as follows: 25% to 50% investment in large cap companies, 25% to 50% investment in mid cap companies & 25% to 50% investment in mid cap companies & 25% to 50% investment in small cap companies, 0-25% in Debt & Money market instruments (including Fixed Income Derivatives), 0-10% in Units of REITs & InvITS, 0-20% in ADR/GDR/Foreign securities/Overseas ETFs & 0-20% in Mutual Fund Units.	An open-ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	3365.95	190131
Tata QUANT FUND	80%-100% in equity and equity related instruments selected based on a quantitative model (Quant Model) & 0-20% in debt & money market instruments.	investing in equity and equity related instruments selected based on a quantitative model (Quant Model) At present we do not have other similar scheme	71.98	8231
Tata Resources & Energy Fund	80%-100% in Equity and Equity related instruments of companies in the Resources & Energy Sectors& 0-20% in debt & money market instruments.	Primarily focus on equity / equity related instruments of the companies by investing in the Resources & Energy Sectors in India. At present we do not have other similar scheme.	1065.17	108319

Scheme Name	Asset Allocation	Primary Investment Focus	AUM of Scheme (Rs in Crores) 30.09.2024	No of Folios in the Scheme 30.09.2024
Tata Small Cap Fund	65%-100% in Equity & Equity related instrument of small cap companies,0-35% in equity & equity related instrument of other than small cap companies or debt or money market instrument or Units of REITS and InvITS.	The scheme will predominantly invest in equity or equity related instrument of small cap companies. The scheme can also invest some portion in other than small cap companies.  At present we do not have other similar scheme.	9273.54	1163613

For comparison between existing schemes of Tata Mutual Fund, kindly visit functional Weblink: <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/</a>.

#### G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

#### Performance as on31.08.2024

As the scheme is new & not in existence, it does not have any track record.

#### Absolute Returns for the Last 5 Financial Years

As the scheme is new & not in existence, it does not have any track record.

Additional Disclosure with respect to provision no. 5.8 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024.

#### H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

#### i. Schemes Portfolios Top 10 Holdings by issuer & fund allocation towards various sectors:

Functional Weblink for Top 10 Holdings by issuer: As the scheme is new & not in existence, it does not have any track record. Kindly visit <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures</a>.

Functional Weblink for fund allocation towards various sectors: As the scheme is new & not in existence, it does not have any track record. Kindly visit <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures</a>.

### ii. Disclosure of name & exposure Top 7 Issuers, Stocks, Groups & Sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme in case of debt and equity ETF / Index Funds

Functional Weblink: Not applicable, as scheme is not debt and equity ETFs / index funds.

#### iii. Portfolio Disclosure - Fortnightly / Monthly/ Half Yearly

For portfolio disclosure of schemes of Tata Mutual Fund in a user-friendly and downloadable format, kindly visit functional weblink: <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/schemes-related">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/schemes-related</a>.

#### iv. Portfolio Turnover Rate particularly for equity-oriented schemes

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (13 months): As the scheme is new & not in existence, it does not have any track record.

#### v. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by

Sr No.	Category of Persons	Net '	Value	Market Value (in Rs.)		
0			NAV per unit			
As the scheme is new & not in existence, it does not have any track record						

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

#### vi. Investments of AMC in the Scheme

TAMPL (the AMC) may invest in the scheme(s) on an ongoing basis, such amount, as they deem appropriate. The AMC shall not be entitled to charge any management fees on this investment in the scheme(s). Investments by the AMC will be in accordance with the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 1996.

As per the amended regulations i.e., sub-regulation 16(A) in Regulation 25 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations,1996 ('MF Regulations'), asset management companies ('AMCs') are required to invest such amount in such scheme(s) of the mutual fund, based on the risk associated with the scheme. The AMC will comply with provision no. 6.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024. As per the relevant circular, AMCs shall not be required to invest in Index Funds.

Functional weblink: For Investments by AMC in schemes of Tata Mutual Fund, kindly visit <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/</a>.

#### **PART III- OTHER DETAILS**

#### A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Units shall be determined as of the close of each Business Day.

NAV shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

Market Value of Scheme's Investments + Accrued Income + Receivables + Other Assets - Accrued Expenses - Payables - Other Liabilities

NAV=

Number of Units Outstanding

The computation of Net Asset Value, valuation of Assets, computation of applicable Net Asset Value (related price) for ongoing Sale, Redemption, Switch and their frequency of disclosure shall be based upon a formula in accordance with the Regulations and as amended from time to time including by way of Circulars, Press Releases, or Notifications issued by SEBI or the Government of India to regulate the activities and growth of Mutual Funds. The NAVs of the fund shall be rounded off upto four decimals.

The valuation of investments including ETCD's shall be based on the principles of fair valuation specified in the Schedule VIII of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and guidelines issued by SEBI /AMFI from time to time. Investment Policy & Valuation policy for participation in ETCDs are in place. \* Please refer Para V. of SAI on 'Investment valuation norms for securities & other assets' for details.

Each option of the Regular Plan & Direct Plan will have a separate NAV.

#### Illustration of Calculation of Sale & Repurchase Price:

Assumed NAV Rs. 11.00 per unit

Entry Load: NIL

Fxit I oad 1%

Sale Price = NAV + (Entry Load(%) \* NAV)

Sale Price = 11 + (0% \* 11)

Sale Price = 11 + 0

Sale Price = Rs. 11/-

Repurchase Price = NAV - (exit load (%) \* NAV)

Repurchase Price = 11 - (1%\*11)

Repurchase Price = 11 - 0.11

Repurchase Price = Rs.10.89

Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

#### B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc.

Being existing scheme provision of NFO expenses is not applicable for the scheme.

#### C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

Slab wise break up depending on the assets under management:

As per provision no. 52.6.c of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 the total expense ratio of open-ended scheme shall not exceed the following limits. The AMC has estimated that upto 2.25 % (excluding additional permissible limits as per Regulation 52(6A)(b) & 52(6A)(c)) of the daily average net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses.

Assets under management Slab (In Rs. crore)	Total expense ratio limits for equity- oriented schemes	Total expense ratio limits for other than equity- oriented schemes		
On the first Rs.500 crores of the daily net assets	2.25%	2.00%		
On the next Rs.250 crores of the daily net assets	2.00%	1.75%		
On the next Rs.1,250 crores of the daily net assets	1.75%	1.50%		
On the next Rs.3,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.60%	1.35		
On the next Rs.5,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.50%	1.25%		
On the next Rs.40,000 crores of the daily net assets	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs.5,000 crores of daily net assets or part thereof.			
On balance of the assets	1.05%	0.80%		

For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to functional Weblink: <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/expense-ratio/total-expense-ratio">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/expense-ratio/total-expense-ratio</a>.

#### Fees & Expenses:

The maximum recurring expense of the Scheme is estimated below:

Expenses Head	% Of Daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	
Audit fees / fees and expenses of trustees	
Custodian fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statements / IDCW / redemption cheques/ warrants	
Marketing & Selling Expenses including Agents Commission and statutory advertisement	
Costs related to investor communications	
Cost of providing account statements and IDCW, redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	Upto 2.25%
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost pertaining to distribution of units	
Goods & Services Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods & Services Tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Listing Fees / Index Licensing Fees	
Incentive, if any to Market Makers	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative	
market trades respectively	
Other Expenses **	
Maximum Total expenses ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	Upto 2.25%*
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities under Regulations 52(6A)(b)	Upto 0.30%^
Additional expenses under Regulations 52(6A)(c)	Upto 0.05%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with the approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

- (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows in the scheme, or;
- (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher:

Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub- clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis:

Provided further that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities:

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding Goods & Services Tax on investment and advisory fees

<sup>^</sup> Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by SEBI from time to time are at least:

Additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from retail investors (i. e other than corporates and institutions) from B 30 cities as per provision no. 10.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024. Retail Investor means transaction from individual investors where inflow is upto Rs. 2,00,000/- per transaction.

# Note: Expenses of Direct Plan will be lower than expenses of the Regular Plan as no commission/distribution expenses will be charged in the case of Direct Plan. All fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular plan. NAV of the Direct Plan will be different than the NAV of Regular Plan.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of AMC, its associate, sponsor, trustees or any other entity through any route in terms of SEBI circulars, subject to the clarifications provided by SEBI to AMFI vide letter dated February 21, 2019 on implementation of provision no 5.9, 14.3.3.4 b.ii 10.1.12, of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 on Total Expense Ratio (TER) and performance disclosure for Mutual Fund.

Pursuant to SEBI letter dated February 24, 2023 to AMFI read with AMFI communication to AMCs dated March 02, 2023, w.e.f. March 01, 2023 no additional expense shall be charged on the new inflows received on or after March 01, 2023 from specified cities as per Regulation 52 (6A) (b) till the incentive structure is appropriately re-instated by SEBI with necessary safeguards.

In case of a scheme invest invests a minimum of sixty-five percent of its net assets in equity and equity related instruments, the scheme will be considered as equity-oriented scheme for the purpose of total expense ratio.

#### Notes:

- 1) Brokerage & transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade may be capitalised to the extent of 12bps and 5bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. GST on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trades shall be within the limit prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. Any payment towards brokerage and transaction cost, over and above the said 12 bps and 5bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- 2) AMC shall annually set apart atleast 2 basis point on daily net assets for investor's education and awareness initiatives.
- 3) The fund shall update the current expense ratios on the website (<a href="www.tatamutualfund.com">www.tatamutualfund.com</a>) at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change. The exact functional weblink for TER is <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/expense-ratio/total-expense-ratio">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/expense-ratio/total-expense-ratio</a>.
- 4) Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme return. Illustration is given to understand the impact of expense ratio on a scheme return and this should not be construed as an indicative return of the scheme.

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct plan
Opening NAV (INR Rs) -> (a)	100	100
Scheme's Gross return for the year -> (b)	10%	10%
Closing NAV before charging expenses -> (c)	110	110
Expenses charge During the Year (INR Rs) -> (d) (Other than Distribution Expenses)	1.5	1.5
Distribution charged during the year (INR Rs) -> (e)	0.5	-
Total Expense charged in (INR Rs) -> (f)	2.0	1.5
NAV after charging expenses -> (g ) = (c ) - (f )	108.0	108.5
Net Return to the investor	8.00%	8.50%

#### D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. provision no. 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 there shall be no entry load for all Mutual Fund schemes. Goods & Services Tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds and exit load net of Goods & Services tax, if any, shall be credited to the scheme.

The Load Structure of the Scheme is given hereunder:

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as %age of NAV)					
Entry Load	Not Applicable (Pursuant to provision no. 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, no entry load will be charged by the Scheme to the investor)					
Exit Load	1% of the applicable NAV, if redeemed on or before 90 days from the date of allotment					
	Exit load (if any) charged to the unit holders by the Mutual Fund on redemption (including switch-out) of units shall be credited to the scheme net of Goods & Services Tax.  Goods & Services Tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds.					

Units issued on reinvestment of income Distribution shall not be subject to exit load.

For applicability of load structure and NAV, switch-in will be considered as subscription and switch-out will be considered as redemption.

The AMC reserves the right to change/modify exit load, depending upon the circumstances prevailing at any given time. However, any change in the load structure will be applicable on prospective investment only. At the time of changing the load structure, the AMC will adopt the following measures:

- The addendum detailing the changes may be attached to Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memorandum. The addendum may be circulated to all the distributors/brokers so that same can be attached to all Scheme Information Documents and Key information memoranda already in stock.
- The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing. For any change in load structure arrangement may be made to display the addendum in the Scheme Information Document in the form of a notice in all the investor service centers and distributor/ brokers' office.
- The introduction of the exit load along with the details may be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.
- A public notice shall be given in respect of such change in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper publishes in the language of region where the Head office of Mutual Fund is situated.

#### **SECTION II**

#### I. INTRODUCTION

#### A. DEFINITIONS / INTERPRETATION

Functional weblink that contains detailed description: Kindly visit <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statut

#### **B. RISK FACTORS**

#### **Standard Risk Factors:**

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the scheme may go up or down.
- Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.
- Mutual Funds and securities investments are subject to market risks and there can be no assurance and no guarantee that the Scheme will
  achieve its objective.
- As with any investment in stocks, shares and securities, the NAV of the Units under this Scheme can go up or down, depending on the factors and forces affecting the capital markets.
- Past performance of the previous Schemes, the Sponsors or its Group / Affiliates / AMC / Mutual Fund is not indicative of and does not guarantee the future performance of the Scheme.
- Investment in equity and equity related securities including option contracts involve high degree of risks and investors should not invest in the schemes unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment.
- The sponsors are not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operations of the scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 1 lakh made by them towards setting up of the mutual fund.
- Tata India Innovation Fund is only the name of the Scheme and does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Scheme, its future prospects or the returns. Investors therefore are urged to study the terms of the Offer carefully and consult their Tax and Investment Advisor before investing in the Scheme.

Tata India Innovation Fund is not guaranteed or assured return scheme.

#### Scheme Specific Risk Factors:

#### Risks associated with investing in equity/equity related instruments

- Equity and equity related securities are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's portfolios would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme's portfolio.
- Investments in equity and equity related securities involve a degree of risks and investors should not invest in the Scheme unless they can afford
  to take the risk of losing their investment.
- Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to the investors, including put options. The AMC may choose to invest in unlisted securities that offer attractive yields within the regulatory limit. This may however increase the risk of the portfolio.

#### Risks associated with investment in debt & money market instruments investments:

- Credit Risk: Credit risk is risk resulting from uncertainty in counterparty's ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations. This risk pertains to the risk of default of payment of principal and interest. Government Securities have zero credit risk while other debt instruments are rated according to the issuers' ability to meet the obligations.
- Liquidity Risk: Liquidity Risk pertains to how saleable a security is in the market. If a particular security does not have a market at the time of sale, then the scheme may have to bear an impact depending on its exposure to that particular security.
- Interest Rate: Interest Rate risk is associated with movements in interest rate, which depend on various factors such as government borrowing, inflation, economic performance etc. The value of investments will appreciate/depreciate if the interest rates fall/rise. However, if the investments are held on till maturity of the investments, the value of the investments will not be subjected to this risk.
- Reinvestment Risk: This risk arises from uncertainty in the rate at which cash flows from an investment may be reinvested. This is because the bond will pay coupons, which will have to be reinvested. The rate at which the coupons will be reinvested will depend upon prevailing market
- rates at the time the coupons are received.
- Risk associated with unrated debt instruments: Investments in unrated instruments are subject to the risk associated with investments in any
  other fixed income securities such as credit risk, interest rate risk etc. However, investments in unrated instruments are subject to greater risk of
  loss of principal and interest than rated instruments.

#### Risks associated with the Scheme's strategy.

The Scheme will invest atleast 80% of its net assets in equity / equity related instruments of entities engaged in and/or expected to benefit from adoption of innovative strategies & theme. The scheme is thematic in nature, hence will be affected by the risks associated with the theme/sector.

Investing in thematic schemes is based on the premise that the scheme will seek to invest in companies belonging to a specific sector / theme. This will limit the capability of the scheme to invest in other sectors/theme. The Scheme would invest in equity and equity related securities of companies engaged in the particular sector / theme and hence concentration risk is expected to be high. Also, as with all equity investing, there is a risk that companies in that specific sector / theme will not achieve its expected earnings results, or that an unexpected change in the market or within the company will occur, both of which may adversely affect investment results.

Owing to high concentration risk for thematic / sectorial scheme, risk of capital loss is highest. There is an element of unpredictable market cycles that could run for extended periods. Loss of value due to obsolescence, or regulatory changes coupled with structural rigidity of the scheme can lead to permanent loss of capital.

#### **Investment Risks**

The price of securities may go up or down depending on a variety of factors and hence investors may note that AMC/Fund Manager's investment decisions may not be always profitable. Although it is intended to generate capital appreciation and maximize the returns by actively investing in equity securities and utilizing debt and money market instruments as a defensive investment strategy. The price of securities may be affected generally by factors affecting capital markets such as price and volume, volatility in the stock markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, foreign investment, changes in Government and Reserve Bank of India policy, taxation, political, economic, or other developments, closure of the Stock Exchanges etc. Investors should understand that the investment pattern indicated, in line with prevailing market conditions, is only a hypothetical example as all investments involve risk and there is no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be attained or that the Fund may not be in a position to maintain the indicated percentage of investment pattern under exceptional circumstances. There is no guarantee the investment / dis-investment decision will result into profit.

The fund may use techniques and instruments for efficient portfolio management and to attempt to hedge or reduce the risk. However these techniques and instruments if imperfectly used have the risk of the fund incurring losses due to mismatches particularly in a volatile market. The Fund's ability to use these techniques may be limited by market conditions, regulatory limits, and tax considerations (if any). The use of these techniques is dependent on the ability to predict movements in the prices of securities being hedged and movements in interest rates. There exists an imperfect correlation between the hedging instruments and the securities or market sectors being hedged. Besides, the fact that skills needed to use these instruments are different from those needed to select the Fund's / plan's securities. There is a possible absence of a liquid market for any particular instrument at any particular time even though the futures and options may be bought and sold on an organized exchange. The use of these techniques involves

possible impediments to effective portfolio management or the ability to meet repurchase / redemption requests or other short-term obligations because of the percentage of the Fund's assets segregated to cover its obligations.

#### Liquidity and Settlement Risks

The liquidity of the Scheme's investments may be inherently restricted by trading volumes, transfer procedures and settlement periods. From time to time, the Scheme will invest in certain securities of certain companies, industries, sectors, etc. based on certain investment parameters as adopted internally by AMC. While at all times the AMC will endeavour that excessive holding/investment in certain securities of industries, sectors, etc. by the Scheme(s) are avoided, the funds invested by the Scheme in certain securities of industries, sectors, etc. may acquire a substantial portion of the Scheme's investment portfolio and collectively may constitute a risk associated with non-diversification and thus could affect the value of investments. Reduced liquidity in the secondary market may have an adverse impact on market price and the Scheme's ability to dispose of particular securities, when necessary, to meet the Scheme's liquidity needs or in response to a specific economic event or during restructuring of the Scheme's investment portfolio.

#### Risk associated with Short Selling

The Scheme may enter into short selling transactions, subject to SEBI and RBI Regulations. Short-selling is the sale of shares that the seller does not own at the time of trading. Instead, he borrows it from someone who already owns it. Later, the short seller buys back the stock he shorted and returns the stock to close out the borrowing. If the price of the stock has fallen, he can buy the stock back for less than he received for selling it and profits from it (the difference between higher short sale price and the lower purchase price). However, Short positions carry the risk of losing money and these losses may grow theoretically unlimited if the stock price increases without limit and shall result into major losses in the portfolio. For example, if dealer/fund manager short 1000 shares at Rs.650 each hoping to make a profit but the share price increase to Rs.900, portfolio will end up losing Rs.250,000 (1000\*250).

#### Securities Lending by the Mutual Fund

The Scheme may participate in securities lending and borrowing scheme in accordance with Securities Lending Scheme, 1997, Regulation 44 (4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, and as per provision no. 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 on framework for short selling and borrowing and lending of securities.. The Scheme shall also follow other relevant regulations /guidelines issued by stock exchange(s) from time to time. The Scheme shall participate in Securities Borrowing and Lending only with the SEBI approved intermediaries.

Securities Lending means the lending of securities to SEBI approved intermediaries for a tenure of 1 to 12 months at a negotiated compensation to enhance returns of the scheme portfolio. The securities lent will be returned by the borrower on the expiry of the stipulated period. The AMC will adhere to the following strict internal limits should it engage in Securities Lending.

Not more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme can be deployed in stock lending and not more than 5% of the fund can be deployed in Stock lending with any intermediary. Collateral would always be obtained by the approved intermediary. Collateral value would always be more than the value of the security lent. Collateral can be in form of cash, bank guarantee, and government securities, as may be agreed upon with the approved intermediary, and would also be subject to a mark to market valuation on a daily basis.

#### Example:

A scheme has a security of a company which it would wish to hold for a long period of time as a core holding in the portfolio as per the fund manager's plan. In that case the investors would be benefited only to the extent of the rise in the value of the security, from time to time if any, on the exchange. If the scheme is enabled to lend the said security to a borrower who would be wanting to take advantage of the market fluctuations in its price, the borrower would return the security to the lender (fund) at a stipulated time or on demand for a negotiated compensation. The scheme's unitholders can enhance their returns to the extent of the compensation it will earn for lending the same. An adequate security or collateral will have to be maintained by the intermediary. This should always be higher than the cost of the security. Thus it is in the interest of the investors that returns can be enhanced by way of stock lending rather than hold the security only for capital appreciation potential.

Thus the scenario under which the scheme would participate in stock lending would be:

- 1. There is a holding of security e.g. of XYZ Ltd in the scheme which the fund manager wants to be the core holding of the fund for approximately 6 to 12 months.
- 2. There is a borrower (not mutual fund) for the security, (who has taken a short position in the market and needs the said security of XYZ Ltd to settle it) who is willing to put up a proper collateral for the same.(In all cases higher than the price of the script).
- 3. The borrower is represented by a proper recognized intermediary.
- 4. The agreement is to return the security or the amount so negotiated at a particular period or on demand.

