

Scheme Information Document (SID)

Zerodha Gold ETF FoF

(An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in units of Gold ETF)





Section - I Zerodha Gold ETF FoF

(An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in units of Gold ETF)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:	Risk-o-meter of the Scheme	Risk-o-meter of the Benchmark (Domestic price of physical gold)
To generate capital appreciation over long term.	Moderately High High	Moderate Moderately High
Investments in units of Gold ETF which in turn invest in Physical Gold.	A STATE OF THE STA	NISKOMETER

Investors should understand that their principal will be at **High Risk** and the riskometer of the benchmark will be **High.**

The product labelling assigned during the New Fund Offer (NFO) is based on internal assessment of the scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when actual investments are made.

(Offer for face value of ₹10 per unit during New Fund Offer and at continuous offer for units at NAV based prices)

New Fund Offer opens on	October 25, 2024
New Fund Offer closes on	November 08, 2024
Scheme reopens on	Scheme will reopen for continuous Sale and Repurchase within 05 Business Days from the date of allotment of units under NFO

Name of Sponsor	Zerodha Broking Limited
Name of Mutual Fund	Zerodha Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	Zerodha Asset Management Private Limited
Name of Trustee Company	Zerodha Trustee Private Limited
Address	Indiqube Penta, New No. 51 (Old No. 14), Richmond Road, Bangalore - 560 025
Website	www.zerodhafundhouse.com

^{*}Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.



The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (hereinafter referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The SID sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this SID after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund or its Website.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Zerodha Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.zerodhafundhouse.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the SAI, please visit our website or send email to support@zerodhafundhouse.com.

The SID should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

The Scheme Information Document is dated October 14, 2024.



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I. HIGHLIGHTS OF THE SCHEME

Name of the Scheme	Zerodha Gold ETF FoF
Category of Scheme	Other – FoFs (Domestic)
Type of Scheme	An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in units of Gold ETF.
Scheme Code	ZERO/O/O/FOD/24/09/0008
Investment Objective	The investment objective of the scheme is to seek capital appreciation by investing in units of Gold ETF.
	There is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the scheme would be achieved.
Liquidity	On an ongoing basis, the subscription and redemption shall be at NAV based prices on all Business Days.
	As per SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall dispatch redemption proceeds within 03 working days from the date of redemption. A penal interest of 15% per annum or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, will be paid by AMC in case the redemption proceeds are not dispatched within 03 Business Days from the date of redemption.
Benchmark	Domestic price of physical gold.
Transparency/ NAV Disclosure	The NAV will be calculated by the AMC for each Business Day except in special circumstances. The first NAV shall be calculated and declared within 05 business days from the date of allotment.
	AMC shall disclose the NAV for each Business Day as below:
	 On the website of the Fund/AMC - 10.00 A.M. on the next Business Day. On the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) - 10.00 A.M. on the next Business Day.



	Please refer to page no. 58-59 of Section II for details.
Applicable Timelines	Timelines for Dispatch of redemption proceeds: As per SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall dispatch the redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders within 03 working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	The scheme offers only Direct Plan. The scheme offers only Growth Option. The Trustees/ AMC reserves the right to introduce further Plan/ Options as and when deemed fit, subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
	For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer to SAI.
Loads	Exit Load: Nil The Trustee reserves the right to change/ modify the Load structure of the Scheme, subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the Regulations. For further details on load structure refer to the section 'Load Structure' on page no. 31-32.
Minimum Application Amount /Switch In	During New Fund Offer (NFO): ₹ 500 and in multiples of ₹ 1 thereafter. On continuous basis: Investors can invest under the Scheme during the ongoing offer period with a minimum investment of ₹ 500 and in multiples of ₹ 1 thereafter. The Minimum Application shall not be applicable to the mandatory investments made in the Scheme pursuant to the provisions of clause 6.9 and 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to time.



Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	During the ongoing offer period, for subsequent additional purchases, the investor can invest with the minimum amount of ₹ 500 and in multiples of ₹ 1 thereafter.
Minimum Redemption/ Switch Out Amount	The minimum redemption amount shall be 'any amount' or 'any number of units' as requested by the investor at the time of redemption. The Redemption would be permitted to the extent of credit balance in the Unit holder's account of the Scheme (subject to completion of Lock-in period or release of pledge / lien or other encumbrances). The Redemption request can be made by specifying the rupee amount or by specifying the number of Units to be redeemed. However, the Minimum Application and redemption amount mentioned above shall not be applicable to the mandatory investments made in the Scheme pursuant to the provisions of para 6.9 and para 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024, as amended from time to time. The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change/ modify the terms of minimum redemption amount provision offered under the Scheme of the Fund.
New Fund Offer Period	NFO Opens on: October 25, 2024 NFO Closes on: November 08, 2024
This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	New Fund Offer Period for the scheme will be announced at the time of the launch subject to the earlier closure, if any; such offer period not being more than 15 days.
	In case the NFO Opening/ Closing Date is subsequently declared as a non-Business Day, the following Business Day will be deemed to be the NFO Opening/ Closing Date. Any modification to the New Fund Offer Period shall be announced by way of an Addendum uploaded on the website of the AMC.
	The Trustees/ AMC reserves the right to close the NFO before the above-mentioned date by giving notice as per the norms provided under SEBI (MF) Regulations.
New Fund Offer Price	Offer of Units at ₹ 10 each during the NFO period of the Scheme.



(This is the price per Unit that the investors have to pay to invest in NFO)	
Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	The Scheme has provided enabling provisions for Creation of Segregated Portfolio in terms of guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time. Please refer to the SAI for the details.
Swing pricing disclosure	Swing Pricing Framework is not applicable.
Stock lending/short selling	Securities Lending is a lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed. There are risks inherent in securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary to comply with the terms of the agreement. Such failure can result in a possible loss of rights to the collateral, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of corporate benefits accruing thereon. The AMC shall adhere to the following limits should it engage in Stock Lending: 1. Not more than 20% of the net assets of a Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending. 2. Not more than 5% of the net assets of a Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending to any single approved intermediary / counterparty. Please refer to the SAI for more details.
How to Apply and other details	Investors can submit the application for purchase and redemption transactions in the schemes of Zerodha Mutual Fund at the Official Points of Acceptance (OPA).



	The list of OPA is available on the website of AMC i.e., www.zerodhafundhouse.com The Investor may also reach out to the investor support email id support@zerodhafundhouse.com for details/ help in investing. Please refer to Page no. 51 of Section II for more details.	
Investor Services For General service requests Investors can lodge any service request or complaints or enquire about Unit Holdings, etc. by sending an email to support@zerodhafundhouse.c For Complaint Resolution Any complaints should be addressed to the Investor Relations Officer. Address: Investor Relations Officer Zerodha Asset Management Private Limited New No.51, IndiQube Penta, 2nd Floor, Richmond Road, Bangalore - 560025		
	Email - iro@zerodhafundhouse.com For any grievances with respect to transactions through BSE StAR/ NMF/ MFSS, the investors / Unit Holders should approach either the stockbroker or the investor grievance cell of the stock exchange. Investors may escalate to the Compliance Officer at compliance@zerodhafundhouse.com and/ or CEO at ceo@zerodhafundhouse.com if they do not receive a response/ not satisfied with the response from the Investor Relations Team.	
Specific Attributes of the Scheme	Not Applicable.	
Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	1 ' '	



SYSTEMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN (SIP)

Unit holders can enroll for the SIP facility at the OPA. An Investor if choosing 29th, 30th or 31st of a month as the SIP date, then the SIP date will be automatically considered as the first business day of the following month.

Minimum amount per SIP installment and Minimum number of installments under monthly and quarterly frequency of SIP are as follows

Frequency under SIP Facility	Minimum Installment	Minimum Amount
Daily	01	₹500
Weekly	01	₹500
Fortnightly	01	₹500
Monthly	01	₹500
Quarterly	01	₹500
Half-yearly	01	₹500
Yearly	01	₹500

If the SIP period is not specified by the unit holder, then the SIP enrolment will be deemed to be for perpetuity and processed accordingly.

In case of SIP investments, where the entire installment amount is not available in the bank account, the SIP for that month would be rejected. Allocation to a particular scheme or pro–rata allocation to schemes will not be carried out.

Investors may register for SIP through One Time Mandate (OTM) for payment towards any future purchase transactions. Investors may choose any mode such as NACH/ECS/DIRECT DEBIT/ Standing Instruction (SI)/ UPI mandate as per arrangements with banks or payment aggregators. For online transactions, AMC may provide various payment modes, as available from time to time for SIP Enrolments.