Then the security will be lent by the scheme and the unitholders would benefit from the additional compensation earned for lending, apart from the capital appreciation which also happens in that stock. Thus, to summarize, stock lending would be done by the scheme only in the following circumstances:

- a) If permitted by trustees and the extent SEBI regulations in that regard, from time to time.
- b) If such activity generates additional returns for the scheme and helps to enhance the scheme returns.
- c) If considering the above and other factors all considered in totality, such activity is in the interest of unitholders in the scheme.

#### Securities Lending Risks

It may be noted that this activity would have the inherent probability of collateral value drastically falling in times of strong downward market trends, rendering the value of collateral inadequate until such time as that diminution in value is replenished by additional security. It is also possible that the borrowing party and/or the approved intermediary may suddenly suffer severe business setback and become unable to honour its commitments. This, along with a simultaneous fall in value of collateral would render potential loss to the Scheme. Besides, there will also be temporary illiquidity of the securities that are lent out and the Scheme(s) will not be able to sell such lent-out securities until they are returned.

#### Interest Rate Risk

As with debt instruments, changes in interest rate may affect the price of the debt instrument(s) and ultimately Scheme's net asset value. Generally the prices of instruments increase as interest rates decline and decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long-term securities fluctuate more in response to such interest rate changes than short-term securities. Indian debt and government securities markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby to possible movements in the NAV.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk or Default risk refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e. the issuer will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). Because of this risk corporate debentures are sold at a higher yield above those offered on Government Securities which are sovereign obligations and free of credit risk. Normally, the value of fixed income securities will fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual event of default. The greater the credit risk, the greater the yield required for someone to be compensated for the increased risk.

#### Reinvestment Risk

This risk refers to the difference in the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the scheme is reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows are reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.

#### **Securitized Debt:**

Securitized Debt such as Mortgage-Backed Securities ("MBS") or Asset Backed Securities ("ABS") is a financial instrument (bond) whose interest and principal payments are backed by an underlying cash flow from another asset. Asset Securitization is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. A typical process of asset securitization involves sale of specific receivables to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) set up in the form of a trust or a company.

The SPV in turn issues financial instruments (promissory notes, participation certificates or other debt instruments) also referred to as "Securitized Debt" to the investors evidencing the beneficial ownership of the investors in the receivables. The financial instruments are rated by an independent credit rating agency.

#### **Risks Associated with Securitized Debt**

**Risk due to prepayment:** In case of securitized debt, changes in market interest rates and pre-payments may not change the absolute amount of receivables for the investors but may have an impact on the reinvestment of the periodic cash flows that an investor receives on securitized papers. In the event of pre-payment of the underlying debt, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and yield.

**Liquidity Risk:** Presently, despite recent legal developments permitting the listing of securitized debt instruments, the secondary market for securitized debt in India is not very liquid. Even if a more liquid market develops in the future, secondary transactions in such instruments may be at a discount to initial issue price due to changes in the interest rate structure.

Limited Recourse and Credit Risk: Certificates issued on investment in securitized debt represent a beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation on the issuer, seller, or the originator in that regard. Defaults on the underlying loan can adversely affect the pay outs to the investors and thereby, adversely affect the NAV of the Scheme. While it is possible to repossess and sell the underlying asset, various factors can delay or prevent repossession and the price obtained on sale of such assets may be low.

**Bankruptcy Risk:** If the originator of securitized debt instruments in which the Scheme invests is subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in such proceedings concludes that the sale of the assets from originator to the trust was not a 'true sale', then the Scheme could experience losses or delays in the payments due. Normally, care is taken in structuring the securitization transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to the trust not being construed as a 'true sale'.

Risk of Co-mingling: Servicers in a securitization transaction normally deposit all payments received from the obligors into a collection account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a servicer and depositing the same into the collection account. In this interim period, collections from the loan agreements by the servicer may not be segregated from other funds of the servicer. If the Servicer fails to remit such funds due to investors, investors in the Scheme may be exposed to a potential loss.

#### **Risk Controls for Securitized Debt**

1. Risk profile of securitized debt vis a vis risk appetite of the scheme:

Securitized Debt is a financial instrument (bond) whose interest and principal payments are backed by an underlying cash flow from another asset. In line with the investment strategy of the Scheme and considering that there would be no intermediate redemption pressures for the Fund Manager, the Scheme may take exposure to rated Securitized Debt with the intent to enhance portfolio yield without compromising on credit quality.

Further as a prudent measure of risk control, Investment in Securitized Debt will not exceed 50% of the debt exposure of the Scheme.

#### 2. Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc.

The evaluation parameters of the originators are as under:

- · Track record
- Willingness to pay, through credit enhancement facilities etc.
- · Ability to pay.
- Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:
  - Outlook for the economy (domestic and global)
  - Outlook for the industry
  - Company specific factors

#### Track record

We ensure that there is adequate past track record of the Originator before selection of the pool including a detailed look at the number of issuances in past, track record of issuances, experience of issuance team, etc. We also look at the credit profile of the Originator for its own debt. We normally invest only if the Originator's credit rating is at least 'AA' (+/- or equivalent) or above by a credit rating agency recognized by SEBI.

#### Willingness to pay.

As the securitized structure has underlying collateral structure, depending on the asset class, historical NPA trend and other pool / loan characteristics, a credit enhancement in the form of cash collateral, such as fixed deposit, bank guarantee etc. is obtained, as a risk mitigation measure.

#### Ability to pay.

This assessment is based on a detailed financial risk assessment.

A traditional SWOT analysis is used for identifying company specific financial risks. One of the most important factors for assessment is the quality of management based on its past track record and feedback from market participants. In order to assess financial risk a broad assessment of the issuer's financial statements is undertaken to review its ability to undergo stress on cash flows and asset quality.

#### Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:

- Outlook for the economy (domestic and global)
- Outlook for the industry
- Company specific factors

In addition a detailed review and assessment of rating rationale is done including interactions with the company as well as agency.

Typically we would avoid investing in securitization transaction (without specific risk mitigant strategies / additional cash/security collaterals/ guarantees) if we have concerns on the following issues regarding the originator / underlying issuer:

- High default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions / covenants
- High leverage ratios both on a standalone basis as well on a fated level/ group level. This is very important in case of single borrower loan sell down.
- Higher proportion of re-schedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan
- Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan
- Poor reputation in market
- Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan

#### 3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

#### **Risk Mitigation Strategies**

Investments in securitized debt will be done based on the assessment of the originator which is carried out by the Fixed Income team based on the in-house research capabilities as well as the inputs from the independent credit rating agencies.

To mitigate the risk at the issuer/originator level, the Fixed Income team will consider various factors which will include:

- size and reach of the originator.
- the infrastructure and follow-up mechanism
- quality of information disseminated by the issuer/originator; and

- the Credit enhancement for different type of issuer/originator
- the originator's track record in that line of business

#### 4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

Majority of securitized debt investments shall be in asset backed pools wherein the underlying assets could be Medium and Heavy Commercial Vehicles, Light Commercial Vehicles (LCV), Cars, and Construction Equipment, Mortgages etc.

The Fund Manager will invest in securitized debt which are rated 'AA' (+/- or equivalent) or above by a credit rating agency recognized by SEBI. While the risks mentioned above cannot be eliminated completely, they may be minimized by considering the diversification of the underlying assets as well as credit and liquidity enhancements.

Table 1: illustrates the framework that will be applied while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction:

Characteristics/ Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle and Construction Equipment	CAR	2 wheelers	Micro Finance Pools	Personal Loans	Single Sell Downs	Others
Approximate Average maturity (in Months)	Up to 120 months	Up to 60 months	Up to 60 months	Up to 60 months	Up to 12 months	Up to 36 months	Case by case basis	Any other class of securitized
Collateral margin (including cash ,guarantees, excess interest spread , subordinate tranche)	In excess of 3%	In excess of 5%	In excess of 5%	In excess of 5%	In excess of 10%	In excess of 10%	Case by case basis	debt would be evaluated on a case- by-case basis
Average Loan to Value Ratio	95% or lower	100% or lower*	95% or lower	95% or lower	Unsecured	unsecured	Case by case basis	
Average seasoning of the Pool	Minimum 3 months	Minimum 6 months	Minimum 6 months	Minimum 6 months	Minimum 1 month	Minimum 2 months	Case by case basis	
Maximum single exposure range	5%	5%	1%	1%	<1%	<1%	Case by case basis	
Average single exposure range %	<5%	<5%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	Case by case basis	

<sup>\*</sup> LTV based on chasis value

**Note:** The information contained herein is based on current market conditions and may change from time to time based on changes in such conditions, regulatory changes, and other relevant factors. Accordingly, our investment strategy, risk mitigation measures and other information contained herein may change in response to the same.

In addition to the framework as per the table above, we also consider following factors, which are analyzed to ensure diversification of risk and measures identified for less diversified investments:

- Size of the loan: The size of each loan is generally analyzed on a sample basis and an analysis of the static pool of the originator is undertaken to ensure that the same matches with the static pool characteristics. It also indicates whether there is high reliance on very small ticket size borrower which could result in delayed and expensive recoveries.
- Average original maturity of the pool: The analysis of average maturity of the pool is undertaken to evaluate whether the tenor of the loans is generally in line with the average loans in the respective industry and repayment capacity of the borrower.
- Default rate distribution: The Fixed Income team generally ensures that all the contracts in the pool are current to ensure zero default rate distribution.
- Geographical Distribution: The analysis of geographical distribution of the pool is undertaken to ensure prevention of concentration risk.
- Risk Tranching: Typically, we avoid investing in Securitized debt in the form of subordinate tranche, without specific risk mitigant strategies / additional cash / security collaterals/ guarantees, etc.
- Credit enhancement facility credit enhancement facilities in the form of cash collateral, such as fixed deposits, bank guarantee etc. could be obtained as a risk mitigation measure.
- Liquid facility these parameters will be evaluated based on the asset class as mentioned in the table above.
- Structure of the pool of underlying assets The structure of the pool of underlying assets would be either single asset class or
  combination of various asset classes as mentioned in the table above. We could add new asset class depending upon the securitization
  structure and changes in market acceptability of asset classes.

Investment in the Single Loan Securitization would be done based on the assessment of credit risk associated with the underlying borrower as well as the originator. The Fixed Income team will adhere internal credit process and perform a detailed review of the underlying borrower prior to making investments.

#### 5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. RBI norms cover the "true sale" criteria including credit enhancement and liquidity enhancements. In addition, RBI has proposed minimum holding period of between nine and twelve months for assets before they can be securitized. The minimum holding period depends on the tenor of the securitization transaction. The Fund will invest in securitized debt that are. Compliant with the laws and regulations.

#### 6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

Issuance of securitized debt is governed by the Reserve Bank of India. RBI norms cover the "true sale" criteria including credit enhancement and liquidity enhancements, including maximum exposure by the originator in the PTCs. In addition, RBI has proposed minimum retention requirement of between five and ten percent of the book value of the loans by the originator. The minimum retention requirement depends on the tenor and structure of the securitization transaction. The Fund will invest in securitized debt that are compliant with the laws and regulations.

## 7. The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

An investment by the scheme in any security is done after detailed analysis by the Fixed Income team and in accordance with the investment objectives and the asset allocation pattern of a scheme. All investments are made on an arm's length basis without consideration of any investments (existing/potential) in the schemes made by any party related/involved in the transaction. The robust credit process ensures that there is no conflict of interests when a scheme invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme. Normally the issuer who is securitizing instrument is in need of money and is unlikely to have long term surplus to invest in mutual fund scheme.

Furthermore, there is clear cut segregation of duties and responsibilities with respect to Investment function and Sales function. Investment decisions are being taken independently based on the above-mentioned parameters and investment by the originator in the scheme is based on their own evaluation of the scheme vis a vis their investment objectives.

#### 8. The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The risk assessment process for securitized debt, as detailed in the preceding paragraphs, is same as any other credit. The investments in securitized debt are done after appropriate research by credit analyst. The ratings are monitored for any movement.

The resources for and mechanisms of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt are as follows:

- Fixed Income Team Risk assessment and monitoring of investment in Securitized Debt is done by a team comprising of Credit team.
- Ratings are monitored for any movement Based on the cash-flow report and analyst view, periodic review of utilization of credit enhancement shall be conducted and ratings shall be monitored accordingly.
- Wherever the schemes portfolio is disclosed, the AMC may give a comprehensive disclosure of Securitized debt instruments held in line with SEBI requirement.

**Note**: The information contained herein is based on current market conditions and may change from time to time based on changes in such conditions, regulatory changes, and other relevant factors. Accordingly, our investment strategy, risk mitigation measures and other information contained herein may change in response to the same.

#### Risks associated with Derivatives.

- Derivative products are leverage instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investors.
   Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the Fund Manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the Fund Manager involved uncertainty and decision of Fund Manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the Fund Manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.
- Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis different from those associated with stocks and bonds. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative add to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price of securities being hedged and interest rate movements correctly. There is a possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio because of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counterparty") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates, and indices.
- The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments".
- The Scheme may face execution risk, whereby the rates seen on the screen may not be the rate at which the ultimate execution of the derivative transaction takes place.

- The Scheme may find it difficult or impossible to execute derivative transactions in certain circumstances. For example, when there are insufficient bids or suspension of trading due to price limit or circuit breakers, the Scheme may face a liquidity issue.
- Investments in index futures face the same risk as the investments in a portfolio of shares representing an index. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying stocks.
- The Scheme bears a risk that it may not be able to correctly forecast future market trends or the value of assets, indices or other financial or economic factors in establishing derivative positions for the Scheme.
- There is the possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio because of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counter party") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. The counter party may default on a transaction before settlement and therefore, the Scheme is compelled to negotiate with another counterparty at the then prevailing (possibly unfavorable) market price.
- The risk of loss in trading futures contracts can be substantial, because of the low margin deposits required, the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing and the potential high volatility of the futures markets.
- Where derivatives are used for hedging, such use may involve a basic risk where the instrument used as a hedge does not match the movement
  in the instrument/underlying asset being hedged. The risk may be inter-related also e.g. interest rate movements can affect equity prices, which
  could influence specific issuer/industry assets.

Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mispricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates, and indices.

#### Risk Associated with overseas investments.

To the extent the assets of the schemes are invested in overseas financial assets, there may be risks associated with currency movements, restrictions on repatriation and transaction procedures in overseas market. Further, the repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations or political circumstances as well as the application to it of other restrictions on investment. In addition, country risks would include events such as introduction of extraordinary exchange controls, economic deterioration, bi-lateral conflict leading to immobilization of the overseas financial assets and the prevalent tax laws of the respective jurisdiction for execution of trades or otherwise.

The Scheme may also invest in ADRs / GDRs / Other Foreign Securities as permitted by Reserve Bank of India and Securities and Exchange Board of India from time to time. To the extent that some part of the assets of the Schemes may be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by the changes in the value of certain foreign currencies relative to the Indian Rupee. The repatriation of capital also may be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls or political circumstances as well as the application to it of other restrictions on investment as applicable. Overseas investments will be made subject to any/all approvals, conditions thereof as may be stipulated under the SEBI Regulations or by RBI and provided such investments do not result in expenses to the Scheme(s) in excess of the ceiling on expenses prescribed by and consistent with costs and expenses attendant to international investing.

As the investment may be made in stocks of different countries, the portfolio shall be exposed to the political, economic, and social risks with respect to each country. However, the portfolio manager shall ensure that his exposure to each country is limited so that the portfolio is not exposed to one country. Investments in various economies will also diversify and reduce this risk. In respect of the corpus of the Scheme that is invested in overseas mutual fund schemes, investors shall bear the proportionate recurring expenses of such underlying scheme(s), in addition to the recurring expenses of the Scheme. Therefore, the returns attributable to such investments by the Scheme may be impacted or may, at times, be lower than the returns that the investors could obtain by directly investing in the said underlying scheme.

Currency Risk: The scheme may invest in securities denominated in a broad range of currencies and may maintain cash in such currencies. Therefore, fluctuations in the value of such currencies against the currency denomination of the relevant scheme will have a corresponding impact on the value of the portfolio. Furthermore, investors should be aware that movements in the rate of exchange between the currency of denomination of a fund and their home currency will affect the value of their shareholding when measured in their home currency.

#### Risks associated with Segregated Portfolio

Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer. Security comprises of segregated portfolio may not realize any value. Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognized stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

#### Risks Factors associated with transaction in Units through stock exchange(s)

In respect of transaction in Units of the Scheme through BSE and / or NSE, allotment and redemption of Units on any Business Day will depend upon the order processing / settlement by BSE and / or NSE and their respective clearing corporations on which the Fund has no control.

Risks associated with investing in Securities Segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement:

#### SID - Tata India Innovation Fund

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. The members are required to contribute an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL). CCIL shall maintain two separate Default Funds in respect of its Securities Segment, one with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades. The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

#### Risk Factors Associated with Investments in RFITs and InvITS:

- Market Risk: REITs and InvITS Investments are volatile and subject to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to factors impacting the underlying assets. AMC/Fund Manager's will do the necessary due diligence, but actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends.
- Liquidity Risk: As the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme(s) could, at times, be restricted by trading volumes, settlement periods, dissolution of the trust, potential delisting of units on the exchange etc., the time taken by the Mutual Fund for liquidating the investments in the scheme may be high in the event of immediate redemption requirement. Investment in such securities may lead to increase in the scheme portfolio
- Reinvestment Risk: Investments in REITs & InvITS may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts in form of buyback of units or dividend pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns.
- Regulatory/Legal Risk: REITs and InvITS being new asset classes, rights of unit holders such as right to information etc. may differ from existing capital market asset classes under Indian Law.

The above are some of the common risks associated with investments in REITs & InvITS. Investment results may vary substantially on a monthly, quarterly, or annual basis.

#### Risk associated with investing in Repo of Corporate Bond Securities

To the extent the scheme invests in Repo of Corporate Bond Securities, the scheme will be subject to following risks -

- Corporate Bond Repo will be subject to counter party risk.
- The Scheme will be exposed to credit risk on the underlying collateral—downward migration of rating. The scheme may impose adequate haircut on the collateral to cushion against any diminution in the value of the collateral. Collateral will require to be rated AA and above rated where potential for downgrade/default is low. In addition, appropriate haircuts are applied on the market value of the underlying securities to adjust for the illiquidity and interest rate risk on the underlying instrument.
- Liquidity of collateral: In the event of default by the counterparty, the scheme would have recourse to recover its investments by selling the collateral in the market. If the underlying collateral is illiquid, then the Mutual Fund may incur an impact cost at the time of sale (lower price realization).

#### Risk of Writing of Call Option Under a Covered Call Strategy

Under a delivery settlement a call writer will have to part with the physical holding of security which was originally intended for long-term holding.

The risk associated with covered calls is the loss of upside, i.e. if the shares are assigned (called away), the option seller forgoes any share price appreciation above the option strike price. The scheme may write covered call option only in case it has adequate number of underlying equities shares as per regulatory requirement. This would lead to setting aside a portion of investment in underlying equity shares. If covered call options are sold to the maximum extent allowed by regulatory authority, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares immediately if the view changes to sell and exit the stock. The covered call options need to be unwound before the stock positions can be liquidated. This may lead to a loss of opportunity or can cause exit issues if the strike price at which the call option contracts have been written become illiquid. Hence, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares, which can lead to temporary illiquidity of the underlying equity shares and result in loss of opportunity. The writing of covered call option would lead to loss of opportunity due to appreciation in value of the underlying equity shares. Hence, when the appreciation in equity share price is more than the option premium received the scheme would be at a loss. The total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed the regulatory limits of the net assets of the scheme. This may restrict the ability of scheme to buy any options.

#### Risks associated with Imperfect Hedging using Interest Rate Futures (IRF)

Liquidity/execution risk – IRF are relatively new instruments traded on the exchanges and don't have as much liquidity as the OTC market in the underlying bond. This could expose the hedge to liquidity (execution and wider bid-offer spread) risk and associated impact cost.

Spread risk – The IRF is based on government securities and treasury bills. Imperfect hedging can be applied on portfolios comprised of corporate bonds as well. Corporate bond yield theoretically comprises of the risk free rate and a credit spread. IRF would hedge out only the risk-free rate. Any compression/expansion of credit spread of the underlying portfolio would not be hedged by the IRF.

#### SID - Tata India Innovation Fund

Yield curve slope risk – The IRF hedge is done on a modified duration basis. This means that the maturity of the underlying instrument and the maturity of the IRF could be different. The hedge ratio is arrived at using the prescribed formula. This hedges the risk arising from a parallel shift in the yield curve. Any change in the slope of the yield curve (flattening/steepening) remains unhedged as residual risk.

Unwinding risk—An unexpected change in market conditions may require unwinding the derivative positions at disadvantageous prices during periods of heightened volatility e.g. if the yields slide lower due to a surprise RBI rate cut, participants with short Interest Rate Futures positions would seek to cut their losses and exit, leading to an increase in the price of the IRF, and negative price impact on the hedged portfolio there from.

Correlation risk – As per the extant regulation, the IRF must have a 0.90 correlation coefficient with the underlying bond/portfolio, for the past 90 days, to be considered for imperfect hedging. If the correlation deteriorates going forward, the hedge may have to be rebalanced with attendant impact costs.

#### Risks associated with investment in units of mutual fund:

Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks, including but not limited to risks such as liquidity risk, volatility risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.

- Liquidity risk The liquidity of the scheme's investments is inherently restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. In the event of an inordinately large number of redemption requests, or of a restructuring of the scheme's investment portfolio, these periods may become significant. In view of the same, the right to limit redemptions will be in accordance with provision no. 1.12 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024.
- Volatility risks: There is the risk of volatility in markets due to external factors like liquidity flows, changes in the business environment, economic policy etc. The scheme will manage volatility risk through diversification across companies and sectors.
- Default risk Credit risk is risk resulting from uncertainty in counterparty's ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations. This risk pertains to the risk of default of payment of principal and interest. Government Securities have zero credit risk while other debt instruments are rated according to the issuer's ability to meet the obligations.

#### Risk associated with potential change in Tax structure.

This summary of tax implications given in the taxation section (Units and Offer Section III) is based on the current provisions of the applicable tax laws. This information is provided for general purpose only. The current taxation laws may change due to change in the 'Income Tax Act 1961' or any subsequent changes/amendments in Finance Act/Rules/Regulations. Any change may entail a higher outgo to the scheme or to the investors by way of securities transaction taxes, fees, taxes etc. thus adversely impacting the scheme and its returns.

#### Risk related to 'Right to Restrict Redemption or Suspend Redemption in the scheme.

The AMC/Trustee, at its sole discretion, reserves the right to impose restriction on redemption (including switches) or suspend redemption (including switches) from the Scheme in the general interest of the Unitholders of the Scheme and keeping in view the unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions.

Imposition of such restriction will be subject to following conditions:

- a) Restriction on redemption may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:
  - i. Liquidity issues when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security.
  - ii. Market failures, exchange closures.
  - iii. Operational issues when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems, and technical failures.
- b) Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a period not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period.
- c) When restriction on redemption is so imposed, the following procedure shall be applied:
  - i. No redemption requests of value up to Rs.2 lakhs shall be subject to such restriction.
- ii. For redemption request of value above Rs.2 lakhs, the first Rs.2 lakhs shall be redeemed without such restriction and the restriction shall apply for the redemption amount exceeding Rs.2 lakhs.

Any restriction on Redemption or suspension of redemption (including switches) of the Units in the Scheme shall be made applicable only after specific approval of the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee Company and thereafter, immediately informing the same to SEBI.

It is clarified that since the occurrence of the abovementioned eventualities have the ability to impact the overall market and liquidity situation, the same may result in exceptionally large number of Redemption requests being made and in such a situation the indicative timelines (i.e. within T+3 Business Days for schemes), for processing of requests for Redemption may not be applicable.

The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the provisions of right to restrict or suspend redemption of Units in the Scheme, subject to the applicable regulatory provisions from time to time.

Unitholders will not able to liquidate units of the scheme during the period when restriction on redemption is imposed.

#### Credit Evaluation Process for the investments in Debt Securities

In-house credit evaluation team has the necessary capability of conducting independent due diligences of credit risk. From credit evaluation perspective, companies are broadly classified under two sectors - Industrials and Financial Institutions. Industrials include Manufacturing and trading companies, while Financial Institutions include Banks and Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs). The set of parameters for evaluation of credits for these sectors are different.

Broad guidelines for the appraisal of Industrials for short-term and long-term exposure include, but are not restricted to:

- External Ratings threshold: Investment is made only if the issuer credit rating is at least 'investment grade' (BBB- or above) for Long-term debt by a credit rating agency recognized by SEBI. In the short-term, investment is made in top notch (A1+ or equivalent) rated debt instruments. However, this is subject to review from time to time and investment committee / Board of AMC approval is required for any exception.
- Each company is internally appraised based on various parameters including, but not restricted to Business Fundamentals: Product/Service offerings, Market Position, Competitive Landscape, and Product cycle etc.
- o Regulatory environment: Support/intervention, developmental stage of industry, level of regulation
- o Financial Analysis: Margins, Profitability, Leverage, Working Capital requirement and cycle, Cash-flows etc. This is also seen considering historic trend.
- o Management Track Record: Management track record, performance of company through economic cycle, promoters' background, other group companies.
- o Macro-Economic Environment: Economic cycle, Credit cycle

In the short-term, the focus is more on the working capital cycle, near-term cash-flows, and existing business position, while in the long-term the focus is more on the outlook of the business, capital expenditure program, profitability etc.

The credit evaluation policy is subject to review from time to time. Any material change in the credit evaluation policy will be updated by way of an addendum to the scheme information document.

The asset allocation among the various debt securities will be decided based upon the prevailing market conditions, macroeconomic environment and the performance of corporate sector, the debt market, and other considerations.

The investment policies mentioned in this SID are in conformity with the provisions of various constitutional documents VIZ.MOA/AOA of the TAMPL/Trustee Company, IMA, and the Trust Deed. Any change in the asset allocation affecting the investment profile of the scheme shall be affected only in accordance with the provisions of regulations 18-15A of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

#### C. RISK MITIGATION STRATEGIES

#### Risk Control / Mitigation measures for equity investments and related investments:

Investment in equity has an inherent market risk which cannot be mitigated completely. However, following measures have been implemented with an objective to mitigate /control other risks associated with equity investing:

Nature of Risk	Mitigation Measures		
Regulatory Risk	Online monitoring of various exposure limits by the Front Office System. Also as a backup, manual controls are also implemented.		
Poor Portfolio Quality	Pre-approved universe of stocks based on strong fundamental research. New stock addition only with the prior approval of investment committee.		
Performance Risk	Periodical review of stock wise profit & loss. Review of scheme performance vis. a vis. Benchmark index as well as peer group.		
Liquidity Risk	Periodical review of the liquidity position of each scrip (Market capitalization, average volume in the market vis. a vis. Portfolio Holding)		
Concentration Risk	Cap on maximum single sector exposure. Cap on maximum single stock exposure.  The Scheme will try and mitigate this risk by investing in sufficiently large number of companies (and across sectors) to maintain optimum diversification and keep stock-specific concentration risk relatively low.		

Further, with respect to investments in overseas securities, apart from other risks, there is an inherent risk of currency fluctuation which cannot be mitigated. However, the fund will strive to minimize such risk by hedging in the FOREX market as and when permitted.

#### Risk Control / Mitigation measures for Debt and related Investments:

Nature of Risk	Mitigation Measures	
Liquidity Risk	Focus on good quality paper at the time of portfolio construction	
Credit Risk	In house dedicated team for credit appraisal	
	Issuer wise exposure limit	
	Rating grade wise exposure limit	
	Periodical portfolio review by the Board of AMC	
Interest Rate Risk	k Close watch on the market events	
	Active duration management	
	Portfolio exposure spread over various maturities.	
Regulatory Risk	Online monitoring of various exposure limits by the Front Office System also as a backup, manual control is	
	implemented.	

Further, the Investment Manager endeavours to invest in REITs/InvITS, where adequate due diligence and research has been performed by the Investment Manager. The Investment Manager also relies on their own research as well as third party research. The analysis will focus, amongst others, on the predictability and strength of cash flows, value of assets, capital structure, business prospects, policy environment, strength of management, responsiveness to business conditions, etc.

While these measures are expected to mitigate the above risks to a large extent, there can be no assurance that these risks would be completely eliminated.

The measures mentioned above is based on current market conditions and may change from time to time based on changes in such conditions, regulatory changes and other relevant factors. Accordingly, our investment strategy, risk mitigation measures and other information contained herein may change in response to the same.

#### **II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME**

#### A. Where will the scheme invest?

In line with the investment allocation pattern of the scheme, the scheme will invest predominantly in equity and equity related instruments of those companies engaged in and/or expected to benefit from adoption of innovative strategies & theme.

Apart from the above, the scheme may invest in

- Other Equity & Equity related Instruments
- Debt and money market instruments including unrated debt investments, tri-party repos, securitized debt, Repo in corporate debt and corporate reverse repo
- Units of Mutual Fund Schemes
- ADR/GDR/Foreign securities/Overseas ETFs as permitted by Reserve Bank of India and Securities and Exchange Board of India.
- Fixed Income Derivatives including Interest rate Swap and Forward Rate agreements
- Units of REITs & InvITS.
- Writing of call options under covered call options
- Any other securities / instruments as permitted by SEBI /RBI from time to time subject to regulatory approvals.

#### Investment in Equities:

Investment in equity and equity related instrument will include securities such as: • Equity shares of listed and to be listed companies; • Equity / Equity related instruments of companies listed outside India • Derivatives (which includes but is not limited to stock and index futures or such other derivatives as are or may be permitted under the Regulations and/or RBI from time to time). • Preference shares; • Convertible debentures; • Preference shares/Convertible Preference Shares.

#### **Investment in Hybrid Securities**

• Investment in Real Estate Investment Trust (REITs) & Infrastructure Investment Trust (InvITs)

"REIT" or "Real Estate Investment Trust" shall have the meaning assigned in clause (zm) of sub-regulation 1 of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Real Estate Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014. REITs are companies that own and lease out commercial or residential real estate. The rental incomes from the properties are shared among REIT investors, who are allotted units. These units are tradeable on exchanges. "InvITS" or "Infrastructure Investment Trust" shall have the meaning assigned in clause (za) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014. InvITS are similar to REITs, except these own infrastructure assets not real estate.

#### **Investment in Debt Securities:**

Investment in Debt and Money Market securities will include securities such as: • Domestic fixed income Instruments like Commercial Paper, Certificate of Deposit, Non-Convertible Debentures, Treasury Bills, triparty repo on government securities or treasury bills. • Zero Interest Bonds, Deep Discount Bonds, Floating Rate Bonds. • Government Securities. • Repo in corporate debt securities • Domestic Interest Rate Derivatives like interest rate swaps, forward rate agreement, interest rate futures, options and such other derivative instruments as permitted by SEBI / RBI from time

to time. • Cash & Cash equivalent includes, Repo, Tri-party repo, and all money market instruments with residual maturity of less than 91 days. Any other like instruments as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time.

#### **Units of Mutual Funds**

The scheme may also invest in units of liquid / money market / debt mutual fund schemes of Tata Mutual Fund or in the Scheme(s) of other mutual funds in conformity with the investment objective / asset allocation of the Scheme.

#### **Repo in Corporate Debt Securities**

The scheme may participate in repo in corporate debt securities subject to guidelines specified by RBI and SEBI which includes the following:

- Gross exposure to corporate bond repo transaction should not be more than 10% of the net asset of the scheme.
- The cumulative gross exposure through equities (including foreign securities), repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with other debt securities and money market securities, REITs & InvITS and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
- The Scheme will participate in repo transactions only in AA and above rated corporate debt securities.
- The Scheme may borrow through repo transactions (for redemption/income distribution cum capital withdrawal payout) only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months and aggregate borrowing is note more than 20% of net assets of the Scheme.
- Credit exposure will be on the counterparty and not on the collateral securities in case of corporate bond repo. Issuer and counterparty
  limits will be based on approved credit universe.

The scheme will ensure compliance with the Seventh Schedule of the Mutual Funds Regulations about restrictions on investments, wherever applicable, as well as SEBI circular with respect to repo transactions in corporate debt securities.

As mandated by provision no. 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, AMC and Trustee company of Tata Mutual Fund have specified norms for Category of counterparty, credit rating of counterparty, tenor of collateral and applicable haircuts for participation in repo in corporate bonds.

The above lists are illustrative and not the exhaustive and may include other money market securities as may be available / introduced in the market.

The securities mentioned above could be listed, to be listed, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated and of maturity which is less than or equal to maturity of a scheme. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offer or negotiated deals. Please refer to the Clause "Liquidity & Settlement Risks" under Specific Risk Factors to understand the liquidity risk associated with securities.

#### **Investment in Securities of Group Companies**

As per SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, the Fund shall not make any investments in any un-listed securities of associate/ group companies of the Sponsors. The Fund will also not make investment in privately placed securities issued by associate / group companies of the Sponsors. The Fund may invest not more than 25% of the net assets in listed securities of Group companies.

#### **Derivatives and Hedging Products:**

The Scheme may invest in Derivative Instruments to the extent permitted under provision no. 7.5 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024.

#### Options:

An option gives a person the right but not an obligation to buy or sell something. An option is a contract between two parties wherein the buyer receives a privilege for which he pays a fee (premium), and the seller accepts an obligation for which he receives a fee. The premium is the price negotiated and set when the option is bought or sold. A person who buys an option is said to be long in the option. A person who sells (or writes) an option is said to be short in the option.

An option contract may be of two kinds:

- 1) Call option: An option that provides the buyer the right to buy is a call option. The buyer of the call option can call upon the seller of the option and buy from him the underlying asset at the agreed price. The seller of the option must fulfil the obligation upon exercise of the option.
- 2) Put option: The right to sell is called a put option. Here, the buyer of the option can exercise his right to sell the underlying asset to the seller of the option at the agreed price.

Option contracts are classified into two styles:

(a) European Style

In a European option, the holder of the option can only exercise his right on the date of expiration only.

(b) American Style

In an American option, the holder can exercise his right anytime between the purchase date and the expiration date.

#### Interest Rate Swap & Forward Rate Agreements

An interest rate swap is a financial contract between two parties exchanging a stream of interest payments for a notional principal amount on multiple occasions during a specified period.

Typically, one party receives a pre-determined fixed rate of interest while the other party, receives a floating rate, which is linked to a mutually agreed benchmark with provision for mutually agreed periodic resets.

As per SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations 1996, the Scheme shall not make any investments in any un-listed securities of associate / group companies of the Sponsors. The Fund will also not make investment in privately placed securities issued by associate / group companies of the Sponsor. The Scheme may invest not more than 25% of the net assets in listed securities of Group companies. The Scheme shall make investment out of the NFO proceeds only on or after the closure of the NFO period in accordance with the investment objective of the scheme. In the event of non-receipt of the minimum subscription amount, the Trustee Company shall ensure that the entire amount collected as subscription money is refunded to the Unitholders notwithstanding any loss arising out of such investment during the interim period.

#### Overview of Debt Market:

The major players in the Indian Debt Markets are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies and mutual funds. The instruments in the market can be broadly categorized as those issued by corporate, banks, financial institutions and those issued by state/central governments. The risk associated with any investments are – credit risk, interest rate risks and liquidity risk. While corporate papers carry credit risk due to changing business conditions, government securities are perceived to have zero credit risk. Interest rate risk is present in all debt securities and depends on a variety of macroeconomic factors. The liquidity risk in corporate securities market is higher compared to those of government securities. The liquidity risk in corporate securities market is higher compared to those of government securities. Liquidity in the corporate debt market has been improving due to the entry of more players and due to various measures taken by the regulators to increase the liquidity and transparency such as introduction of repo in corporate bonds, Credit Default Swaps, compulsory reporting of secondary market OTC transactions on exchange platforms to name a few. Moreover, the recent successful e introduction of Interest Rate Future in the benchmark 10 year Government Bond will also likely to increase the depth in the debt market.

The market participants in the corporate debt and gilt markets are banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, corporates, insurance companies, FPIs, primary dealers and provident funds. The main debt instruments in the market are those issued by Corporates and State/Central Governments. Corporate papers carry credit risk while government securities are believed to carry no credit risk. The main risks with investments in debt securities are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Interest rate risk associated with debt instruments depend on the macroeconomic environment. It includes both market price changes due to change in yields as well as coupon reinvestment rate risk. Corporate papers carry higher liquidity risk as compared to gilts due to the depth of the gilt market.

#### Money Market:

Money market encompasses a wide range of instruments with maturities ranging from one day to a year, issued by Government, Banks and corporates etc. and traded in markets of varying liquidity. The risk associated with any investments are — credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. However, such risks are lower in case of money market instruments compare to other debt instruments. Further, within the gamut of money market instruments as available in the market, such risks are very low in case of instruments issued by government. While corporate papers carry credit risk due to changing business conditions, government securities are perceived to have zero credit risk.

The following table attempts to give a broad overview of the available instruments in the financial markets and their risk return profile. The data given in the table is based on market conditions around the date of the Offer document and can at best be considered indicative:

Expected Yields Range on Debt Securities as on 05.10.2024

Issuer	Instruments	Maturity	Expected Yield Range (%)
GOI	T-Bill	91 days	6.4-6.5
GOI	T-Bill	182 days	6.49-6.59
GOI	T-Bill	364 days	6.51-6.61
GOI	Short dated	1-3 yrs	6.65-6.75
GOI	Long dated	3-5 yrs	6.7-6.8
GOI	Long dated	5-7 yrs	6.73-6.83
Corporate	AAA	1-3 yrs	7.5-7.6
Corporate	AAA	3-5 yrs	7.4-7.5
Corporate	AA	1-3 yrs	8.15-8.25
Corporate	AA	3-5 yrs	8.21-8.31
Corporate	СР	3 months	7.4-7.5
Corporate	СР	1 year	7.8-7.9
Banks	CD	3 months	7.15-7.25
Banks	CD	1 year	7.55-7.65

Repo	1-3 days	6.25-6.35	l
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#### B. What are the investment restrictions ? (as per seventh schedule of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations 1996)

- 1. The scheme shall not invest more than 10 per cent of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company.
- 2. All investments by the scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed
- 3. The Mutual Fund under all its scheme(s) shall not own more than ten percent of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.
- 4. A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company:

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills and Tri Party Repo on Government Securities or treasury bills.

Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitized debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board.

A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than:

- a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below

issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit.

#### Note:

- i. The long-term rating of issuers shall be considered for the money market instruments. However, if there is no long-term rating available for the same issuer, then based on credit rating mapping of CRAs between short term and long-term ratings, the most conservative long-term rating shall be taken for a given short term rating.
- ii. Exposure to government money market instruments such as TREPS on G-Sec/ T-bills shall be treated as exposure to government securities

Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitized debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board.

4A A mutual fund scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments: Provided that Mutual Fund Schemes may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by the SEBI from time to time:

Provided further that mutual fund schemes shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by the SEBI:

Provided further that the norms for investments by mutual fund schemes in unrated debt instruments shall be specified by the SEBI from time to time.

#### Note:

- a) Provision no. 4.3 and 12.1 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 has issued following guidelines w.r.t. investment in unlisted debt & money market instruments.
- b) Mutual fund scheme may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures (NCDs) that have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.
- Investment restrictions as given below:-
- c) Maximum investment in unlisted NCDs will be 10 % of the debt portfolio of the scheme
- d) investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the following:
  - Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated
    and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars
    issued thereunder.
  - II. Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
  - III. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of trustees.

- 5. The scheme shall not make any investment in.
  - a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - b) any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
  - c) the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- 6. Transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same mutual fund shall be allowed only if:-
  - (a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price^ for quoted instruments on spot basis.
    - Explanation- "spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions.
  - (b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

^Note: Provision no. 9.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 has prescribed the methodology for determination of price to be considered for inter scheme transfers.

. Inter scheme transfers (ISTs) will be done in accordance with additional safeguard prescribed in terms of provision no. 9.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024.

If any security gets downgraded following ISTs, within a period of four months, Fund Manager of buying scheme must provide detailed justification /rationale to the trustees for buying such security.

- 7. The scheme may invest in another scheme under the same asset management company or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.
- 8. Every mutual fund shall buy and sell securities based on deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

Provided that a mutual fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by the SEBI:

Provided further that a mutual fund may enter derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by the SEBI.

- 9. The mutual fund shall, get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the mutual fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long term nature.
- 10. Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in terms of investment objectives of the scheme, a mutual fund may invest them in short term deposits of schedule commercial banks, subject to provision no. 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024.
  - a. The term 'short term' for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
  - b. Such deposits shall be held in the name of each Scheme.
  - c. Each Scheme shall not park more than 15% of its net assets in the short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, it may be raised to 20% with the prior approval of the Trustee. Also, parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
  - d. Each Scheme shall not park more than 10% of its net assets in short term deposit(s) with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
  - e. Trustees /AMC will ensure that no funds of a scheme is parked in Short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that scheme and the bank in which a scheme has short term deposit do not invest in that scheme until the scheme has short term deposit with such bank.

The above provisions do not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivative market.

- 11 The scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- 12 The scheme will not advance any loan for any purpose.
- 13 The fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the mutual funds for the purpose of repurchase/ redemption of units or payment of interest or income distribution cum capital withdrawal to the unitholders.
- 14 The fund shall not borrow more than 20 per cent of the net asset of the scheme and the duration of such a borrowing shall not exceed a period of six months.
- 15 The Scheme may invest in the units of REITs and InvITS subject to the following:
  - (a) No mutual fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of units issued by a single issuer of REIT and InvITS; and
  - (b) The scheme shall not invest
    - i. more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvITS; and
    - ii. more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvITS issued by a single issuer.

16. Participation in Repo in Corporate Debt Securities is subject to the following restriction:

- a) Gross exposure to corporate bond repo transaction should not be more than 10% of the net asset of the scheme.
- b) The Scheme will participate in repo transactions only in AA and above rated corporate debt securities.
- c) The Scheme may borrow through repo transactions (for redemption/ income distribution cum capital withdrawal payout) only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months and aggregate borrowing is note more than 20% of net assets of the Scheme.

#### Restrictions with respect to Overseas Investments:

SEBI provision no. 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 has revised the aggregate ceiling for the mutual fund industry to invest in following securities Up to US \$ 7 billion, and within this limit of US \$ 7 billion, individual Mutual Fund can make overseas investments in following securities to a maximum of US \$ 1 billion.