The SIP registration will be discontinued or considered as closed/ cancelled by the AMC as per the below mentioned timelines:



SIP Interval	No. of failed attempts prior to cancellation of SIPs
Daily	3
Weekly	3
Fortnightly	3
Monthly	3
Quarterly	2
Half-Yearly	2
Yearly	2

The AMC/RTA shall send a communication to the investor after 1st failed debit attempt, mentioning that the SIP will cease in case of aforesaid.

Units will be allotted at the Applicable NAV on SIP installment realisation basis. In case the date falls on a Non-Business Day, the immediate next Business Day will be considered for this purpose. In case the fund realised on non-business day of the scheme, the immediate next Business Day will be considered for this purpose.

The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the terms and conditions under the SIP prospectively at a future date.

SIP Top up facility

Investors may avail fixed SIP Top-up facility where they have an option to increase the amount of the SIP Installment by a fixed amount at predefined intervals.

SIP Top-up facility shall be available for SIP Investments through ECS (Debit Clearing) / Direct Debit Facility / Standing Instruction only. The Top-up amount should be in multiples of ₹ 500 only. Monthly and quarterly SIP offers top-up frequency at yearly intervals.

SIP PAUSE FACILITY

The Fund offers Systematic Investment Plan ("SIP") Pause facility ("the Facility") for investors who wish to temporarily pause their SIP in the Schemes of the Fund.



The terms and conditions of the Facility are as follows:

- 1. This Facility is available for SIPs with Monthly and Quarterly frequencies.
- 2. The maximum number of installments that can be paused using this facility are **3 (three)** consecutive installments for SIPs registered with Monthly frequency and **1 (one)** for SIPs registered with Quarterly frequency. Thereafter, automatically the balance SIP installments (as originally registered) will resume.
- 3. SIP pause requests should be submitted at least 15 days before the requested start date.
- 4. SIP Pause once registered cannot be cancelled.
- 5. The Investor understands and acknowledges that the SIP Pause facility is merely a transaction related facility offered by the Company; and the Investor unconditionally and irrevocably agrees that the AMC or Fund will not be liable for:
- (i) acting in good faith on any instructions received from the Investor;
- (ii) any force majeure events that are beyond the control of any person; and
- (iii) any error, default, delay or inability of the AMC or the Fund or its Agents to act on all or any of the instructions from the Investor. The Investor hereby assumes and undertakes the entire risk of using the Facility and agrees to take full responsibility for the same.

The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the terms and conditions of the Facility or withdraw the Facility.

Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)

STP is a facility given to the Unit holders to transfer sums on a periodic basis from one scheme to another schemes launched by the Mutual Fund from time to time by giving a single instruction.

Investors can opt for the STP by investing a lump sum amount in one scheme of the fund and providing a standing instruction to transfer sums at regular intervals.

Particulars	Frequency	Details
Frequency and Transaction Dates	Daily	Every Business Day



	Weekly	
	Fortnightly	
	Monthly	
Minimum number of	Daily	₹ 500/- each per transfer
transfers and minimum amount	Weekly	
per STP	Fortnightly	
	Monthly	

An Investor if choosing 29th, 30th or 31st of a month as the STP date, then the STP date will be automatically considered as the first business day of the following month.

If any STP transaction due date falls on a non-Business day, then the respective transactions will be processed on the immediately succeeding Business Day for both the schemes.

Default Frequency - Monthly

The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to introduce STPs at any other frequencies or on any other dates as the AMC may feel appropriate from time to time. In the event that such a day is a Holiday, the transfer would be affected on the next Business Day.

It may be noted that this facility is subject to the lock-in requirement of the scheme.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)

Unit holders have the benefit of availing the choice of Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP). The SWP allows the Unit holder to withdraw a specified sum of money each month/quarter/ half-yearly/ yearly from his investments in the Schemes. SWP is ideal for investors seeking a regular inflow of funds for their needs. It is also ideally suited to retirees or individuals, who wish to invest lump sum and withdraw from the investment over a period of time. The amount thus withdrawn by redemption will be converted into Units at Applicable NAV and the number of Units so arrived at will be subtracted from the Units balance to the credit of that Unit holder. The Unit holder may avail of this Option, after the close of the New Fund Offer Period. Unit holders will



have the option to change the amount or the period of withdrawals. The SWP may be terminated by a Unit holder and it will terminate automatically if all the Units are liquidated or withdrawn from the account or the holdings fall below $\stackrel{?}{\sim} 500$ /- (subject to the Unit holder failing to invest sufficient funds to bring the value of their holdings to the minimum amount of $\stackrel{?}{\sim} 500$ /- after the completion of SWP, within 30 days after the balance shall have fallen below the minimum holdings) or upon the Mutual Fund's receipt of notification of death or incapacity of the first Unit holder.