Provision no. 12.19.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, **states that** US \$ 50 million would be reserved for each Mutual Fund individually to make overseas investments, within the overall industry limit of US \$ 7 billion.

SEBI vide provision no. 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 has permitted mutual funds to invest in following types of foreign securities:

- · ADRs/GDRs issued by Indian companies or foreign companies, Equity of overseas companies listed on recognized stock exchanges overseas
- Initial and follow on public offering for listing at recognized stock exchange overseas
- Foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies
- Money market instruments rated not below investment grade.
- Repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade; repos should not however, involve any borrowing
  of funds by mutual funds
- Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade.
- Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities
- · Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade
- Units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, (b)
  Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or (c) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of
  their net assets).

SEBI provision no. 12.19.1.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, permits mutual fund to invest in overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) cumulatively upto US\$ 1 billion with a sub – ceiling of US\$ 300 million for individual Mutual Fund.

For all ongoing schemes that invest or are allowed to invest in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs, an investment headroom of 20% of the average AUM in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs of the previous three calendar months would be available to the Mutual Fund for that month to invest in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs subject to maximum limits specified above.

To the extent that the assets of the Scheme will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets may be adversely affected by changes in the value of certain foreign currencies relative to the Indian rupee. The repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls or political circumstances or any other restriction applicable to it. To manage risk associated with foreign currency and interest rate exposure and for efficient portfolio management, the fund may use derivatives such as cross currency swaps etc. The use of currency derivatives would be in accordance with the prevailing regulations.

Portfolio of overseas / foreign securities to be managed by a dedicated Fund Manager has been made optional pursuant to SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2024/30 dated April 30, 2024 subject to the condition that the person appointed as fund manager of such funds should have adequate expertise and experience to manage investments in overseas securities. While selecting the securities, the Fund Manager may rely on the inputs received from internal research or research conducted by external agencies in various geographies. The fund may also appoint overseas investment advisors / managers to advise / manage portfolio of foreign securities in case of need.

The investment in such Overseas Financial Assets shall not exceed the limit as may be imposed by SEBI/ RBI from time to time.

SEBI vide its letter dated March 19, 2024 has advised Mutual funds to temporarily stop subscriptions in overseas ETFs w.e.f April 01, 2024. As and when SEBI permits investments in overseas ETF's the scheme may undertake investment.

AMC believes that overseas securities offer new investment and portfolio diversification opportunities into multi-market and multicurrency products. However, such investments also entail additional risks. The Fund may, where necessary, appoint other intermediaries of repute as advisors, submanagers, or sub custodians for managing and administering such investments. The appointment of such intermediaries shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements, if any, of SEBI.

To manage risk associated with foreign currency and interest rate exposure and for efficient portfolio management, the fund may use derivatives such as cross currency swaps etc. The use of derivatives would be in accordance with the prevailing regulations.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

#### SID - Tata India Innovation Fund

These investment limitations / parameters (as expressed / linked to the net asset / net asset value / capital) shall in the ordinary course apply as at the date of the most recent transaction or commitment to invest, and changes do not have to be effected merely because, owing to appreciations or depreciations in value, or by reason of the receipt of any rights, bonuses or benefits in the nature of capital or of any scheme of arrangement or for amalgamation, reconstruction or exchange, or at any repayment or redemption or other reason outside the control of the Fund, any such limits would thereby be breached. If these limits are exceeded for reasons beyond its control, TAMPL shall adopt as a priority objective the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of the Unitholders.

In addition, certain investment parameters (like limits on exposure to Sectors, Industries, Companies, etc.) may be adopted internally by TAMPL, and amended from time to time, to ensure appropriate diversification / security for the Fund. The Trustee Company / TAMPL may alter these above stated limitations from time to time, and to the extent the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 change, to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its investment objective. As such all investments of the Scheme will be made in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, including Schedule VII thereof.

#### C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

#### (i) Type of a scheme

An open-ended equity scheme following innovation theme.

#### (ii) Investment Objective

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide investors with opportunities for long term capital appreciation by investing in equity and equity related instruments of companies that seeks to benefit from adoption of innovative strategies & theme. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved.

#### **Investment Pattern and Risk Profile:**

The tentative equity/debt/money market portfolio break-up with minimum and maximum asset allocation, while retaining the option to alter the asset allocation for a short term period on defensive considerations has been given in paragraph "Asset Allocation Pattern".

#### (iii) Terms of Issue

- a) Liquidity: Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.
- b) Aggregate fees and expenses chargeable to the Scheme. (Refer section "C Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses" of Part III Other Details for further details).
- c) The scheme does not provide any safety net or guarantee, nor does it provide any assurance regarding declaration of dividend. There is no guarantee or assurance that the scheme will achieve its' objective.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- i. SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal.
- ii. A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- iii. The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

#### D. Index methodology (for index funds, ETFs and FOFs having one underlying domestic ETF)

Not applicable.

E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers (for ETFs)

Not applicable, as the scheme is not an ETF.

F. Floors and ceiling within a range of 5% of the intended allocation against each sub class of asset, as per clause 13.6.2 of SEBI master circular for mutual funds dated June 27, 2024 (only for close ended debt schemes)

Not applicable, as the scheme is an open-ended scheme.

#### G. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures

Listing and Transfer of Units	Listing
	Not applicable
	Currently the scheme is not listed. However, the trustees may review the same in future and list the units under the Scheme on one or more Stock Exchanges later subject to adherence of terms and conditions of Regulators/Exchanges.
	<u>Transfer of Units</u>
	Units are freely transferable. Unitholders desirous of transferring units shall submit the transfer request in the prescribed form or convert his/her holding in non demat or demat mode. Any addition / deletion of name from the folio of the unitholder is deemed as transfer of unit. Transfer of unit(s) shall be subject to payment of applicable stamp duty by the unitholder(s) and applicable laws.
	The above provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of unitholder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of units and not transfer.
	The units issued in Demat (electronic) form are transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time.
	Transfer would be only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding units. The Fund will not be bound to recognize any other transfer.
	The delivery instructions for transfer of units will have to be lodged with the DP in the requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be affected in accordance with such rules/regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode.
	As per provision no. 14.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024. All the units of a mutual fund scheme held in Demat form will be freely transferable.
	Please refer SAI for the procedure of transmission & pledging. Investors are requested to visit the funds website for the list of prescribed documents under any of the procedure or call the investors service centers for any clarification on the above.
Dematerialization of Units	Pursuant to provision no. 14.4.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024and further as per AMFI Circular No 35P/MEMCOR/ 35/11-12 dated Dec 23, 2011, Mutual Fund shall provide an option to investors to hold units in Demat mode.
	As per provision no. 14.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, all the units of a mutual fund scheme held in Demat form will be freely transferable.
Minimum Target amount	Rs 10 Crores
(This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return)	
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	No upper limit.
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	Growth Option:
	The income / profits received / earned would be accumulated by the Fund as capital accretion, aimed at achieving capital growth and reflected in the NAV.
	Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Option:
	The profits received / earned and so retained and reinvested may be distributed as Income at appropriate rates (after providing for all relevant ongoing expenses, etc.) and at appropriate intervals as may be decided by the

AMC and/or Trustee Company. It will be distributed to the unitholders who hold the units on the record date of declaration of the Income.

Please note that the income distribution cum capital withdrawal and its frequency is subject to availability of distributable surplus and at the discretion of the trustees

The Fund reserves a right to modify the periodicity and manner of payout of such distribution as they deem fit without giving any further notice to unitholders.

The Fund does not assure any targeted annual return / income nor any capitalization ratio. Accumulation of earnings and / or capitalization of bonus units and the consequent determination of NAV, may be suspended temporarily or indefinitely under any of the circumstances as stated in the clause "Suspension of Ongoing Sale, Repurchase or Switch out of Units".

#### Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Option:

Unitholders under this option also have the facility of reinvestment of the income so declared, if so desired. The income declared would be reinvested in the scheme on the immediately following ex-dividend date.

#### **Compulsory Reinvestment cum Capital Withdrawal Option:**

In order to reduce the expenses of the scheme and also for the convenience of the investors/- ,the distribution of income cum capital withdrawal shall be compulsorily reinvested( for investors of non-electronic mode) within the scheme at the applicable ex-dividend NAV if IDCW amount is Rs.100 or less in the same option of the respective plans of the scheme at the ex- dividend rate.

#### Allotment (during NFO)

Subject to the Scheme receiving the minimum subscription, full allotment will be made to all valid applications received during the New Fund Offer (NFO) period. Allotment of Units on Application shall be made in the following manner:

For applicants applying through ASBA, on allotment, the amount will be unblocked in their respective bank accounts and account will be debited only to the extent required to pay for allotment of Units applied in the application form.

At the discretion of the investors, the units under the Scheme shall either be allotted in dematerialized form (if investor has Demat account and he has provided the details of depository account in the application form) or by way of issuing the physical account statement.

The investors who wish to hold units in Demat mode need to furnish the details of their depository account in the Application Form. The Units allotted in electronic form will be credited to the investor's Beneficiary Account with a Depository Participant (DP) of CDSL or NSDL as per the details furnished by the investor in the Application Form within five business days from the close of the New Fund Offer.

An Investor who has not provided Demat account details shall be issued an account statement specifying the number of units allotted. A statement of accounts specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant or issue units in the dematerialized form as soon as possible but not later than five working days from the date of closure of the initial subscription list or from the date of receipt of the application.

Please note that where the investor has furnished the details of their depository accounts in the Application Form, it will be assumed that the investor has opted for allotment in electronic form and the allotment will be made only in electronic form as default.

Kindly refer clause "Account Statements" for provisions relating to dispatch of Account Statement. In case unit holder wish to dematerialize the units, he/she shall comply with the procedures prescribed by the AMC / Depository from time to time.

The process of allotment of Units will be completed within 5 (five) working / business days from the date of closure of the New Fund Offer Period.

The units are freely transferable in demat or non demat mode. Transfer of units shall be subject to payment of applicable stamp duty by the unitholders and as per applicable laws.

Unitholders desirous of transferring units shall submit the transfer request in the prescribed form and with other documents as may be mandated by AMC.

The allotment of units is subject to realization of the payment instrument.

Any application for subscription of units may be rejected if found incomplete or due to unavailability of underlying securities, etc.

## Allotment during continuous offer for sale period.

At the discretion of the investors, the units under the scheme shall either be allotted in dematerialized form (if investor has Demat account and he has provided the details of depository account in the application form) or by

way of issuing the physical account statement.

The investors who wish to hold units in Demat mode need to furnish the details of their depository account in the Application Form. The Units allotted in electronic form will be credited to the investor's Beneficiary Account with a Depository Participant (DP) of CDSL or NSDL as per the details furnished by the investor in the Application Form

Those investors who have not provided Demat account details shall be issued account statement specifying the number of units allotted. A statement of accounts specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant or issue units in the dematerialized form as soon as possible but not later than five working days from the date of closure of the initial subscription list or from the date of receipt of the application.

The units are freely transferable in demat or non demat mode. Transfer of units shall be subject to payment of applicable stamp duty by the unitholders and as per applicable laws.

Unitholders desirous of transferring units shall submit the transfer request in the prescribed form and with other documents as may be mandated by AMC.

Further, where the investor has furnished the details of their depository accounts in the Application Form, it will be assumed that the investor has opted for allotment in electronic form and the allotment will be made only in electronic form as default

In case unit holder wish to dematerialize the units, he/she shall comply with the procedures prescribed by the AMC / Depository from time to time.

The allotment of units is subject to realisation of the payment instrument.

Any application for subscription of units may be rejected if found incomplete or due to unavailability of underlying securities, etc.

#### Refund

Refund of subscription money to applicants whose applications are invalid for any reason whatsoever, will be without incurring any liability whatsoever for interest or other sum. If the Fund fails to refund the amount within 5 business days, interest @15% per annum for delayed period shall be paid by the AMC. Refunds will be carried out electronically wherever CBS account nos., IFSC codes available or Direct Credit facility is available with the Bank else through refund orders marked "A/c. Payee Only" drawn in the name of the first applicant.

#### Who can invest

(This is an indicative list and investors are requested to consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile)

#### **Eligibility for Application**

The following persons (subject, wherever relevant to, purchase of Units being permitted under their respective constitutions and relevant State Regulations) are eligible to apply for the purchase of the Units:

- Adult individuals, either singly or more than one (not exceeding three) on first holder basis or jointly on an either or survivor/any one basis.
- Parents or other lawful Guardians on behalf of Minors. AMC will follow uniform process 'in respect of investments made in the name of a minor through a guardian' by provision no. 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 and circular no. HO/IMD/POD-II/CIR/P/2023/0069 dated May 12, 2023 which states that payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor i.e., the account the minor may hold with the parent/legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.
- Companies, corporate bodies, public sector undertakings, trusts, wakf boards or endowments, funds, institutions, associations of persons or bodies of individuals and societies (including Co-operative Societies) registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (so long as the purchase of Units is permitted under their respective constitutions).
- Mutual Funds (including any Scheme managed by AMC or any Scheme of any other Mutual Fund); (in accordance with Regulation 44(1) read with Clause 4 of Schedule VII, of the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996).
- Asset Management Company (AMC); (in accordance with Regulation 25(17) of the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996).
- Partnership firms, in the name of the partners.
- Hindu Undivided families (HUF) in the sole name of the Karta.
- Financial and Investment Institutions/ Banks.

- Army/ Navy / Air Force, para military Units and other eligible institutions.
- Religious and Charitable Trusts provided these are allowed to invest as per statute and their by-laws.
- Non-resident Indians/ persons of Indian origin residing abroad (NRIs) on a full repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis.
- Foreign Portfolio Investor (Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI) as defined under Regulation 2(1)(h) of Security Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014.
- International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India.

#### Compliance under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) regulations:

United States of America (US) has introduced chapter no. 4 in the US Internal Revenue Code as a part of the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act, which was enacted by the US legislature to create employment opportunities in US. The HIRE Act includes Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA), which now forms a part of the US-IR Code. The regulations for FATCA have undergone revision since 2010 and the final regulations make the FATCA provisions effective from July 1, 2014.

The objective of FATCA is to detect "US Persons", who evade US taxes by using financial account maintained outside US. The US persons are defined as those who have either US citizenship or US residency. The FATCA stipulates reporting on -

- i. US taxpayers about certain foreign financial accounts and offshore assets.
- ii. Foreign Financial Institutions (FFIs) about financial accounts with them of US taxpayers or foreign entities in which US taxpayers hold substantial ownership interest.

FFIs (including mutual funds in India) are required to periodically report information on accounts of US persons, who maintain balances above a threshold. In the event of a default in the reporting of information on accounts of US taxpayers, a withholding of 30% of the payment made from US sources will be imposed on the recalcitrant account holders and non-participating Financial Institutions. SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2014 dated June 30, 2014, has advised that Government of India and US Government have reached an agreement in substance on the terms of an Inter-Governmental Agreement (IGA) to implement FATCA and India is now treated as having an IGA in effect from April 11, 2014. Tata Asset Management Company private Limited (TAMPL) is classified as a Foreign Financial Institution (FFI) under the FATCA provisions and in accordance therewith, the AMC would be required to comply with the rules & regulations of FATCA, from time to time.

In order to ensure compliance with FATCA and other rules / directions / notifications as may be issued by Government of India or other regulatory authority, Mutual Funds are required to institute a process to identify US Person investors and report the same.

Applicants are required to refer to the "FATCA information" section in the application and mandatorily fill/sign off on the same. Applications without this information / declaration being filled/signed off will be deemed as incomplete and are liable to be rejected. Investors are requested to note that the contents of the information to be provided/ declaration in the application form may undergo a change on receipt of communication / guidelines from Government of India or AMFI or SEBI or any other regulatory authority.

#### Common Reporting Standard (CRS)

On similar lines of FATCA, the Organization of Economic Development (OECD), along with the G 20 countries, of which India is a member, has released a 'Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax matters'. In order to combat the problem of offshore tax evasion and avoidance and stashing of unaccounted money abroad, the G 20 & OECD countries have together developed a common reporting standard(CRS) on automatic exchange of information(AEOI). On June 3,2015 India has joined the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement(MCAA) on AEOI. The CRS on AEOI requires the financial institutions of the 'source' jurisdiction to collect and report information to their tax authorities about account holders 'resident' in other countries. The information to be exchanged relates not only to individuals, but also to shell companies and trusts having beneficial ownership or interest in the 'resident' countries.

In view of India's commitment to implement the CRS on AEOI and also the IGA with USA and with a view to provide information to other countries necessary legislative changes has already been made in Finance Act & by inserting Rules 114F to 114H and Form 61B to provide a legal basis for the Reporting Financial Institutions (RFIs) for maintaining and reporting information about the reportable accounts.

Applicants are required to refer to the "FATCA/CRS information" section in the application and mandatorily fill/sign off on the same. Applications without this information / declaration being filled/signed off will be deemed as incomplete and are liable to be rejected. Investors are requested to note that the contents of the information to be provided/ declaration in the application form may undergo a change on receipt of communication / guidelines from Government of India or AMFI or SEBI or any other regulatory authority.

With the change in guidelines, investors may be called for additional information required by the law. Investors are requested to keep Mutual Fund updated with change in information already submitted by them with Mutual Fund. FATCA provisions are relevant not only at on-boarding stage of investor(s)/unit holder(s) but also throughout the life cycle of investment with the Fund/the AMC. In view of this, Investors should immediately intimate to the Fund/the AMC, in case of any change in their status with respect to FATCA/CRS related declaration provided by them previously.

Subject to the Regulations and other applicable laws, the AMC / Trustee may reject any application for subscription and/or redemption of units if found incomplete or due to unavailability of underlying securities, etc.

Investors(s)/Unit holder(s) should consult their own tax advisors to understand the implications of FATCA/CRS provisions /requirements.

#### Who cannot invest

#### Applicants who cannot Invest.

- A person who falls within the definition of the term "U.S" Person" under the US Securities Act of 1933 and corporations or other entities organised under the laws of the U.S.
- · A person who is resident of Canada.
- OCB (Overseas Corporate Bodies) as defined under Income Tax Act, 1061 and under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.

Any person /entity who is restrained/ prohibited/ debarred by any Regulators / Law Enforcement Agencies for investment in capital market.

The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other than prevailing statutory regulations, if any.

If a person resident of India at the time of subscription becomes a person resident outside India subsequently, shall have the option to either be paid Redemption value of Units, or continue into the Scheme if he/ she so desires and is otherwise eligible. However, the person who desires to continue in the Scheme shall not be entitled to any interest or any compensation during the period it takes for the Fund to record the change in Address and the Residential Status. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, the Trustee Company reserves the right to close the Unitholder account and to pay the Redemption value of Units, subsequent to his becoming a person resident outside India, should the reasons of expediency, cost, interest of Unitholders and other circumstances make it necessary for the Fund to do so. In such an event, no resident Unitholders who have subsequently become resident outside India shall have a right to claim the growth in capital and/ or income distribution.

This scheme has not been registered in any country outside India. To ensure compliance with any Laws, Acts, Enactments, etc. including by way of Circulars, Press Releases, or Notifications of Government of India, the Fund may require/give verification of identity/any special/additional subscription-related information from /of the Unitholders(which may result in delay in dealing with the applications, Units, benefits, distribution, etc./giving subscription details, etc.). Each Unitholder must represent and warrant to the Trustee Company/AMC that, among other things, he is able to acquire Units without violating applicable laws. The Trustee Company will not knowingly offer or sell Units to any person to whom such offer or sale would be unlawful, or might result in the Fund incurring any liability or suffering any other pecuniary disadvantages which the Fund might not otherwise incur or suffer. Units may not be held by any person in breach of the law or requirements of any governmental, statutory authority including, without limitation, Exchange Control Regulations. The Trustee company may, compulsorily redeem any Units held directly or beneficially in contravention of these prohibitions. In view of the individual nature of investment portfolio and its consequences, each Unitholder is advised to consult his/her own professional advisor concerning possible consequences of purchasing, holding, selling, converting or otherwise disposing of the Units under the laws of his/her State/country of incorporation, establishment, citizenship, residence or domicile.

### How to Apply and other details

 Investors can obtain application form from either Investor Service Centers (ISCs) / Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of AMC or can be downloaded from the website of AMC. Functional weblink: Kindly visit https://www.tatamutualfund.com/forms.

Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.

2. Link for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.

Functional weblink: Kindly visit <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/</a>

3. Details of R&T are as under:

Computer Age Management Services (Private) Limited (CAMS),

SEBI registration number INR000002813,

Unit: Tata Mutual Fund.

178/10 Kodambakkam High Road, Opp. Hotel Palm grove Nungambakkam, Chennai-600 034

Website: www.camsonline.com, Email: service@tataamc.com (Tata Mutual Fund Email Address),

Telephone: (022) 6282 7777 (Monday to Saturday 9:00am to 5:30pm)

The Registrar has set up a special Investor service cell for quick redressal of Unitholder grievances (if any). All correspondence, including change in the name, address, designated bank account number and bank branch, Account Statement, should be addressed to:

#### Computer Age Management Services (Private) Limited (CAMS),

148, OLD Mahabalipuram Road, Okkiyam Thuraipakkam, Chennai - 600 097.

Email: service@tataamc.com (Tata Mutual Fund Email Address),

Telephone (022) 6282 7777 (Monday to Saturday 9:00am to 5:30pm).

KYC is mandatory for investing in the Scheme. Non individual category of investors is required to furnish details of Ultimate Beneficial Owner(s) ('UBO') and submit proof of identity (viz. PAN with photograph or any other acceptable identity proof prescribed in common KYC form).

For ongoing purchase and redemption, applications completed in all respects, must be submitted only at the Investors Service Centers as mentioned on the back cover page of the respective scheme SID.

All investment cheques should be current dated.

<u>Investors are required to note that it</u> is mandatory to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/requests for redemption.

Duly filled application form can be submitted at branch offices of Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd or at Registrar and Transfer Agent (R&T).

For details on OPAs, R&T & Collecting Banker, please refer to the back cover page of this Scheme Information Document.

Investors can also subscribe to the units from the official website of the AMC i.e. www.tatamutualfund.com.

#### Official Points of Acceptance of Transaction through MF utility & MF Central

Investors are requested to visit the website of MFUI i.e., www.mfuindia.com to download the relevant forms.

The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.

The number of Units held by the Unit holder under his folio /Demat Account will stand reduced by the number of Units redeemed. Presently, the AMC does not intend to reissue the repurchased units. However, the Trustee reserves the right to reissue the repurchased units at a later date after issuing adequate public notices and taking approvals, if any, from SEBI.

Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.

Units are freely transferable. Unitholders desirous of transferring units shall submit the transfer request in the prescribed form or convert his/her holding in non demat or demat mode. Any addition / deletion of name from the folio of the unitholder is deemed as transfer of unit. Transfer of unit(s) shall be subject to payment of applicable stamp duty by the unitholder(s) and applicable laws.

The above provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of unitholder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of units and not transfer.

The units issued in Demat (electronic) form are transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time.

Transfer would be only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding units. The Fund will not be bound to recognize any other transfer.

The delivery instructions for transfer of units will have to be lodged with the DP in the requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be affected in accordance with such rules/regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode.

As per provision no. 14.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024. All the units of a mutual fund scheme held in Demat form will be freely transferable.

Please refer SAI for the procedure of transmission & pledging. Investors are requested to visit the funds website for the list of prescribed documents under any of the procedure or call the investors service centers for any clarification on the above.

There is no upper limit of redemption. However, this is subject to the following:

- a) The repurchase would be permitted to the extent of credit balance in the Unit holder's account.
- b) The Asset Management Company (AMC) may, in the general interest of the all Unit holders of the Scheme, keeping in view the unforeseen circumstances/unsure conditions, limit the total number of Units which may be redeemed on any Business Day. Restrictions may be imposed under the following circumstances that leads to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets.
  - a) Liquidity issues When markets at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security.
  - b) Market failures, exchange closures When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.
  - c) Operational issues When exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).

Under the aforesaid circumstances, the AMC / Trustee may restrict redemption for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. Any imposition of restriction on redemption / switch of units would require specific approval of Board of AMCs and Trustees and the same should be informed to SEBI immediately.

Unitholders should note that the following provisions shall be applicable when redemption requests are placed during such restricted period.

- i) No redemption requests upto Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction and
- ii) Where redemption requests are above Rs. 2 lakh, AMCs shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.

Cut off timing for subscriptions / redemptions/

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

#### Applicable NAV for Subscription / Switch-in :Cut Off Timing 3.00 pm

Particulars	Applicable NAV
Valid applications received (time-stamped) upto 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are available for utilization before the cut-off time i.e. credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time.	The closing NAV of the same day.
Valid applications received (time-stamped) after 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme either on the same day or before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day.	The closing NAV of the next Business Day.
Valid applications received (time-stamped) upto 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme after the cut-off time on the same day i.e. available for utilization after the cut-off time of the Day.	The closing NAV of the next Business Day.
Where the application is time stamped any day before the credit of the funds to the scheme but the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time on that Business Day.	The closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day on which funds are available for utilisation.

Realisation of funds means funds available to the AMC Scheme and not date and time of debit from Investor's account

In case application is time stamped after cut off timing on any day, the same will be considered as deemed to be received on the next business day.

In case funds are realised after cut-off timing on any day, the same will be considered as deemed to be realised / available for utilisation on the next business day.

For Switch-ins including Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) of any amount:

For determining the applicable NAV, the following shall be ensured:

- Application for switch-in is received before the applicable cut-off time.
- Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time, and the funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time.

> In case of switch/STP transactions, funds will be made available for utilization in the switch-in-scheme based on the redemption payout cycle of the switch out

Scheme Redemption /Switch Out: In respect of application received upto 3 p.m., closing NAV of the day of receipt of application shall be applicable and in respect of application received after 3 p.m. closing NAV of next business day.

Outstation cheques/demand drafts will not be accepted.

Valid application for "switch out" shall be treated as redemption and for "switch in" shall be treated as purchases and the relevant NAV of "Switch in" and "Switch Out" shall be applicable accordingly.

Minimum amount for Purchase / Redemption / switch out

Regular Plan (For applications routed through Distributors) & Direct Plan (For applications not routed through Distributors):

#### Minimum Amount for Purchase / switch in:

Minimum initial investment in the scheme / plan / option: Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.

For additional investment Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/-.

The additional purchase investment can be made in Growth or IDCW option if initial investments exist under the requested option either in Direct or in Regular plan of the scheme.

#### Example:

Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Additional Investment allowed in
Regular Plan – Growth	Regular or Direct Plan - Growth
Regular Plan – IDCW	Regular or Direct Plan – IDCW
Direct Plan – Growth	Direct or Regular Plan – Growth
Direct Plan – IDCW	Direct or Regular Plan – IDCW

#### Minimum application amount for SIP

Rs 100 and in multiples of Re 1/- thereafter.

Minimum Redemption amount will be Rs.500 or 50 units or folio available balance (whichever is lower)

There is no minimum amount requirement, in case of investors opting to switch "all units" from any existing schemes of Tata Mutual Fund to this Scheme.

The minimum application amount and minimum redemption amount wherever specified in the concerned SIDs & KIMs will not be applicable for investment made in schemes of the Fund in compliance with the provision no. 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 (Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes).

#### Regular Plan (For applications routed through Distributors)

#### Direct Plan (For applications not routed through Distributors)

**Default Plan:** Investors are requested to note the following scenarios for the applicability of "Direct Plan (application not routed through distributor) or Regular Plan (application routed through distributor)" for valid applications received under the plan of the scheme:

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within

30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

Unitholders can opt for only one Income Distribution Cum Capital Withdrawal Sub Option under a scheme in a single folio. In case, different Income Distribution Cum Capital Withdrawal Sub-Option are required, unitholders are required to create a new folio.

Also note that the Income Distribution Cum Capital Withdrawal Sub-Option selected in the last inflow transaction will be applicable to all the transactions in the respective scheme sub-option in the folio. A simple example will explain the above statement:

Date	Request by unitholder	Sub Option
01/01/2021	Purchase in Income Distribution	Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
02/03/2021	SIP Registered in Income Distribution	Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
03/05/2021	Additional Purchase in Income Distribution	Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option
02/06/2021	SIP Instalment	Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option

Hence the income distribution sub option chosen by unitholders in the last transaction (i.e SIP instalment as on 02/06/2021 sub option reinvestment) will be applicable to all transactions in the related scheme sub option in the folio.

In case of statutory/ legal attachments/ suspensions or litigations/ disputes at the unitholders /investor's end, the income distribution will compulsorily be reinvested, and no payout shall be made during the said period, irrespective of the income distribution sub-option selected.

#### Treatment of Business Received Through Suspended Distributors:

The financial transactions of an investor where his distributor's AMFI Registration Number (ARN) has been suspended temporarily or terminated permanently by Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) shall be processed as follows:

- 2. All purchase and switch transactions including SIP/STP registered prior to the date of suspension and fresh SIP/STP registrations received under the ARN code of a suspended distributor during the period of suspension, shall be processed under 'Direct Plan' and shall be continued under Direct Plan perpetually except in case where TAMPL receives any written request/ instructions from the unitholder/s to shift back to Regular Plan under the ARN of the distributor post the revocation of suspension of ARN.
- 3. All Purchase and Switch Transactions including SIP/STP transactions received through the stock exchange platform through a distributor whose ARN is suspended shall be rejected.

Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non-maintenance.

There is no minimum balance requirement for the scheme.

Accounts Statements (CSO 60) (SO 18)

The AMC will send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).

A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15<sup>th</sup> of the succeeding month.

Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21<sup>st</sup> day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable

For further details, refer SAI.

Dividend / IDCW

The payment of dividend to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date.

#### SID - Tata India Innovation Fund

	The above timelines are subject to the list of exceptional circumstance as specified by SEBI or AMFI from time to time.
Redemption	The redemption proceeds will be dispatched to the unit holders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
	The redemption cheque will be issued in the name of the first unitholder.
	The above revised timelines are subject to the list of exceptional circumstances specified as per provision no. 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024.

Sr	Exceptional Situations	Additional Timelines Allowed
No (i)	Payment of redemption proceeds through physical instruments (cheque / DD) where electronic fund transfer is not possible (such as old / non-Core Banking account / IFSC non-available records / IMPS failed records for reasons like name mismatch*, technical error / Investor Bank not participating in Electronic Fund transfers or failure of electronic credit for any reason which are at the bank's end.  * Name mismatch typically occurs where the bank account is held jointly, but the 1st holder in MF Folio may not be first holder in the bank account or the investor's name in MF folio and his/her bank account may not be exactly identical e.g., MF folio is held by A+B, but the bank account is in the name of B +A; OR the name as per bank a/c & MF folio are recorded a bit differently e.g.,  (i) Given Name + Middle Name + Surname  (ii) Given Name + Surname  (iii) Surname + Given Name etc.  Note: When payment is made through cheque / DD, the investor's bank account details registered with the RTA shall be printed on the cheque/DD, so that the amount is paid only through the investor's bank account to	Additional 2 working days
(ii)	mitigate the risk of fraudulent encashment.  On such days, where it is a bank holiday in some or all the states, but a business day for the stock exchanges.	Additional 1 working day following the bank holiday(s) in the State where the investor has bank account.
(iii)	Exceptional circumstances such a sudden declaration of a business day as a holiday (as it happened on the day the famous singer Lata Mangeshkar passed away) or as a non-business day due to any unexpected reason / Force Majeure events.	In all such exceptional situations the timelines prescribed in provision no. 14.1 & 14.2 of SEB Master Circular on Mutual Fundated June 27, 2024 shall be counted from the date the situation becomes normal.
(iv)	In all such cases where a request for Change of Bank account has been received just prior to (upto 10 days prior) OR simultaneously with redemption request.	In all such cases, the AMCs of RTAs can make the redemption payment after the cooling of period of 10 days from the date of receipt of COBM.  The redemption transaction shall be processed as per the applicable NAV on the basis time stamp.  The credit may either be given in the existing bank account or the new bank account post due diligence within 1 working day after cooling off period.
(v)	Need for additional due diligence in instances such as Transmission reported in one fund, but not in the current fund, proceedings by Income Tax authorities, Folio under lock/bank lien etc.	Additional 3 working days

For units held in demat form: Unitholders should submit their valid redemption request to their Depository Participant (DP). The redemption proceeds will be credited to the bank account of the Unitholder, as per the bank account details recorded with the DP through electronic modes or by forwarding a Cheque / Draft.

#### Bank Mandate

(Bank Account Details)

It shall be mandatory for the Unitholders to mention their bank account numbers in the applications/requests for redemptions. Unitholders are requested to give the full particulars of their Bank Account i.e. nature and number of account, name, Account Number, Nine digit MICR code No. (For Electronic Credit Facility), IFSC code for NEFT a 11 digit number, branch address of the bank at the appropriate space in the application form.

#### Uniform Procedure for Change of Bank Details (COB) and Change of Address (COA)

In order to protect the interest of the investors and mitigate the risks arising due to of increasingly fraudulent attempts by external elements by changing the address and/or bank details of the genuine investor, uniform process for carrying out change of bank and change of address is recommended by NISM committee.

Tata Mutual Fund (TMF) has adopted the following process for Change of Bank Mandate (COB) and Change of Address (COA) in line with the AMFI circular 135/BP/17/10-11 dated October 22, 2010 and 135/BP/26/11-12 dated March 21, 2012.

#### A. Documents required for Change of Bank Mandate (COB)

1. Transaction slip/Request letter from investor

And

2. Proof of New Bank Mandate:

Original of any one of the following documents or originals should be produced for verification or copy should be attested by the Bank:

 Cancelled original cheque of the new bank mandate with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque.

OR

 Self attested copy of not older than 3 months bank statement containing the first unit holder name and bank account number

OR

 Bank passbook with current entries not older than 3 months containing the first unit holder name and bank account number.

OR

 Original Bank Letter on the letter head containing the first unit holder name and bank account number duly signed by branch manager/authorized personnel with name, employee code and bank seal.

And

3. Proof of Existing Bank Mandate:

Original of any one of the following documents or copy should be attested by the Bank or originals should be produced for verification:

 Cancelled original cheque with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque.

OR

 Original bank account statement / Pass book containing the first unit holder name and bank account number.

OR

Original letter issued by the bank on the letter head confirming the bank account holder name with the account details, duly signed by the Branch Manager with name, employee code and bank seal.

OR

In case such bank account is already closed, an original letter on the letter head of such bank duly signed by the Branch Manager with name, employee code and bank seal, confirming the closure of said account.

## A. Documents required for Updation of Bank Mandate (pertains to the period when bank details were not mandatory)

1. Transaction slip/Request letter from investor

and

2. Proof of New Bank Mandate

Original of any one of the following documents or originals should be produced for verification or copy should be attested by the Bank:

- Cancelled original cheque of the new bank mandate with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque.
- Self attested copy of not older than 3 months bank statement containing the first unit holder name and bank account number

OR

 Bank passbook with current entries not older than 3 months containing the first unit holder name and bank account number.

OR

 Original Bank Letter on the letter head containing the first unit holder name and bank account number duly signed by branch manager/authorized personnel with name, employee code and bank seal.

And

3. Proof of Identity: Only PAN card copy if PAN is updated in the folio, or PAN/ other proof of identity ((as per KYC guidelines) if PAN is not updated in the folio.

#### **Important Note:**

Unitholders may note that minimum 10 days prior notice is required for change/updation of bank account details. In case prior notice for change of bank account details is not provided atleast 10 days prior to the date of redemption then the payment of redemption proceeds may be paid out to the existing bank account. For unit holder where the units are held in demat, please ensure that the bank account details linked with the demat account is updated. Maturity payment would be made as per the bank account details as provided by the Depository Participant.

#### B. Documents required for Change of Address (COA)

KYC not complied Folios/Clients:

1. Transaction slip/Request letter from investor

And

2. Proof of New Address (as per KYC guidelines)

And

3. Proof of Identity: Only PAN card copy if PAN is updated in the folio, or PAN/ other proof of identity ((as per KYC guidelines) if PAN is not updated in the folio.

Unitholders may note that copies of all the documents submitted should be self-attested and accompanied by originals for verification. In case the original of any document is not produced for verification, then the copies should be properly attested / verified by entities authorized for attesting/verification of the documents as per extant KYC guidelines.

II) Restriction on Acceptance of Third Party Payments for Subscription of units of schemes of Tata Mutual Fund: In pursuance to Best Practice Guidelines issued by Association of Mutual Funds in India [AMFI] Vide Circular No.135/BP/16/10 dated August 16th 2010 for acceptance of Third party cheques, Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd has decided not to accept subscriptions with Third-Party cheques, For details kindly refer Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

# Delay in payment of redemption / Repurchase proceeds / dividend

AMC will be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 by SEBI for the period of such delay, subject to exceptional circumstances as mentioned in this document.

#### Income distribution cum capital withdrawal

In case of failure to dispatch income distribution cum capital withdrawal proceeds within seven working days from the record date, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the Unit Holders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum).

#### Redemption

In case of failure to despatch redemption proceeds within three working days, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the Unit Holders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum).

#### Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW) Amount

#### Treatment of Unclaimed dividend and redemption amounts

In accordance with provision no. 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, the unclaimed Redemption amount and dividend amount may be deployed by the Mutual Fund in call money market or money market Instruments as well as in a separate plan or liquid scheme/money market mutual fund scheme floated by mutual funds. Investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment.

Investors who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education. AMC will play a proactive role in tracing the rightful owner of the unclaimed amounts considering the steps suggested by regulator vide the referred circular. Further, AMC will not charge any exit load in this plan and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of such plan shall be capped at 50 bps.

## Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors

#### Uniform process shall be applicable for investments made in the name of minor through a guardian:

In case of application in the name of minor, the minor has to be the first and the sole holder. No joint holder will be allowed with the Minor as the first or sole holder. The Guardian of the minor should either be a natural guardian (i.e., father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian. A copy of birth certificate, passport copy, etc. evidencing date of birth of the minor and relationship of the guardian with the minor, should be mandatorily attached with the application.

- i. AMC will follow uniform process 'in respect of investments made in the name of a minor through a guardian' by provision no. 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024. Further, according to the SEBI circular no. HO/IMD/POD-II/CIR/P/2023/0069 dated May 12, 2023, payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor i.e., the account the minor may hold with the parent/legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.
- ii. Upon the minor attaining the status of major/attaining 18 years of age, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to complete the CKYC process and provide PAN, all the KYC details, FATCA details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf with the name of major printed over it and by filling up a prescribed attaining Major status available on our website. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major.
- iii. Any instructions registered for Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) etc. shall be suspended when the minor attains majority, till the status is changed to major.
- iv. The major may update Nomination in favour of an individual.

#### Restriction on Acceptance of Third-Party Payments for Subscription of units of schemes:

Application with third party cheque / third party bank account will be rejected except following which allowed under extant regulations / AMFI Guidelines.

a) Payment by Employer on behalf of employee through Payroll deductions. or deductions out of the expense reimbursements or in lieu of other payments., AMC shall take extra due diligence in terms of ensuring the authenticity of such arrangements from a fraud prevention & KYC perspective.

#### Note:

Association of Mutual Funds in India [AMFI] vide its Best Practice Guidelines no 135/BP/23/2011-12 dated 29th April 2011 has clarified that payment made by a guardian whose name is registered in the records of Mutual Fund in that folio will not be treated as a Third-Party Payment.

#### Other Scheme related disclosures:

Ongoing Offer Period	The Scheme will reopen for subscriptions / redemptions, within 5 business days from the date of allotment.
This is the date from which the scheme will reopen for subscriptions/redemptions after the closure of the NFO period.	
Ongoing price for subscription (purchase)/switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors.	At the applicable NAV.
This is the price you need to pay for purchase/switch-in.	
Ongoing price for redemption (sale) / repurchase / switch	At the applicable NAV subject to prevailing exit load, if any.
outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors.	Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs. Example: If the applicable NAV is Rs. 10, exit load is 2% then redemption price will be: Rs.  $10^*$  (1-0.02) = Rs. 9.80

The Trustee Company may however, from time to time review and modify the repurchase load for each choice of investment. The Units if partially repurchased would be subtracted from the Unit balance of that Unitholder on "First In First Out" basis i.e. the Units that were offered / allotted first would be the first to be repurchased. In case amount is withdrawn, the same will be converted into Units at the applicable Repurchase price / NAV related price and the number of Units so arrived at will be subtracted from the Unit balance of that Unitholder on "First In First Out" basis. The repurchase would be permitted to the extent of credit balance in the Unitholder's account.

The repurchase cheque will be issued in the name of the first unitholder.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will ensure that the repurchase cheques are despatched within ten business days from the date of processing the repurchase request on repurchase day. In the event of partial repurchase, the Fund shall despatch the revised Account Statement by suitable mode as decided by AMC from time to time for the balance number of Units still being held by the Unitholder along with the repurchase cheque. Credit balances in the account of a Non-Resident Unitholder on maturity or otherwise, (where RBI final approval and any other approval (if any required) has been obtained) may be repurchased by the Fund by such Unitholder in accordance with the procedure described above and also subject to any procedures laid down by RBI and any other agency.

Such repurchase proceeds will be paid by means of a Rupee cheque payable to the NRE/ NRO account of the Unitholder or subject to RBI procedures and approvals, such payment in Indian Rupees will be converted into US Dollars or into any other currency, as may be permitted by RBI, at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of remittance and will be despatched at the applicants' risk, or at the request of the applicants' will be credited to their NRE/ NRO Accounts, details of which are to be furnished in the space provided for this purpose in the Repurchase Form.

The Fund will not be liable for any delays or for any loss on account of exchange fluctuations, while converting the rupee amount in US Dollar or any other currency. The Fund (if required) may also make arrangements to obtain RBI approvals on a case-by-case basis on behalf on the Unitholder, subject to the Unitholder providing the Fund with the necessary documents required.

Special Products / facilities available

#### a) Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)

The investors can benefit by investing specified Rupees amounts at regular intervals. The SIP allows the unitholders to invest a fixed amount of Rupees at regular intervals for purchasing additional units of the fund at NAV based prices. Investment can be done with the minimum / maximum amount and number of cheques specified by AMC from time to time. The cheques will be presented on the dates mentioned on the cheque and subject to realization. Units will be allotted at the applicable NAV along with applicable load (if any).