Default Option: Monthly option

Minimum SWP installment size is ₹ 500/- and in multiples of ₹ 1 thereafter.

Switching Options

Unit holders under the Scheme have the option to Switch part or all of their Unit holdings in the Scheme to any other Scheme offered by the Mutual Fund from time to time. The Mutual Fund also provides the Investors the flexibility to Switch their investments from any other scheme(s) / plan (s) offered by the Mutual Fund to this Scheme. This option will be useful to Unit holders who wish to alter the allocation of their investment among the scheme(s) / plan(s) of the Mutual Fund in order to meet their changed investment needs. The Switch will be effected by way of a Redemption of Units from the Scheme at Applicable NAV, subject to Exit Load, if any and reinvestment of the Redemption proceeds into another Scheme offered by the Mutual Fund at Applicable NAV and accordingly the Switch must comply with the Redemption rules of the Switch out Scheme and the Subscription rules of the Switch in Scheme.

OTM - ONE TIME MANDATE ('FACILITY')

OTM is a simple and convenient facility that enables the Unit holders to transact in the Schemes of the Fund by submitting OTM - One Time Mandate registration with the Fund through e-NACH or UPI autopay facility.

It is a one - time registration process wherein the Unit holder(s) of the Scheme(s) of the Fund authorizes his / her bank to debit their account upto a certain specified limit per transaction, on request received from the Fund, as and when the transaction is undertaken by the Unit holder, without the need of submitting cheque or fund transfer letter with every transaction thereafter. This Facility is only available to Unit holder(s) of the Fund who have been assigned a folio number by the AMC.



Unit Holder(s) are requested to note that the AMC reserves the right to amend the terms and conditions, or modify, or discontinue the Facility for existing as well as prospective investors at any time in future.

<u>Process for Investments made in the name of Minor through a Guardian</u>

Payment for investment from the bank account of the minor or from a joint account of the minor with the guardian only, else the transaction is liable to get rejected. Unit holders are requested to review the Bank Account registered in the folio and ensure that the registered Bank Mandate is in favour of minor or joint with registered guardian in folio. If the registered Bank Account is not in favour of minor or not joint with registered guardian, unit holders will be required to submit the change of bank mandate, where minor is also a bank account holder (either single or joint with registered guardian), before initiation any redemption transaction in the folio, else the transaction is liable to get rejected. For systematic transactions in a minor's folio, AMC will register standing instructions till the date of the minor attaining majority, though the instructions may be for a period beyond that date. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details and updated bank account details. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major.

For further details with respect to the above mentioned products / facilities, kindly refer to SAI.

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Total Expense Ratio(TER)

Please note that this is a new scheme. TER details shall be available from the first NAV date:

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall disclose the Total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Scheme on a daily basis on its website viz. https://www.zerodhafundhouse.com/resources/disclosures/

Factsheet

The AMC on its website viz. https://www.zerodhafundhouse.com/resources/fund-documents will provide a Factsheet of the Scheme on a monthly basis, which contains details such as Fund size, Performance, NAV, etc.



IMPORTANT

Before investing, investors are requested to also ascertain about any further changes pertaining to scheme such as features, load structure etc. made to this Scheme Information Document by issue of addenda/notice after the date of this Document from the AMC/ Mutual Fund/ Website, etc.



F. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

A Due Diligence Certificate duly signed by the Compliance Officer of Zerodha Asset Management Private Limited has been submitted to SEBI, which reads as follows:

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 ("Regulations") and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well-informed decision regarding investment in the proposed Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yield, etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines thereunder shall be applicable.
- (viii)The Trustees have ensured that, Zerodha Gold ETF FoF approved by them is a new product offered by Zerodha Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme.