#### SIP with Top-up SIP facility:

SIP with Top-up SIP is a facility whereby an investor has an option to increase the amount of the SIP Installment by a fixed amount at pre-defined intervals. This will enhance the flexibility of the investor to invest higher amounts during the tenure of the SIP.

The terms and conditions of top-up SIP are as follows:

- i. The Top-up option must be specified by the investors while enrolling for the SIP facility.
- ii. For minimum SIP Top-up amount refer application form .
- iii. The Top-up details cannot be modified once enrolled. In order to make any changes, the investor must cancel the existing SIP and enroll for a fresh SIP with Top-up option.
- iv. Under monthly SIP investors can opt for top up amount at half-yearly and yearly intervals. If the investor does not specify the frequency, the default interval for Top-up will be considered as Yearly.
- v. In case of Quarterly SIP, investors can opt for only Yearly interval top-up frequency.

For complete details regarding the SIP with top-up facility, please refer to SIP Auto Debt Form with Top up facility enrollment form.

#### SIPrise facility:

SIPrise is an optional facility offered by Tata Mutual Fund (TMF) for its eligible schemes (Growth option). This facility is aimed to encourage investors to invest regularly through Systematic Investment Plans (SIP) in TMF schemes for pre-defined tenure. Post SIP period (Investors have an option to select pause period) the accumulated units will be switched from the source scheme to the target scheme. Investors also have an option to select the source scheme as the target scheme. In this case, there would not be any unit transfer through systematic transfer plan (STP). The investor would receive periodic amount through systematic withdrawal plan (SWP) till the units are available.

Tata India Innovation Fund is considered as eligible Source Scheme for "SIPrise" facility.

The terms and conditions of this facility are as follows:

#### 1. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)

- a. The SIPs registered under this facility would be subject to investment of minimum amount as specified in the KIM cum application form from time to time for the eligible source schemes.
- b. Default SIP trigger date under this facility will be the 10th calendar day of the month. In case, the trigger date falls on a non- business day, the SIP would be triggered on the next business day.
- c. The SIP will be registered for monthly frequency only.
- d. In case the SIP is terminated prior to the pre-defined tenure, STP and SWP will continue as defined in the initial request. In any case, the STP and SWP amount will be limited till the units are available.
- e. Existing units already available in the source scheme before opting for the SIPrise facility and any additional units added to the source scheme in any manner in addition to this facility will also be automatically moved to the Target scheme through the scheduled STPs till the units are available. The amount so moved to the target scheme would be on a first in first out (FIFO) basis. Any earlier option chosen by the investor earlier would automatically get revised to this extent.
- Top-Up SIP is allowed under this feature. The investor may choose to increase their SIP amount by Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500.

#### 2. Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)

- a. A Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) will start one year prior to that of the SWP.
- b. Yearly STP amount will be equal to 15 times the monthly SWP amount from the target scheme or till the units are available.

#### 3. Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)

- a. Investors need to choose the scheme (target scheme) from where the monthly SWP is required to be made to their registered bank account & the required periodic amount by means of withdrawal via systematic withdrawal plan (SWP) from target scheme. In case, the investors do not choose the desired SWP amount, they will receive the default SWP amount (likely amount to be withdrawn) which would be initial monthly SIP amount under this facility till the units last.
- b. The SWP will start after the SIP tenure or after the pause period, if any, as chosen by the investor.
- c. The SWP amount selected shall not be less than the initial SIP amount opted by the investor.
- d. Investors have an option to opt for pause after the SIP tenure as mentioned at the time of initial registration under this facility. The minimum pause period is 0 years. If the pause is not opted, the starting month (i.e. 1st trigger month) for SWP will be the subsequent month of the last SIP instalment month.
- e. Existing units already available before STP in the target scheme and additional units added to the target scheme will also form a part of the redemption proceeds through the scheduled SWP till the units are available. The SWP amount would be triggered on first in first out (FIFO) basis.
- f. The SWP date will be same as that of the SIP date. In case, the trigger date is a non- business day, the SWP will be made on the next business day.
- g. The SWP will be done from the Growth Options of eligible open-ended schemes of Tata Mutual Fund as stated in annexure to this addendum.
- h. The SWP will continue till the units are available in the scheme.

#### Common Features

- Once opted for this facility investors / unitholders cannot change the Source scheme, target scheme, initial SIP Amount, SIP Tenure, Pause Period and required periodic SWP Amount.
- b. STP will be done when the target scheme is different from the source scheme at prevailing NAV in the respective scheme (s).
- c. Partial redemption or switch out of the units in the source or target scheme will not affect the SIP, STP & SWP already registered under this facility. Investors are required to note that the STP & SWP will be continued for the period chosen by the investor or till the units are available in the source and target scheme respectively.

- d. Investor has option to withdraw from this SIP facility at any stage by providing a separate request to discontinue/cease the SIP, STP & SWP registration.
- Minor/s are not eligible to register for this facility. Applications in the name of minors, filled in by guardians, will also not be accepted.
- f. This Facility is not available where units are in held in DEMAT mode.
- g. Pledged or Frozen Units will not be transferred (i.e. through STP). The same is also not available for withdrawal by the investor (i.e. through SWP) unless the investor / unitholder provides the necessary valid documents to prove that the pledge/freeze status has been withdrawn/changed.
- h. Investors can opt to withdraw through lumpsum either partially or in entirety till the units are available in the source and / or target scheme at any time during the tenure of this facility. Accordingly, the balance units will be considered for SIP, STP & SWP under this facility.
- i. Each STP & SWP will continue for the chosen amount or till units last.
- j. Default trigger date i.e. 10th calendar day of the month is only applicable for this facility.
- Tata Mutual Fund reserves the right to reject any application in case the investor does not fulfill any criteria of this facility

All other terms & conditions of SIP, STP & SWP are also applicable to SIPrise.

Kindly note that apart from the above facility mentioned i.e. "SIPrise", investor can opt for normal / existing SIP, STP & SWP facility as mentioned in respective Scheme Information Document.Disclaimers:

- 1. This facility does not in any way give assurance or guarantee returns or lump sum payments at the end of the SIP period or thereafter.
- 2. The payouts to the investors are made only by means of redeeming the units/corpus available in the investor's folio at NAV and subject to load, if any.
- 3. Tata Mutual Fund does not in any way assure or guarantee payouts, beyond available units/corpus in the scheme/s folio.
- 4. Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the facility is suitable for them.
- 5. The investor is advised to consult their tax consultant with respect to specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the facility.

#### b) Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)

This facility available to the unitholders of the fund enables them to redeem fixed sums or fixed number of units from their unit accounts at periodic intervals. The amount withdrawn under SWP by redemption shall be converted into the Fund units at the Repurchase price and such units will be subtracted from the unit balance of that unitholder. In case the date falls during a book closure period the immediate next Business day will be considered for this purpose.

The Authorized Investor Service Center may terminate SWP on receipt of a notice from the unitholder. It will terminate automatically if all units are liquidated or withdrawn from the account or upon the receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholder.

"SWP facility is available subject to terms and conditions. Please refer to the SWP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment."

#### c) Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)

A unitholder may establish a Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and choose to transfer on a monthly or a quarterly or as periodicity mentioned in the application form, from one TMF Scheme to another TMF Scheme on a date prescribed by the Investment Manager. The amount thus withdrawn by redemption shall be converted into units at the applicable NAV on the scheduled day and such units will be subtracted from the unit balance of that unitholder. Unitholders may change the amount, not below the specified minimum, by giving two weeks prior written notice to the registrars. STP may be terminated automatically if the balance falls below the minimum account balance or upon the receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the unitholders by the fund. Rules relating to the plan may be changed from time to time by the Investment Manager.

"STP facility is available subject to terms and conditions. Please refer to the STP Enrolment form for terms and conditions before enrolment."

#### Flex STP

Flexible Systematic Transfer Plan ("Flex STP") by Tata Mutual Fund is a facility wherein a Unitholder(s) of designated open-ended Scheme(s) can opt to transfer variable amounts linked to the value of his investments on the date of transfer at pre-determined intervals from designated open-ended (source scheme) to the growth option of another open-ended scheme (target scheme).

Salient Features of Flex STP are as follows:

1. The amount to be transferred under Flex STP from source scheme to target scheme shall be calculated using the below formula:

Flex STP amount = [(fixed amount to be transferred per instalment x number of instalments already executed, including the current instalment) - market value of the investments through Flex STP in the Transferee Scheme on the date of transfer]

- 2. The first Flex STP instalment will be processed for the fixed instalment amount specified by the investor at the time of enrolment. From the second Flex STP instalment onwards, the transfer amount shall be computed as per formula stated above.
- 3. Under "Flexi STP" facility, Tata India Innovation Fund is enabled as Source as well as Target Scheme.
- 4. Flex STP would be available for Quarterly, Monthly, Weekly and Daily frequencies.
- 5. Flex STP is not available from "Daily / Weekly" income distribution plans of the source schemes.
- 6. Flex STP is available only in "Growth" option of the target scheme.
- 7. Conversion to Normal STP: If there is any other financial transaction (purchase, redemption or switch) processed in the target scheme during the tenure of Flex STP, the Flex STP will be processed as normal STP for the rest of the instalments for a fixed amount.
- 8. Flex STP will stop/cease on occurrence of any of the following event whichever is earlier.
  - a. Flex STP will cease after the specified End Date / Specified number of instalments have been transferred.
  - b. In case the amount (as per the formula) to be transferred is not available in the source scheme in the investor's folio, the residual amount will be transferred to the target scheme and Flex STP will be closed.
- 9. A single Flex STP enrolment Form can be filled for transfer into one Scheme/Plan/Option only.
- 10. In case the date of transfer falls on a Non-Business Day, then the immediately following Business Day will be considered for the purpose of determining the applicability of NAV.
- 11. The request for flex STP should be submitted at least 10 calendar days before the first STP date.
- 12. All other terms & conditions of Systematic Transfer Plan are also applicable to Flex STP.

Flex STP is a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) from Source Scheme and Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) in the Target scheme, therefore in the source scheme the exit load for the units will be as per the load structure applicable at the time of the purchase of those units. In the Target scheme the load structure will be as per the prevailing exit Load structure applicable for the SIP for that scheme.

Systematic Transfer from one scheme to another scheme attracts capital gain tax depends on the periodicity of holding. In view of the individual nature of tax implications, each unit holder is advised to consult with his or her own tax advisors with respect to the specific tax and other implications arising out of the transactions.

The AMC reserves the right to withdraw/change/modify the terms and conditions of Flex STP. The above terms and conditions may be modified at any time without prior notice to the unitholders and such amended terms and conditions will thereupon apply to and be binding on the unitholders.

#### Facility for purchasing of the units of the scheme through order routing platform on BSE and NSE

The scheme will be admitted on the order routing platform of Bombay Stock Exchange Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"). Under this facility investors can submit the application for subscription and redemption of units of the scheme though the Stock Exchange platform. The introduction of this facility is pursuant to guidelines issued by provision no. 16.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated **June 27, 2024** and the Stock Exchanges viz. BSE & NSE.

For further details on Special Products/ Terms & Condition, please refer KIM/Application form & SAI.

Transactions through online facilities / electronic modes

Investor can transact through online facilities /electronic modes in Tata Mutual Fund Scheme .The time of transaction done through various online facilities / electronic modes offered by the AMC, for the purpose of determining the applicability of NAV, would be the time when the request for purchase / sale / switch of units is received in the servers of AMC/RTA.

In case of transactions through online facilities / electronic modes, the movement of funds from the investors' bank account to the Scheme's bank account may happen via the Intermediary / Aggregator service provider through a Nodal bank account and post reconciliation of fund. The process of movement of funds from the investors' bank account into the Scheme's Bank account in case of online transaction is governed by Reserve Bank of India(RBI)vide their circular Ref. RBI/2009-10/231 DPSS.CO.PD.No.1102/02.14.08/2009-10 dated 24th November, 2009. The process followed by the aggregator and the time lines within which the Funds are credited into the Scheme's bank account is within the time lines provided by RBI which is T+3 settlement cycle / business

days, where T is the date of Transaction / day of intimation regarding completion of transaction. The nodal bank account as stated above is an internal account of the bank and such accounts are not maintained or operated by the intermediary / aggregator or by the Mutual Fund.

While the movement of Funds out of the investors' Bank account may have happened on T day, however post reconciliation and as per statutory norms, the allotment can happen only on availability of Funds for utilization by the AMC/MF and accordingly the transaction will processed as per the applicable NAV based on availability of funds for utilization. This lag may impact the applicability of NAV for transactions where NAV is to be applied, based on actual realization of funds by the Scheme. Under no circumstances will Tata Asset Management Private Limited or its bankers or its service providers be liable for any lag / delay in realization of funds and consequent pricing of units.

#### JUST SMS Facility

JUST SMS Facility enables the unitholders to

- Subscription of units of the scheme for amounts less than Rs 2 lacs.
- · Redemption of units in the scheme (any amount/All Units).
- Switch out from the scheme (any amount/All Units).

This facility is currently available for existing investors (resident individuals only including guardian on behalf of minor) however new investor can avail this facility after opening a folio in the scheme.

#### Process Note:

- 1. Subscription transaction request can be accepted in "Amounts" only and Switch and Redemption transaction requests can be accepted in "Amounts/Units", however the request for Unit based redemption/switches can be given for "ALL" units and not part thereof. The minimum subscriptions / redemption / Switch amount in the respective scheme/(s) will be applicable for each transaction. The load structure prevailing at the time of the purchase transaction will be applicable.
- 2. Mobile Number Registration: Unitholder(s) of the Fund will have to register a mobile number registered in India in their folio for availing this Facility. The mobile number provided in the debit mandate shall be updated in the folio for which the Facility is required. Additionally it will be registered in all the folios (if the same is not already available) where the First/Sole unit holder PAN number is same as the First/Sole unit holder PAN in the application, the updation of the mobile number will be only for purpose of database enhancement for all communication purposes. To avail this facility, only one mobile number will be registered with one folio number.
- 3. Unitholder(s) of the Fund can start transacting, using this Facility only after successful registration of the Debit Mandate with their bankers and receipt of confirmation from the AMC. The process of registering the bank mandate with the banker may take upto 30 days.
- 4. Unit holder(s) need to provide Original cancelled cheque of the same bank account registered in the registration form with the unit holder's name printed on the face of the cheque. In case an investor is not able to submit the Original cancelled cheque or do not have the name of the investor on the face of the cheque. Then the investor needs to submit:
  - a. Copy of the bank passbook attested by bank / Original bank statement with name address and bank account number of the investor.
  - b. A letter from the bank on its letter head certifying that the investor maintains an account with the bank, along with the information like the bank account number, bank branch, account type, the MICR code of the branch and the IFSC code.
  - Get the bankers attestation in the face of the form in the section BANKER'S Attestation (For BANK Use only)
  - d. If these supporting documents are not provided the registration may not be accepted. The Unit holder(s) cheque/ bank account details are subject to third party verification.
- 5. Transaction Charge: In accordance with provision no. 10.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, TAMPL/TMF will deduct Transaction Charges from the purchase/ subscription amount received from the investors investing through a valid ARN Holder i.e. AMFI registered Distributor (provided the Distributor has opted to receive the Transaction Charges). Transaction Charge of Rs. 100 (for investor other than first time mutual fund investor) per purchase / subscription of Rs. 10,000 and above are deductible from the purchase / subscription amount and payable to the Distributor. The balance amount shall be invested.
  - The transaction charges would be deducted only in respect of those transactions where the concern distributor has opted for opt in for levying transaction charge. In case distributor has chosen 'Opt Out' of charging the transaction charge, no transaction charge would be deducted from transactions registered. It may further be noted that distributors shall have also the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the product.
- 6. In case the mode of holding of the folio is 'Joint' and the Debit Mandate is duly signed by all the joint holder(s), it will be deemed to be an express instruction to the AMC (Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd) / RTA (Computer Age Management Service Pvt. Ltd), to keep the mode of holding to 'Anyone or Survivor' for availing this Facility only, so that this facility is available to the first named holder only. In

case the unit holder is a "minor", the legal /natural guardian shall be eligible to avail of this Facility till the minor attains majority. As such legal/natural guardian may make payments from the minor's respective bank account (or in accordance with the exceptions provided for third party payments) and the same shall be recognized by the AMC as valid payment as per the SEBI Mutual Fund Regulations.

- 7. The Purchase Facility is currently available to the investors with the bank account with following bank branches:
  - All bank branches participating in Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Electronic Clearing System (ECS)/Regional Electronic Clearing System (RECS) facility.
  - b) Core Banking branches of the following Banks: Allahabad Bank, Axis Bank, Bank Of Baroda, Citibank, Corporation Bank, HDFC Bank, Federal Bank, ICICI Bank, IDBI Bank, Karnataka Bank, Punjab National Bank, State Bank of India, Union Bank of India, United Bank of India.

Please note that the list of the banks and branches may be modified/updated/ changed/deleted from time to time in future at the sole discretion of the AMC without assigning any reason or prior notice. You may kindly refer the AMC web site www.tatamutualfund.com for the latest list of locations/banks.

- Some banks and branches may levy charges for mandate registration and / or transactions to their bank account holders, which will be borne by the account holder only and will not be borne /reimbursed by the AMC or the Fund.
- 9. Unit holder(s) hereby confirms, acknowledges and undertakes to make payments for subscription of units from their respective bank account(s) in compliance with applicable provisions relating to third party payments detailed in the SID / SAI and that the payment will be through legitimate sources only.
- 10. The responsibility of the bank account information provided in the Debit Mandate or any other application form for this Facility solely rests with the Unit holder(s) and the AMC / Fund / RTA will not be responsible or liable for any loss, claims, liability that may arise on account of any incorrect and / or erroneous data / information supplied by the Unit holder(s).
- 11. It will be the sole responsibility of the unit holder(s) bank and its branch to ensure proper registration of the Debit Mandate and confirm registration. If no confirmation of registration or rejection is received from the banker, the AMC/RTA/it's agents will deem the same to be registered and confirm the registration to Unit holder(s) entirely at the risk of Unit holder(s).
- 12. The Unit holder(s) shall ensure availability of clear funds in their respective bank account, as specified in the Debit Mandate, at the time of requesting a Transaction using the Facility and at the time of bank account being debited
- 13. The bank account of the customer may be debited towards purchases either on the same day of transaction or within one to seven business days depending on ECS cycle. The AMC / RTA shall attempt to settle the transaction and debit the bank account by requesting the registered bank for release of funds as per direct debit arrangement or standing instruction or RBI ECS (Debit) facility generally within a period of one to seven working days for bank. However, in case of non- receipt of the funds, for whatsoever reasons, the transaction shall stand cancelled/ null and void and the units allotted, if any would be reversed and stands cancelled.
- 14. The request for transaction is to be considered as accepted, subject to realization of funds towards purchases, and only on receipt of the confirmation from RTA on the registered mobile number or email id of the Unit holder(s) of the Fund.
- 15. The applicable NAV for the transaction will be dependent upon the time of receipt of the SMS into Computer Age Management Service Pvt. Ltd, Registrar & Transfer Agent of the Fund, ('RTA') server, electronically time-stamped and other factors like scheme, type of transaction, amount, date of realization of funds under SEBI regulations and will be treated on par with similar transactions received through other modes. For the purpose of this Facility, such RTA office centre would be considered as an Official Point of Acceptance of the transaction.
- 16. Any transaction request on a Non-Business Day will be processed on the next Business Day in accordance with the provisions provided in the Scheme Information Document ('SID') of the respective scheme
- 17. If the transaction is delayed or not effected at all for reasons of incomplete or incorrect information/key word or due to non-receipt of the SMS message by the RTA or due to late receipt of SMS due to mobile network congestions or due to any reason whatsoever, the Unit holder(s) will not hold the Fund, AMC and the RTA responsible for the same.
- 18. In case of non-receipt of confirmation from RTA within a reasonable time (around one hour), Unit holder(s) are advised to immediately call up the call centre on (022) 6282 7777 (Monday to Saturday 9:00am to 5:30pm) to confirm the status of the transaction request. In case of receipt of multiple confirmations from the RTA against a single transaction request, the same needs to be brought to the immediate attention of RTA and the AMC by calling up the call centre on (022) 6282 7777 (Monday to Saturday 9:00am to 5:30pm).
- 19. The Unit holder(s) availing the Facility shall check his / her bank account records carefully and promptly. If the Unit holder(s) believes that there has been an error in any transaction using the Facility, or that an unauthorized transaction has been effected, the Unit holder(s) shall notify the AMC or the RTA immediately by calling up the call centre on (022) 6282 7777 (Monday to Saturday 9:00am to 5:30pm). For faster dissemination of information, Unitholders are requested to provide their E-mail IDs. Delivering service through the internet & web-based services such as e-mail is a more efficient delivery channel. Annual report, Account statements & other communication will be sent via email, by default,

to investors who have provided their email ID, unless specified otherwise. The Investor shall from time to time intimate the Mutual Fund / its transfer agents about any changes in the email address. In case of a large document, a suitable link would be provided & investor can download, save & print these documents. However, the investor always has a right to demand a physical copy of any or all the service deliverables, & the Fund would arrange to send the same to the investor. It is deemed that the Unitholder is aware of all the security risks associated with online communication, including the possibility of third party interception of the documents sent via email. Mutual Fund / registrar shall not be responsible for e-mail not reaching to the investors and for all consequences thereof.

- 20. Unitholder(s) of the Fund agrees and acknowledges that any transaction, undertaken using the registered mobile number shall be deemed to be that of the Unitholder(s).
- Unit holder(s) will also need to inform the AMC/RTA about any change in their bank account number, mobile number or email id through a duly signed written request in the specified format and supporting documents.
- 22. The Unit holder(s) agree that the Fund/AMC / RTA and their agents shall not be held liable for any unsuccessful registration and or transaction due to any action or inaction of the Unit holder(s) bank including but not limited to reasons mentioned below and agree to indemnify the Fund/AMC/RTA for all liabilities, losses, damages and expenses which they may consequent sustain or incur either directly or indirectly:
  - a) Loss of the Debit Mandate in transit from point of acceptance of the form to RTA head office and further to the Unit holder(s)' bank branch;
  - b) Non acceptance or rejection of Debit Mandate for whatsoever reason by the Unit holder(s)' bank branch, with or without any reason assigned by the Unit holder(s) bank;
  - c) Non registration of the Debit Mandate by the Unit holder(s)' bank and branch;
  - d) Deemed registration due to non confirmation of registration or subsequent rejection by the bank and any subsequent rejection of debit of bank account for funds;
  - e) Non availability of funds in the bank account of the Unit holder(s) at the time of debit Rejection of registration or transaction debit for any reason or without assigning any reason whatsoever.

Employee Unique Identification Number (EUIN): Further, SEBI has made it compulsory for every employee/ relationship manager/ sales person of the distributor of mutual fund products to quote the EUIN obtained by him/her from AMFI in the Application Form. EUIN would assist in addressing any instance of mis-selling even if the employee/relationship manager/sales person later leaves the employment of the distributor. Hence, if your investments are routed through a distributor please ensure that the EUIN is correctly filled up in the Registration Form. However, if your distributor has not given you any advice pertaining to the investment, the EUIN box may be left blank. In this case you are required to tick ( $\square$ ) the declaration to this effect as given in the form.

Official Points of Acceptance of Transaction through MF utility & MF Central

Tata Mutual Fund has entered into an agreement with MF Utilities India Private Limited ("MFUI"), a "Category II - Registrar to an Issue" under SEBI (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, for usage of MF Utility ("MFU") - a shared services initiative of various asset management companies, which acts as a transaction aggregator for transacting in multiple scheme of various mutual funds with a single form and a single payment instrument. Accordingly, all the authorized Point of Sales(POS) and website/mobile application of MFUI (available currently and also updated from time to time) shall be eligible to be considered as 'official points of acceptance' for all financial and non-financial transactions in the scheme of Tata Mutual Fund either physically or electronically. The list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com.

Applicability of NAV shall be based on time stamping as evidenced by confirmation slip given by POS of MFUI and also the realization of funds in the Bank account of Tata Mutual Fund (and NOT the time of realization of funds in the Bank account of MFUI) within the applicable cut-off timing. The Uniform Cut -off time as prescribed by SEBI and mentioned in the SID / KIM shall be applicable for applications received through such facilities.

Investors are requested to note that MFUI will allot a Common Account Number ("CAN") i.e. a single reference number for all investments in the mutual fund industry for transacting in multiple scheme of various mutual funds through MFU and to map existing folios, if any. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form and necessary documents at the POS. The AMC and/or its Registrar and Transfer Agent shall provide necessary details to MFUI as may be needed for providing the required services to investors/distributors through MFU. Investors are requested to visit the website of MFUI i.e. www.mfuindia.com to download the relevant forms.

For any queries or clarifications related to MFU, please contact the Customer Care of MFUI on 1800-266-1415 (during the business hours on all days except Sunday and public holidays) or send an email toclientservices@mfuindia.com.

Based on the provision no. 16.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, to comply with the requirements of RTA inter-operable Platform for enhancing investors' experience in Mutual Fund transactions / service requests, the QRTA's, Kfin Technologies Private Limited and Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) have jointly developed MFCentral - A digital platform for Mutual Fund investors. MF Central is created with an intent to be a one stop portal / mobile app for all Mutual fund investments and service related needs that significantly reduces the need for submission of physical documents by enabling various digital /

physical services to Mutual fund investors across fund houses subject to applicable T&Cs of the Platform. MF Central will be enabling various features and services in a phased manner. MFCentral may be accessed using https://mfcentral.com/ and on the Mobile App. With a view to comply with all provisions of the aforesaid circular and to increase digital penetration of Mutual funds, Tata Mutual Fund designates MFCentral as its Official point of acceptance (DISC -Designated Investor Service Centre) w.e.f. 23rd September 2021. Any registered user of MFCentral, requiring submission of physical document as per the requirements of MFCentral and Tata Asset Management Private Ltd, may do so at any of the designated Investor Service centres or collection centres of Kfintech or CAMS.

#### Appointment of MF Central as Official Point of Acceptance

Based on the provision no. 16.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, to comply with the requirements of RTA inter-operable Platform for enhancing investors' experience in Mutual Fund transactions / service requests, the QRTA's, Kfin Technologies Private Limited and Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) have jointly developed MFCentral - A digital platform for Mutual Fund investors.

MF Central is created with an intent to be a one stop portal / mobile app for all Mutual fund investments and service-related needs that significantly reduces the need for submission of physical documents by enabling various digital / physical services to Mutual fund investors across fund houses subject to applicable T&Cs of the Platform. MF Central will be enabling various features and services in a phased manner. MF Central may be accessed using https://mfcentral.com/ and on the Mobile App.

With a view to comply with all provisions of the aforesaid circular and to increase digital penetration of Mutual funds, Tata Mutual Fund designates MFCentral as its Official point of acceptance (DISC - Designated Investor Service Centre).

Any registered user of MFCentral, requiring submission of physical document as per the requirements of MFCentral and Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd, may do so at any of the designated Investor Service centres or collection centres of Kfintech or CAMS

MF Central also appointed as Official Point of Acceptance for Tata Mutual Fund Schemes.

Facility for purchasing of units of the scheme through order routing platform on BSE and NSE

The scheme will be admitted on the order routing platform of Bombay Stock Exchange Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"). Under this facility investors can submit the application for subscription and redemption of units of the scheme though the Stock Exchange platform. The introduction of this facility is pursuant to guidelines issued by SEBI vide provision no. 16.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 and the Stock Exchanges viz. BSE & NSE.

For further details on Special Products/ Terms & Condition, please refer KIM/Application form.

Additional communication channel for transaction alerts and confirmations for financial and/or non-financial transactions and other services

Tata Asset Management Private Limited (TAMPL) / Tata Mutual Fund (TMF) is offering a facility to the unitholder/ investors to receive transaction alerts and confirmations for financial and/ or non-financial transactions and other services on "WhatsApp" which is enabled on the mobile numbers of unitholders registered in Tata Mutual Fund folios.

To receive such information/messages on WhatsApp, the unitholder / investor needs to provide their consent or "Opt In" and agree to receive various messages or other services. Investors can provide this 'opt in' on online mode and through physical modes like application form, through SMS etc.

The Terms and conditions for using the facility:

- The user agrees to subscribe to the WhatsApp service & promotional alerts from TAMPL/TMF.
- The user can unsubscribe to the channel at any time by sending an email to us at <a href="mailto:service@tataamc.com">service@tataamc.com</a>.
- This channel cannot be used for grievance redressal or reporting fraud as of now, TAMPL/TMF will have no liability if any such incidents are reported on this channel.
- It is advisable for customers who have subscribed to this service to delete WhatsApp when changing their device.
- Customers shall not submit or transmit any content through this service which:
  - o Is Obscene, Vulgar, Pornographic, Political, Religious, etc.
  - o Encourages the commission of a crime or violation of any law Violates any state or Central law in India and/or the jurisdiction in which he resides and/or any applicable law.
  - o Infringes the intellectual or copyrights of a third party.
- Under no circumstances shall TAMPL/TMF, or its agents, affiliated companies, officers, directors, employees, and contractors be liable for any direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special, or consequential damages that result from the use of, or inability to use, this service or for receipt of any answer provided by the program running at the back-end.
- The customer understands that using WhatsApp application may carry extra risks and may not be secured. Further any message and information exchanged is subject to the risk of being read, interrupted, intercepted, or defrauded by third party or otherwise subject to manipulation by third party or involve delay in transmission.
- TAMPL/TMF shall not be responsible or liable to the customer or any third party for the consequences arising

out of or in connection with using of this service.

- The customer is responsible for keeping security safeguard of his WhatsApp account linked to the registered mobile number
- TAMPL/TMF has the right to retract the service anytime it deems fit.
- The customer agrees that he shall not have any claim against TAMPL/TMF on account of any suspension, interruption, non-availability or malfunctioning of the service due to any link/mobile/system failure at TAMPL/TMF's end for any reason thereof.
- These terms and conditions may be withdrawn/ superseded/ modified at any time whatsoever, by TAMPL/TMF without any prior notice.

#### Cash Investments

Cash Investments in the Scheme Pursuant to provision no. 16.7 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 it is permitted to accept cash transactions to the extent of Rs. 50,000/- subject to compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and Rules framed there under and the SEBI Circular(s) on Anti Money Laundering (AML) and other applicable AML rules, regulations and guidelines. Provided that the limit shall be applicable per investor for investments done in a financial year across all scheme of the Mutual Fund, subject to sufficient systems and procedures in place for such acceptance. However any form of repayment either by way of redemption, Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal, etc. with respect to such cash investment shall be paid only through banking channel.

Tata Asset Management Private Limited is in process of implementing adequate systems and controls to accept Cash Investment in the Scheme. Information in this regard will be provided to Investors as and when the facility is made available.

#### III. Other Details

A. In case of Fund of Funds Scheme, Details of Benchmark, Investment Objective, Investment Strategy, TER, AUM, Year wise performance, Top 10 Holding/ link to Top 10 holding of the underlying fund should be provided:

Not Applicable, as the scheme is not a Fund of Fund Scheme.

B. Periodic Disclosures such as Half yearly disclosures, half yearly results, annual report

# Periodic Disclosures such as Half yearly disclosures, half yearly results, annual report

#### Portfolio Disclosure:

Tata Mutual Fund shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in user friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for all their schemes on its website www.tatamutualfund.com and on the website of AMFI www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month/half year.

In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered, Tata Mutual Fund will send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month /half year respectively.

Tata Mutual Fund will publish an advertisement every half-year, in all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC's website www.tatamutualfund.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). Tata Mutual Fund will provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

For portfolio disclosure of schemes of Tata Mutual Fund, kindly visit functional Weblink: https://www.tatamutualfund.com/schemes-related.

#### **Unaudited Financial Results:**

Tata Mutual Fund/ Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on 31st March & on 30th September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on its website in the format specified in Twelfth Schedule of SEBI(Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996.

Tata Mutual Fund / Tata Asset Management Pvt Ltd shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on their website, in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation & in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the fund is situated.

For Unaudited Financial Results of Tata Mutual Fund, kindly visit functional Weblink: <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/about-us">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/about-us</a>.

#### **Annual report**

Annual report or Abridged Summary, in the format prescribed by SEBI, will be hosted on AMC's website, functional Weblink: <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/about-us">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/about-us</a> and on the website of AMFI <a href="https://www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a>.

#### SID - Tata India Innovation Fund

The scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof, in the format prescribed, shall be sent by way of e-mail to the investor's registered e-mail address not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounts year.

Investors who have not registered their email id, will have an option of receiving a physical copy of the Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof.

Tata Mutual Fund will provide a physical copy of the abridged summary of the Annual Report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder. Physical copies of the report will also be available to the unitholders at the registered offices at all times.

Tata Mutual Fund will publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the AMC website and on the website of AMFI.

#### Other Details:

#### Risk O Meter & Scheme Summary Document

As per SEBI Guidelines, based on the scheme characteristics/internal assessment, Mutual Funds shall assign risk level for schemes at the time of launch of scheme/New Fund Offer.

Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and AMC shall disclose the Risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure for all schemes on the website and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month. Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholders of the schemes.

Mutual Funds shall disclose the risk level of schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on their website and AMFI website. Mutual Funds shall also publish scheme wise changes in Risk-o-meter in scheme wise Annual Reports and Abridged summary.

As per provision no. 1.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024 & SEBI letter SEBI/ HO/ OW/ IMD-II/ DOF3/ P/ 39700/ 2021 dated December 28, 2021 w.r.t advisory to introduce a Scheme Summary Document & further to AMFI letter AMFI/17/SEBI/134/2021-22 March 21, 2022, AMCs shall upload the scheme summary document on AMFI Portal.

#### C. Transparency / NAV Disclosure

#### **NAV Information**

The NAVs will be calculated and disclosed on every Business Day. The AMC shall prominently disclose the NAVs under a separate head on the website of the Fund (www.tatamutualfund.com) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India- AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) by 11 p.m on every Business Day<sup>^</sup>.

However, due to inability in capturing same day valuation of underlying investments, the NAV shall be disclosed by 11 P.M. of the next business day^.

^ If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day (i.e., next day after the respective business day) due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons for the delay and explain by when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Due to difference in the expense ratio, the NAV of each option of Direct Plan will be different from the NAV of each option of Regular Plan. Similarly, due to IDCW-payout, the NAV of IDCW Option will be different from the NAV of Growth option.

In case of investment in overseas securities by the scheme as mentioned in the asset allocation pattern of the scheme, the NAV of the fund will be based on the prices of overseas securities converted into Indian rupees.

Investor may write to AMC for availing facility of receiving the latest NAVs through SMS.

#### Illustration of Calculation of Sale & Repurchase Price:

Assumed NAV Rs. 11.00 per unit

Entry Load: NIL

Exit Load 1%

Sale Price = NAV + (Entry Load (%) \* NAV)

Sale Price = 11 + (0% \* 11)

Sale Price = 11 + 0

Sale Price = Rs. 11/-

Repurchase Price

Repurchase Price = NAV - (exit load (%) \* NAV)

Repurchase Price = 11 - (1%\*11)

Repurchase Price = 11 - 0.11

Repurchase Price = Rs.10.89

#### SID - Tata India Innovation Fund

In the event NAV cannot be calculated and / or published, such as because of the suspension of RBI Clearing, Bank strikes, during the existence of a state of emergency and / or a breakdown in communications, the Board of Trustees may temporarily suspend determination and / or publication of the NAV of the Units.

Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

#### D. Transaction Charges & Stamp Duty

#### **Transaction Charges**

Pursuant to provision no. 10.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Fund dated June 27, 2024, transaction charge per subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above be allowed to be paid to the distributors of the Tata Mutual Fund products. The transaction charge shall be subject to the following:

- 1. There shall be no transaction charges on direct investments.
- 2. For existing investors in a Mutual Fund, the distributor may be paid Rs.100/- as transaction charge per subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above.
- 3. For first time investor in Mutual Funds, the distributor may be paid Rs.150/- as transaction charge for subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above
- 4. The transaction charge shall be deducted by the AMC from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor and the balance amount shall be invested.
- 5. The statement of account shall clearly state that the net investment as gross subscription less transaction charge and give the number of units allotted against the net investment.
- 6. There shall be no transaction charge on subscription below Rs. 10,000/-.
- 7. In case of SIPs, the transaction charge shall be applicable only if the total commitment through SIPs amounts to Rs. 10,000/- and above. In such cases the transaction charge shall be recovered in 3 installments.
- 8. There shall be no transaction charge on transactions other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to fresh/additional purchase.

The transaction charges would be deducted only in respect of those transactions where the concern distributor has opted for opt in for levying transaction charge. In case distributor has chosen 'Opt Out' of charging the transaction charge, no transaction charge would be deducted from transactions registered.

It may further be noted that distributors shall have also the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the product.

#### **Stamp Duty**

With effect from 1st July 2020 a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on mutual fund investment transactions. Accordingly, the number of units allotted on purchases, switch-ins, SIP/STP installments and including IDCW reinvestment to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.

#### E. Associate Transactions

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

#### F. Taxation

#### Taxation of Income in respect of units of Mutual Fund

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the Scheme.

#### Withholding tax on income distribution

Type of Investor	Withholding tax rate				
Resident***	10%*				
NRI	20%** or rate as per applicable tax treaty*** (whichever is lower)				

<sup>\*</sup> Tax not deductible if income distributed in respect of units of a mutual fund is below Rs. 5,000 in a financial year.

- 37% on base tax where total income exceeds Rs. 5 crore;
- 25% where total income exceeds Rs. 2 crore but does not exceed Rs. 5 crore;
- 15% where total income exceeds Rs. 1 crore but does not exceed Rs. 2 crore; and
- 10% where total income exceeds Rs. 50 lakhs but does not exceed Rs. 1 crore

<sup>\*\*</sup> The base tax is to be further increased by surcharge at the rate of:

\*\*\* The income distributed by mutual fund to unitholders is unlikely to fall within the definition of dividend under the tax treaty. Given this and the language of the proviso to section 196A, claiming tax treaty benefit in respect of income distributed by mutual fund to unitholders for withholding tax purpose may not be possible.

Further, "Health and Education Cess" is to be levied at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.

As per section 139AA of the Income-tax Act, 1961, 1961Income-tax Act, 1961 read with rule 114AAA of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, in the case of a resident person, whose PAN has become inoperative due to non-linking of PAN with Aadhaar, it shall be deemed that he has not furnished the PAN and tax could be withheld at a higher rate of 20% as per section 206AA of Income-tax Act, 1961. For linking PAN with Aadhaar, fees of Rs. 1,000 has been prescribed.

#### **Capital Gains Taxation**

	Resident Investors/NRI's \$	Domestic Company @			
Tax rate on Capital Gains (Payable by the Investors)					
Long Term capital gains	10%*	10%*			
Short Term capital gains	15%	15%			

<sup>\*</sup>Income tax at the rate of 10% (without indexation benefit and foreign exchange fluctuation) to be levied on long term capital gains exceeding Rs.1 lakh provided transfer of such units is subject to Securities Transaction Tax (STT).

\$Surcharge to be levied at:

- ☐ 37% on base tax where specified income\*\* exceeds Rs. 5 crore;
- □ 25% where specified income\*\* exceeds Rs. 2 crore but does not exceed Rs. 5 crore;
- □ 15% where total income exceeds Rs. 1 crore but does not exceed Rs. 2 crores; and
- □ 10% where total income exceeds Rs. 50 lakhs but does not exceed Rs. 1 crore.

Further, Health and Education Cess to be levied at the rate of 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.

@ Surcharge at 7% on base tax is applicable where total income of domestic corporate unit holders exceeds Rs 1 crore but does not exceed 10 crores and at 12% where total income exceeds 10 crores. However, surcharge at flat rate of 10% to be levied on base tax for the companies opting for lower rate of tax of 22%/15%. Further, "Health and Education Cess" to be levied at the rate of 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.

In case total income includes income by way of dividend on shares and short-term capital gains on units of equity oriented mutual fund schemes and long-term capital gains on mutual fund schemes, the rate of surcharge on the said type of income not to exceed 15%.

\*\*Specified income – Total income excluding income by way of dividend on shares and short-term capital gains on units of equity oriented mutual fund schemes and long-term capital gains on mutual fund schemes.

In case of NRI investors, short term /long term capital gain tax (along with applicable surcharge and Health and Education Cess) will be deducted at the time of redemption of units as per Income-tax Act, 1961.

As per section 206AB of Income-tax Act, 1961, tax to be deducted at twice the applicable rate in case of payments to specified person (except non-resident not having permanent establishment in India or person who is not required to furnish the return of income as notified by the Central Government) who has not furnished the return of income for the assessment year relevant to previous year immediately preceding the financial year in which tax is required to be deducted:

- For which time limit for filing return has expired; and
- The aggregate of tax deducted at source or tax collected at source in his case is Rs. 50,000 or more in the said previous year.

Additionally, if provisions of section 206AA are also applicable then tax to be deducted at higher of the two rates provided i.e. rate as per section 206AB or section 206AA.

#### **Securities Transaction Tax**

Securities Transaction Tax ("STT") is applicable on transactions of purchase or sale of units of an equity-oriented fund entered into on a recognized stock exchange or on sale of units of equity-oriented fund to the Fund. The STT rates as applicable are given in the following table:

Taxable Securities Transaction	Rate	Payable By
Purchase of a unit of an equity-oriented fund, where —The transaction of such purchase is entered into in a recognised stock exchange; and the contract for the purchase of such unit is settled by the actual delivery or transfer of such unit (delivery based).	NIL	Purchaser
Sale of a unit of an equity-oriented fund, where —  The transaction of such sale is entered into in a recognised stock exchange; and  The contract for the sale of such unit is settled by the actual delivery or transfer of such unit.		Seller
Purchase/ Sale of an equity share in a company or a unit of a business trust, where –	0.1%	Purchaser/Seller

Taxable Securities Transaction	Rate	Payable By
The transaction of such sale is entered into in a recognised stock exchange; and		
The contract for the sale of such share or unit is settled by the actual delivery or transfer of such share or unit		
Sale of an equity share in a company or a unit of an equity-oriented fund or a unit of business trust, where –		
The transaction of such sale is entered into in a recognised stock exchange; and	0.025%	Seller
The contract for the sale of such share is settled otherwise than by the actual delivery or transfer of such share or unit		
Sale of unit of an equity-oriented fund to the Mutual Fund	0.001%	Seller
Sale of an option in securities	0.0625%	Seller
In case of sale of option in securities, where option is exercised	0.125%	Purchaser
Sale of a futures in securities	0.0125%	Seller

The Fund is responsible for collecting the STT from every person who sells the Units to it at the rate mentioned above. The STT collected by the Fund during any month will have to be deposited with the Central Government by the seventh day of the month immediately following the said month.