Place: Bangalore Signed: Sd/-

Date: October 14, 2024 Name: Chandra Bhushan Singh

Designation: Head Legal & Compliance

(Compliance Officer)

Note: The due diligence certificate as stated above was submitted to the SEBI on October 14, 2024.



II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Asset Allocation

Under the normal circumstances, the asset allocation of the Scheme will be as follows:

	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)	
Type of Instruments	Minimum	Maximum
Units of Gold Exchange Traded Fund (ETF)^	95%	100%
Debt Securities and Money Market instruments	0%	5%

[^]Zerodha Gold ETF and/or other schemes of other Mutual Funds or other Domestic Mutual Funds having similar objectives, strategy and asset allocation.

The cumulative gross exposure through Gold ETF Units, ETCD's, Money Market securities and other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

The scheme can take exposure in ETCDs from 0% to 5% having gold as the underlying. It may be noted that the margin placed for taking exposure to ETCDs are generally lower than the ETCD exposure limit considered for the purposes of monitoring investment limits and therefore, the residual cash (i.e. ETCD exposure less placement of margin towards participation in ETCDs) are placed in cash and cash equivalents in the interest of investors. The said placement in cash and cash equivalents shall not be considered as part of the limit of 0% to 5% allocated towards Debt & Money Market Instruments.

However, cash and cash equivalents* with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.

*SEBI vide letter dated November 03, 2021, has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities.

Subject to the Regulations, the Scheme may engage in Securities Lending activities. Securities Lending is a lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed. There are risks inherent in securities lending,



including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary to comply with the terms of the agreement. Such failure can result in a possible loss of rights to the collateral, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of corporate benefits accruing thereon. The AMC shall adhere to the following limits should it engage in Stock Lending:

- 1. Not more than 20% of the net assets of a Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending.
- 2. Not more than 5% of the net assets of a Scheme can generally be deployed in Stock Lending to any single approved intermediary / counterparty.

The Scheme does not intend to undertake/invest/engage in the following:

S.No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
1.	Securitized Debt		
2.	Short selling of securities		
3.	Repo in corporate debt		
4.	Unrated instruments (except TREPs/ Government Securities/ SDL / Repo in Government Securities);		
5.	Foreign securities/ADR/GDR		
6.	ReITs and InVITs	The Scheme will	not invest/engage in these
7.	Instruments having Special Features as defined in SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2021/0 32 dated March 10, 2021	ir	istruments.
8.	Credit Enhancements & Structured Obligations		
9.	Credit Default Swap transactions		

Short term defensive consideration:



Subject to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2021/024 dated March 04, 2021 and circulars issued thereunder, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change for a short term period on defensive considerations, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. These proportions may vary depending upon the perception of the Fund Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be rebalanced within 7 calendar days from the date of deviation and further action may be taken as specified under SEBI Circulars/ AMFI guidelines issued from time to time.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

The corpus of the Scheme shall be invested in accordance with the investment objective of the scheme which will include but not limited to:

The Scheme would invest all its funds in:

- Units of Gold ETF registered with SEBI.
- Debt Securities including:
 - 1. Non-convertible debentures;
 - 2. Bonds;
 - 3. Secured premium notes;
 - 4. Zero interest bonds;
 - 5. Deep discount bonds;
 - 6. Floating rate bond / notes;
 - 7. Any other permissible domestic fixed income instrument.
- Money market instruments include, but are not limited to Treasury Bills, Commercial Paper of Public Sector Undertakings and Private Sector Corporate Entities, Term Money, Tri-party repo, Certificates of Deposit of Scheduled Commercial Banks, Financial Institutions and Development Financial Institutions, Government securities with unexpired maturity of one year or less and other Money Market securities as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time and in the manner prescribed under the Regulations.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The Fund shall be managed in line with the Investment Objective to generate returns that are linked to the returns generated by the underlying Gold Exchange Traded Fund (ETF). To realize this objective, the investment strategy of the Scheme would be to invest passively in Gold ETF. The Scheme will remain invested in the underlying scheme regardless of the prevailing gold price or future outlook for this asset class.



Though every endeavor will be made to achieve the objective of the Scheme, the AMC/Sponsors/Trustee does not guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. No guaranteed returns are being offered under the Scheme.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER:

Portfolio Turnover is a term used to measure the volume of trading that occurs in a Scheme's portfolio during a given time period. The scheme being an open-ended debt scheme, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Hence, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. Generally, turnover will depend upon the extent of purchase and redemption of units and the need to rebalance the portfolio on account of change in the composition, if any, and corporate actions of securities included in the Index. The Scheme has no specific target relating to portfolio turnover. The effect of higher portfolio turnover could be higher brokerage and transaction costs.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio: Not Applicable

D. HOW WILL SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of the scheme will be benchmarked to the performance of the Domestic price of physical gold.

The Trustees reserves the right to change the benchmark in future, if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the Scheme is available post prior intimation/ approval of SEBI.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

The detail of the Fund Manager(s) of the scheme is as follows:

Name and Age	Educational Qualification	Experience (in years)	Fund (s) Managed
Mr. Shyam Agarwal	Bachelors of Commerce (B.com)	3 years December 2023 -	Zerodha Gold ETF
24 Years	(B.COIII)	Present Zerodha Asset Management Private Limited Fund Manager - Commodities	
		October 2021 -	



		November 2023 Windmill Capital Private Limited Investment Research Analyst	
		March 2021 - October 2021 True Beacon Investment Research Analyst	
Mr. Kedarnath Mirajkar 42 Years	PGDBM - Finance	Zerodha AMC - Current Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC - April 2010 to June 2022 Fund Manager/ Dealer Passive - December 2020 to June 2022 Chief Manager - Risk Management November 2018 to December 2020 Trade Operations - April 2010 to Nov 2018 HDFC Bank (Custody	 Zerodha Nifty LargeMidcap 250 Index Fund Zerodha ELSS Tax Saver LargeMidcap 250 Index Fund Zerodha Nifty 100 ETF Zerodha Nifty Midcap 150 ETF Zerodha Gold ETF (Co-Fund Manager)
		Department) August 2007 to March 2010 Bombay Dyeing - September 2005 to August 2007	

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?



Scheme Name	Type of Scheme
Zerodha Nifty LargeMidcap 250 Index Fund	An open-ended scheme replicating/ tracking Nifty LargeMidcap 250 Index
Zerodha ELSS Tax Saver Nifty LargeMidcap 250 Index Fund	An open-ended passive equity linked savings scheme with a statutory lock-in period of 3 years and tax benefit replicating/tracking Nifty LargeMidcap 250 Index
Zerodha Nifty 1D Rate Liquid ETF	An open-ended Exchange Traded Fund replicating/ tracking Nifty 1D Rate Index. A relatively low interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk
Zerodha Gold ETF	An open-ended scheme replicating/tracking domestic prices of Physical Gold
Zerodha Nifty 100 ETF	An open-ended scheme replicating/tracking Nifty 100 Total Returns Index
Zerodha Nifty Midcap 150 ETF	An open-ended scheme replicating/tracking Nifty Midcap 150 Total Return Index

Detailed comparison of the above mentioned existing schemes is disclosed on the website of the AMC viz. https://www.zerodhafundhouse.com/resources/disclosures/

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

This is a new scheme and does not have any performance track record.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEMES RELATED DISCLOSURES

i. Scheme Portfolio Holdings

Please visit the AMC/MF website viz. www.zerodhafundhouse.com/resources/disclosures for Top 10 holdings by issuer and the portfolio holdings statements of the scheme.

ii. Disclosure of name and exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors

The Mutual Fund / AMC will disclose the details of name and exposure of Top 7 Issuers on its website viz. - Not Applicable.

iii. Functional website link for Portfolio Disclosure - Fortnightly / Monthly/ Half Yearly



The Mutual Fund / AMC will disclose the portfolio (along with ISIN and other prescribed details) of the Scheme in the prescribed format, on a Fortnightly, monthly and Half Yearly basis on its website viz. www.zerodhafundhouse.com/resources/disclosures.

iv. Portfolio Turnover Ratio

Not Applicable

v. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Concerned Fund Manager(s):

Since the scheme is a new scheme, the above disclosure is not applicable.

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard, please refer to SAI.

vi. Investments of AMC in the Scheme

In terms of sub-regulation 16(A) in Regulation 25 of SEBI (MF) Regulations, 1996 read along with SEBI circular no. SEBI/ HO/IMD/IMD - IDOF5/P/CIR/2021/624 dated September 02, 2021 and AMFI Best Practice Guidelines Circular No.100 /2022 - 23 on 'Alignment of interest of AMCs with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund schemes', the AMC shall invest such amounts in such schemes of the mutual fund, based on the risks associated with the schemes, as may be specified by the SEBI from time to time. However, as per the circular, ETFs, Index Funds, Overnight Funds, Funds of Funds (FoF) scheme(s) are exempted from the purview of the aforesaid circular.