The information stated above is based on Tata Mutual Fund understanding of the tax laws and only for the purpose of providing general information to the unit holders of the schemes. In view of the individual nature of tax implications, each unit holder is advised to consult with his or her own tax advisors with respect to the specific tax and other implications arising out of the restructuring.

If any tax liability arising post redemption on account of change in tax treatment with respect to Dividend Distribution Tax/Capital Gain Tax, by the tax authorities, shall be solely borne by the investors and not by the AMC or Trustee Company.

For further details on taxation please refer the clause on taxation in SAI.

Summary of proposed amendments vide the Finance Bill (No.2) 2024:

Capital Gains

	Short-term capital gains				Long-term capital gains			
	Before 23 July 2024		On or after 23 July 2024		Before 23 July 2024		On or after 23 July 2024	
Particulars	Period of holding	Tax Rate^	Period of holding	Tax Rate^	Period of holding	Tax Rate^	Period of holding	Tax Rate^
Equity oriented mutual fund	< = 12 months	15%	< =12 months	20%	> 12 months	10%*	> 12 months	12.5%*

<sup>\*10%/12.5%</sup> rate to be applicable on long term capital gains exceeding Rs. 1,25,000

Securities Transaction Tax

Taxable Securities Transaction	Existing Rate	Proposed Rate w.e.f. 1st October 2024	Payable By
Sale of an option in securities	0.0625%	0.1%	Seller
Sale of a futures in securities	0.0125%	0.02%	Seller

<sup>^</sup>Tax rates shall be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess

#### SID - Tata India Innovation Fund

#### G. Rights of Unitholders

Please refer to SAI for details.

#### H. List of Official Point of Acceptance

Details uploaded & updated timely on AMCs website and can be seen on <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures">https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclosures</a>.

I. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations for which action may have been taken or is in the process of being taken by any regulatory authority.

This section shall contain the details of penalties, pending litigation, and action taken by SEBI and other regulatory and Govt. Agencies.

- 1. All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last 5 financial years and wherever the amount of penalty is more than 5 lakhs. **NIL**
- 2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last for the last 5 financial years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last 5 financial years. NIL
- 3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation. NIL
- 4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party. **NIL**
- 5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency. NIL

The data for the above can be seen on functional weblink <a href="https://www.tatamutualfund.com/statutory-disclosures/other-statutory-disclos

The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields, etc. have been checked and are factually correct.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

Note: The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustees on July 25, 2024.

By order Board of Directors Tata Asset Management Pvt Limited.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 24th October 2024 Authorized Signatory

#### Transaction Acceptance Points - Computer Age Management Services Ltd.

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Towers, Kovai Road, Basement of Axis Bank, Karur – 639002, Tamilnadu, Email: camskar@camsonline.com Tel: 9244950001 Fax: 262130 Katni: 01st Floor, Gurunanak Dharmakanta, Jabalpur Road, Bargawan, Katni – 483501, Madhya Pradesh Email: camskat@camsonline.com Tel: 07622-404839 Khammam: Shop No: 11-2-31/3, 01st Floor, Philips Complex, Balajinagar, Wyra Road, Near Baburao Petrol Bunk, Khammam - 507001, Telangana Email: camskmm@camsonline.com Tel: (08742) 229793 Kharagpur: Shivhare Niketan, H.No. 291/1, Ward No-15, Malancha Main Road, Opp. Uco Bank, Kharagpur - 721301, West Bengal, Email: camskng@ camsonline.com Tel: 03222-354801, Fax: (3222) 254121 Kolhapur: 2B, 03rd Floor, Ayodhya Towers, Station Road, Kolhapur - 416001, Maharashtra, Email: camskhp@camsonline.com Tel: 0231-3500024, Fax: 2650401, Kolkata: 3/1, Shreeram Chambers, R. N. 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#### OFFICIAL POINT OF ACCEPTANCE FOR TRANSACTIONS IN ELECTRONIC FORM

Eligible investors can undertake any transaction, including purchase / redemption / switch and avail of any services as may be provided by Tata Asset Management Company Private Limited (AMC) from time to time through the online / electronic modes via various sources like its official website - www.tatamutualfund.com, mobile handsets, designated email-id(s), etc. Additionally, this will also cover transactions submitted in electronic mode by specified banks, financial institutions, distributors etc., on behalf of investors, with whom AMC has entered or may enter specific arrangements or directly by investors through secured internet sites operated by CAMS. The servers including email servers (maintained at various locations) of AMC and CAMS will be the official point of acceptance for all such online / electronic transaction facilities offered by the AMC to eligible investors.

## POINTS OF SERVICE ("POS") OF MF UTILITIES INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED ('MFUI') AS OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE (OPA) FOR TRANSACTIONS THROUGH MF UTILITY ("MFU")

Both financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to scheme(s) of Tata Mutual Fund ('the Fund') can be done through MFU at the authorized POS of MFUI. The details of POS published on MFU website at www.mfuindia.com will be considered as Official Point of Acceptance (OPA) for transactions in the Scheme.

## AMFI CERTIFIED STOCK EXCHANGE BROKERS/ CLEARING MEMBERS / DEPOSITORY PARTICIPANTS# AS OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE FOR TRANSACTIONS (PURCHASE/ REDEMPTION) OF UNITS OF TATA MUTUAL FUND SCHEMES THROUGH THE STOCK EXCHANGE(S) INFRASTRUCTURE (DURING NFO PERIOD)

# For Processing only Redemption Request of Units Held in Demat Form. The eligible AMFI certified stock exchange Brokers/ Clearing Members/ Depository Participants who have complied with the conditions stipulated in clause 16.2.4.8 of Master Circular for stockbrokers viz. AMFI/ NISM certification, code of conduct prescribed by SEBI for Intermediaries of Mutual Fund will be considered as Official Points of Acceptance (OPA) of the Mutual Fund.

## LIST OF SELF CERTIFIED SYNDICATE BANKS (SCSBS) TO ACCEPT ASBA APPLICATION FORMS (DURING NFO PERIOD) Name of the Bank (SCSB)

Ahmedabad Mercantile Co-Op Bank Ltd, AU Small Finance Bank Limited, Axis Bank, Bandhan Bank, Bank of Baroda, Bank of India, Bank of Maharashtra, Barclays Plc., BNP Paribas, Canara Bank, Catholic Syrian Bank Limited, Central Bank of India, CITI Bank NA, City Union Bank Ltd., DBS Bank Ltd., DCB Bank Ltd., Deutsche Bank, Dhanlaxmi Bank Limited, Equitas Small Finance Bank, GP Parsik Sahakari Bank Limited, HDFC Bank Ltd., HSBC Ltd., ICICI Bank Ltd., IDBI Bank Ltd., IDFC First Bank, Indian Bank, Indian Overseas Bank Ltd., Indusind Bank Ltd., J. P. Morgan Chase Bank NA., Jammu and Kashmir bank, Bank, Janata Sahakari Bank Ltd, Karnataka Bank, Karur Vasya Bank Ltd., Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd., Mehsana Urban Co-operative Bank Limited, Nutan Nagarik Sahakari Bank Ltd, Punjab & Sind Bank, Punjab National Bank, Rajkot Nagarik Sahakari Bank Ltd, RBL Bank Limited, South Indian Bank, Standard Chartered Bank, State Bank of Bikaner & Jaipur, State Bank of Hyderabad, State Bank of India, State Bank of Mysore, State Bank of Patiala, State Bank of Travancore, SVC Co-operative Bank Ltd., Syndicate Bank, Tamilnadu Mercantile Bank Ltd., The Ahmedabad Mercantile Co-Op. Bank Ltd., The Federal Bank, The Jammu &Kashmir Bank Limited, The Kalupur Commercial Co-operative Bank Ltd., The Lakshmi Vilas Bank Ltd., The Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd., The Surat Peoples Co-op Bank, TJSB Sahakari Bank Ltd, UCO Bank, Union Bank of India, YES Bank Ltd.

Investors may approach any of the above banks to submit their ASBA Application forms during this NFO. The above list is subject to change from time to time. For the updated list of Self Certified Syndicate Banks (SCSBs) and their Designated Branches (DBs) and their details, please refer to the website of SEBI, BSE, NSE.

#### **COLLECTING BANKER (DURING NFO PERIOD)**

HDFC Bank Ltd.

#### MF CENTRAL AS OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE (OPA) FOR TRANSACTIONS

As per clause 16.6 of Master Circular, Kfin Technologies Private Limited ("KFintech") and Computer Age Management Services Limited ("CAMS") have jointly developed MFCentral - A digital platform for transactions/ service requests by Mutual Fund investors. Accordingly, MF Central will be considered as an Official Point of Acceptance (OPA) for transactions in the Scheme.

#### West Zone:

Aurangabad: Plot No 66, Bhagya Nagar, Near S T Office, Kranti Chowk Police Station to Employment Office Road, Aurangabad - 431001. Tel: (0240) 2351591/90. Ahmedabad: 402, 'Megha House', Mithakhali - Law Garden Road, Netaji Marg, Ahmedabad - 380 006. Tel.: 079 - 26466080 / 40076949. Bhopal: MF-12, Block-A, Mansarovar Complex, Near Habibganj Railway Station, Bhopal - 462 016. Tel.: 0755 -2574198 / 4209752. Borivali: Shop No. 1 and 2, Ground Floor, Ganjawalla Residency, Ganjawalla Lane, Borivali West, Mumbai - 400092. Tel.: 022- 28945923 / 8655421234. Goa: F- 4, 1st Floor, Edcon Tower, Next to Hotel Salida Del Sol, Near Apple Corner, Menezes Braganza Road, Panaji - Goa - 403 001. Tel.: 7888051135, Fax: 0832-2422135. Jabalpur: Office No. 4, 1178, Napier Town, Home Science College Road, Jabalpur - 482 001 (M.P.). Tel.: 0761-4074263 Kolhapur: Gemstone Building, Ground Floor, Opposite Parikh Pool North Side, Near Central Bus Stand, Kolhapur - 416001, Maharashtra. Mumbai: Mulla House, Ground Floor, 51, M. G. Road, Near Flora Fountain, Mumbai - 400 001. Tel: 022- 66505243 / 66505201, Fax: 022- 66315194. Nagpur: 104, Shivaji Complex, Near Times of India, Dharampeth, WHC Road, Nagpur: 440 010, Tel.: 0712 - 6630425 / 6502885. Nashik: 5, Samriddhi Residency, Opp Hotel City Pride, Tilakwadi, Nashik - 422 002. Tel.: (0253) 2959098, Fax: 0253-2579098. Navsari: Shop No.1, Swiss Cottage, Ashanagar Main Road, Navsari - 396 445. Tel: 02637 - 281991. Pune: Kohinoor B-Zone, Shop no. 110, 1st Floor, Old Mumbai-Pune Highway, Near Pimple Petroleum, Above Maharashtra Electronics, Pimpri, Pune - 411 017. Tel.: 020-41204949 / 950. Rajkot: 402, The Imperia, Opp. Shastri Maidan, Limda Chowk, Rajkot - 360 001. Tel: (0281) 2964848 / 849 Surat: G-18, Ground Floor, ITC Building, Near Majuragate, Ring Road, Surat - 395 002. Tel.: 0261 - 4012140, Fax: 0261-2470326. Thane: Shop No. 9, Konark Tower, Ghantali Devi Road, Thane (West) - 400 602. Tel.: 022 - 25300912. Vadodara: Emerald One, 314, 3rd Floor, Jetalpur Main Road, Before Jetalpur Bridge, Jetalpur, Vadodara - 390 007. Tel.: (0265) 2991037, Fax: 0265-6641999. Vashi: Shop No. 16, Vardhaman Chambers, Plot No. 84, Sector 17, Near Babubhai Jagjivan Das, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703. Tel: (022) 45118998.

#### Fast Zone

Bhubaneswar: Room-309, 3rd Floor, Janpath Tower, Ashok Nagar, Bhubaneswar - 751009. Tel.: 0674 -2533818/ 7064678888. Dhanbad: Shriram Plaza, 2nd Floor, Room No.202 (B), Bank More, Jharkhand, Dhanbad - 826 001. Tel.: 0326-2300304 / 9234302478. Durgapur: 8C, 8th Floor, Pushpanjali, C-71/A, Saheed Khudiram Sarani, City Centre, Durgapur - 713 216. Tel: (0343) 2544463/65. Guwahati: Jain Complex, 4th Floor, Beside Axis Bank, G. S. Road, Guwahati - 781005. Tel: (0361) 2343084. Jamshedpur: Voltas House, Mezzanine Floor, Main Road Bistupur, Jamshedpur - 831001. Tel.: 0657-2321302 / 363 / 6576911. Kolkata: Apeejay House, Ground Floor, 15, Park Street, Kolkata - 700016. Tel.: (033) 44063300/3301/3331/3319. Fax: 033-4406 3315. Patna: 301, 3rd Floor, Grand Plaza, Frazer Road, Patna - 800 001. Tel.: (0612) 2216994. Raipur: Shop No. S-10, 2nd Floor, Raheja Tower, Near Fafadhi Chowk, Jail Road, Raipur (Chhattisgarh) 492001. Tel.: 0771-4040069 / 6537340. Ranchi: 406 - A, 4th Floor, Satya Ganga Arcade, Sarjana Chowk, Lalji Hirji Road, Ranchi - 834001. Tel.: 0651-2210226 / 8235050200. Siliguri: Shop No. 10, 1st Floor, Block-C, Shelcon Plaza, Kartar Market, Sevoke Road, Siliguri, Darjeeling - 734001.

#### North Zone:

Ajmer: 02 Floor, Agra Gate Circle, P. R. Marg, Behind Chandak Eye Hospital, Ajmer - 305 001. Tel: (0145) 2625316. Agra: Unit No. 2, 1st Floor, Block No. 54, Prateek Tower Commercial Complex, Sanjay Place, Agral - 282002. Tel.:- 0562-2525195. Allahabad: Shop No. 10, Upper Ground Floor, Vashistha Vinayak Tower, Tashkand Marg, Civil Lines, Allahabad -211 001. Tel.:- 0532-2260974. Amritsar: Mezzanine Floor, S.C.O - 25, B Block, District Shopping Complex, Ranjit Avenue, Amritsar - 143 001. Tel.: 0183-5011181/5011190. Chandigarh: SCO - 2473-74, 1st Floor, Sector- 22C, Chandigarh - 160 022. Tel.: 0172-5037205/5087322, Fax: 0172 - 2603770. Dehradun: Shop No. 19, Ground Floor, Shree Radha Palace, 78, Rajpur Road, Dehradun - 248 001, Uttarakhand. Tel.: 0135-2740877 / 2741877. Gorakhpur: Shop No. 4, Cross Road Mall, First Floor, A.D. Chowk, Bank Road, Gorakhpur - 273001 (UP). Tel: (0551) 4051010, Mob: 91 8924951944. Ghaziabad: Office No. 7, Second Floor, Astoria Boulevard, RDC, Ghaziabad - 201 002 U.P. Tel: (0120) 3592835 Gurgaon: Unit No. 209, 2nd Floor, Vipul Agora Mall, Sector 28, M. G. Road, Gurgaon - 122 001. Indore: 204, D.M. Tower, Race Course Road, Near Zanjeerwala Chourha, Indore -452 003. Tel.: 0731-4201806, Fax 0731-4201807. Jaipur: Office Number 52-53, 1 Floor, Laxmi Complex, Subhash Marg, M.I. Road Corner, C Scheme, Jaipur - 302 001. Tel.: 0141 - 5105177 / 78 / 2389387, Fax: 5105178. Jalandhar: Office No-36, Second Floor, One Park Side Building, Guru Nanak Mission Chowk adjoining Care Max Hospital. Jalandhar- 144001. Tel: (0181) 5001025 Jammu: Hall No. - 312/A2, South Block, Bahu Plaza, Jammu - 180 012. Tel.: (0191) 4504744 Jodhpur: 840, Sanskriti Plaza, Mezzanine Floor, Opp. HDFC Bank, 9th Chopasani Road, Sardarpura, Jodhpur - 342003. Tel: (0291) 2631257. Kanpur: 4th Floor, Office No. 412 - 413, KAN Chambers, 14 / 113, Civil Lines, Kanpur - 208 001. Tel.: 0512-2306065 / 6066, Fax: 0512 - 2306065. Lucknow: 11 B & 12, Ground Floor, Saran Chamber II, Vikramaditya Marg, 5 Park Road, Lucknow - 226001. Tel: (0522) 4001731 / 4308904 Ludhiana: Cabin No. 201, 2nd. Floor, SCO 18, Opp Ludhiana Stock Exchange, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana - 141 001. Tel.: 0161-5089667 / 668, Fax: 0161-2413498. Meerut: G-13, Rama Plaza, Near Bachha Park, Western Kutchery Road, Meerut (U.P.) - 250 001. Tel.: 0121-4035585. Moradabad: Ground Floor, Near Hotel Rajmahal, Civil Lines, Moradabad - 244 001, Tel.: 0591-2410667. New Delhi: Flat No. 506 - 507, Kailash Building, 26, Kasturba Gandhi Marg, Connaught Place, New Delhi - 110001. Tel.: 011-66324101/102/103/104/105, Fax: 011-66303202. Noida: Shop No - 2, First Floor, Wave Silver Tower, Noida, Sector 18, Noida - 201301 U.P. Tel.: (0120) 6662083 Udaipur: 222/16, First Floor, Mumal Tower, Above IDBI Bank, Saheli Marg, Udaipur- 313001. Tel: (0294) 2429371 / 7230029371, Fax: 011-66303202. Varanasi: D-64/127, 2nd Floor, C-H Arihant Complex, Sigra, Varanasi - 221010 Tel.: 0542-2222179 / 2221822.

#### South Zone:

Bengaluru: 91, Springboard Business Hub Private Ltd. Gopala Krishna Complex, 45/3, Residency Road, MG Road, Shanthala Nagar, Ashok Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka 560025. Tel.: 080 45570100. Fax: 080-22370512. Chennai: 3rd Floor, Sri Bala Vinayagar Square, No.2, North Boag Road, Near AGS Complex, T Nagar, Chennai - 600 017. Tel.: 044 - 48641878 / 48631868 / 48676454. Fax: 044-43546313. Cochin: 2nd Floor, Ajay Vihar, Near Hotel Avenue Regent, M. G. Road, Cochin - 682 016. Tel.: 0484-4865813 / 814 / 815. Fax: 0484 - 2377581. Coimbatore: Tulsi Chambers, 195-F, Ground Floor, West T V Swamy Road, R S Puram, Coimbatore - 641002. Tel.: 0422-4365635, Fax: 2546585. Hyderabad: 1st Floor, Nerella House, Nagarjuna Hills, Above Kotak Mahindra Bank, Punjagutta, Hyderabad - 500082. Tel.: 040-67308989 / 8901 / 8902. Fax: 040-67308990. Hubli: No 19 & 20, 1st Floor, Eureka Junction, T B Road, Hubli - 580029. Tel.: 0836 - 4251510 Fax: 4251510. Kottayam: CSI Ascention Square, Logos Junction, Collectorate P. O., Kottayam - 686 002. Tel.: 0481 2568450. Mangalore: Essel Towers, 1st Floor, Bunts Hostel Circle, Above UTI Bank, Mangalore - 575 003. Tel.: 0824 - 4260308. Madurai: 1st Floor, Old No. 11B, Opp. Sethupathy Higher Secondary School, North Veli Street, Madurai - 625 001. Tel.: 0452-4246315 Fax: 0452-4246315. Mysore: CH-16, 1st Floor, Prashanth Plaza, 4th Main, 5th Cross, Saraswathipuram, Mysore - 570009. Tel.: 0821 - 4246676 Fax: 4246676. Salem: Kandaswarna Shopping Mall, First Floor, 1/194/4, Saradha College Main Road, Fairlands, Salem - 636016, Tamil Nadu. Tel: (0427) 4042028. Thrissur: 4th Floor, Pathayappura Buildings, Round South, Thrissur - 680 001. Tel.: 0487 - 2423330. Trivandrum: Ground Floor, Sai Kripa Building, TC-1956/3, Ganapthi Temple Road, Vazhuthacaud, Trivandrum - 695 014. Tel.: 0471 - 4851431. Trichy: C-53/4, Sky Tower, 4th Floor, 5th Cross, Thillai Nagar, North East, Trichy - 620018. Tel.: (0431) 4024060. Vijaywada: D No: 38-8-42, Plot No - 303, White House Complex, 3rd Floor, M G Road, Vijayawada - 520010, Tel: (0891) 2503292. Visakhapatnam: Door No: 47-15-13/35, Navaratna Jewel Square, Shop No. 7, 3rd Floor, Near Khajana to Jyothi Book Depot Station Road, Dwarakanagar, Visakhapatnam - 530016, Tel: (0891) 2503292.