In line with SEBI Regulations and circulars issued by SEBI from time to time, the AMC may invest its own funds in the scheme(s). Further, the AMC shall not charge any fees on its investment in the Scheme (s), unless allowed to do so under SEBI Regulations in the future.

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III. OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per Unit of the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of Units outstanding under the Scheme on the valuation date. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. Additionally, the closing price of the units of ETFs on the stock exchange shall be used for valuation by the Scheme investing in such ETFs.

In case of any conflict between the Principles of Fair Valuation and valuation guidelines specified by SEBI, the Principles of Fair Valuation shall prevail.

NAV of Units of under the Scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

NAV (₹) per Unit =

<u>Market or Fair Value of the Scheme's Investments + Current Assets - Current Liabilities and Provisions</u>
No. of Units outstanding under each Scheme

The NAV of the Scheme will be calculated at the close of every Business Day.

The NAV of the Scheme will be calculated up to 4 decimal places.

Methodology for calculation of sale and repurchase price.

Pursuant to SEBI circular no. *SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/92* dated June 05, 2018 on "Go Green Initiative in Mutual Funds", the methodology of calculating the sale and repurchase price of units is explained with an illustration below:

A) Sale Price:

The Sale Price for a valid purchase will be the Applicable NAV of the respective Scheme i.e. Sale Price = Applicable NAV.

For a valid purchase request of ₹ 10,000, where the applicable NAV is ₹ 10, the units will be allotted as below:

Purchase Amount - ₹ 10,000 Applicable NAV - ₹ 10

No. of Units - 1,000 Units (Purchase Amount/Applicable NAV)



Please note that the entry load has been abolished with effect from August 01, 2009 vide SEBI Circular no.SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/ 168230/09 dated August 01, 2009. Hence, Sale price is equal to the applicable NAV.

B) Repurchase Price:

The Repurchase Price for a valid repurchase will be the applicable NAV reduced by any exit load (say 1%, if redeemed before completion of 1 year). i.e. applicable NAV - (applicable NAV X applicable exit load)

For a valid repurchase request where the applicable NAV is ₹ 10, the repurchase price will be as follows:

Therefore, for the repurchase for 1,000 units, the Investor will receive the proceeds as given below:

```
No. Of Units - 1,000

Repurchase Price = ₹9.9

=1000 X 9.9

=₹ 9,900
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Note: Transaction charges and other charges/expenses, if any, borne by the investors have not been considered in the above illustration(s).

The Mutual Fund will ensure that the Redemption Price will not be lower than 95% of the Applicable NAV provided that the difference between the Redemption Price and the Subscription /Purchase Price at any point in time shall not exceed the permitted limit as prescribed by SEBI from time to time, which is currently 5% calculated on the Subscription/ Purchase Price. The Purchase Price shall be at applicable NAV.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. kindly refer to SAI.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution, marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationery, bank charges etc. The NFO expenses shall be borne by the AMC.



These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. The NFO expenses shall be borne by the AMC and no expenses shall be charged to the unitholder(s) of the Scheme.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses incurred for the Scheme. These expenses include but are not limited to Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs, listing fee, etc.

The AMC has estimated that the following expenses will be charged to the Scheme as permitted under Regulation 52 of SEBI (MF) Regulations. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Mutual Fund viz. www.zerodhafundhouse.com

Expense Head	% of daily net assets (estimated) (p.a.)
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 1.00%
Trustee Fees and Expenses ¹	
Audit Fees and Expenses	
Custodian Fees and Expenses	
RTA Fees and Expenses	
Marketing and Selling Expenses	
Cost related to Investor Communication	
Cost of fund transfer from one location to another	
Cost of providing account statements	
Cost of Statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education and awareness ²	
Brokerage and Transaction cost over and above 0.12% and 0.05% on value of trades for cash and derivative market trades only	



GST on expenses other than Investment Management and Advisory Fees ³	
GST on brokerage and transaction cost ³	
Other Expenses	
Maximum Total Expense Ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) ⁴	Upto 1.00%

Provided that the total expense ratio to be charged over and above the weighted average of the total expense ratio of the underlying scheme(s) shall not exceed two times the weighted average of the total expense ratio levied by the underlying scheme(s), subject to the overall ceilings as stated above.

As per Regulation 52(6)(a), the total expenses of the Scheme including weighted average of charges levied by the underlying schemes shall not exceed 1.00 per cent of the daily net assets of the Scheme.

Investors may please note that they will be bearing the recurring expenses of the Scheme in addition to the expenses of the Underlying Schemes in which the Investments are made by the Scheme.

In accordance with the Trust Deed constituting the Mutual Fund, the Trustee is entitled to receive, in addition to the reimbursement of all costs, charges, and expenses, a yearly fee of ₹ 1. Such fee shall be paid to the Trustee within seven working days of the end of every year. The Trustee may charge further expenses as permitted from time to time under the Trust Deed and SEBI (MF) Regulations.

As per Para F of the SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012 read with SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DOF2/P/CIR/2022/69 dated May 23, 2022, the AMC shall annually set apart at least 2 basis points p.a. (i.e. 0.02% p.a.) on daily net assets of the Scheme within the limits of total expenses prescribed under Regulation 52 of SEBI (MF) Regulations for investor education and awareness initiatives undertaken.

Fund of Funds (FoFs) investing more than 80% of its NAV in underlying domestic funds shall not be required to set aside 2 basis points p.a (i.e 0.02% p.a.) of the daily net assets towards investor education and awareness initiatives.

¹ Trustee Fees and Expenses

² Investor Education and Awareness initiatives

³ Refer Point (3) below on GST on various expenses.

⁴ The expenses towards Investment Management and Advisory Fees under Regulation 52 (2) and the various sub-heads of recurring expenses mentioned under Regulation 52 (4) of SEBI (MF) Regulations



are fungible in nature. Thus, there shall be no internal sub-limits within the expense ratio for expense heads mentioned under Regulation 52 (2) and (4) respectively.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the Investor in understanding the various costs and expenses that an Investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. The figures in the table above are estimates. The actual expenses that can be charged to the Scheme will be subject to limits prescribed from time to time under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

GST

As per Para B of the SEBI circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, GST shall be charged as follows: -

- a. GST on investment management and advisory fees shall be charged to the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of TER as prescribed in Regulation 52 (6) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
- b. GST on other than investment management and advisory fees, if any, shall be borne by the Scheme within the maximum limit of TER as prescribed in Regulation 52 (6) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
- c. GST on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trade, if any, shall be within the limit prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

The total expenses of the Scheme including the Investment Management and Advisory Fee shall not exceed the limits stated in Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

The mutual fund would update the current expense ratios on the website (www.zerodhafundhouse.com) at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change and update the TER under the Section titled "Disclosures" under the sub-section titled "Total Expense Ratio of Mutual Funds".

Illustration: Impact of Expense Ratio on Scheme's return

Expense ratio, normally expressed as a percentage of Average Assets under Management, is calculated by dividing the permissible expenses under the Regulations by the average net assets.

To further illustrate the above, for the Scheme under reference, suppose an Investor invested ₹ 10,000/- (after deduction of stamp duty) under the Direct Plan, the impact of 1% expenses charged will be as under:

Particulars	Direct Plan
Amount invested at the beginning of the year (Rs.)	10,000
Returns before expenses (Rs.)	1,500



Expenses (Rs.)	150
Returns after expenses at the end of the year (Rs.)	1350
Returns (per annum in %)	13.50%

Note(s):

- The purpose of the above illustration is to purely explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the plan under the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments.
- It is assumed that the expenses charged are evenly distributed throughout the year.
- Calculations are based on assumed NAVs, and actual returns on your investment may be more, or less.
- Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to seek appropriate advice.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of AMC, its associate, sponsor, trustees or any other entity through any route in terms of SEBI circulars, subject to the clarifications provided by SEBI to AMFI vide letter dated February 21, 2019 on implementation of SEBI Circular dated October 22, 2018 on Total Expense Ratio (TER) and performance disclosure for Mutual Fund.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.zerodhafundhouse.com).

Details of Load Structure:

Type of Load	Load Chargeable (% of NAV)
Exit	Nil

The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to modify / change the Load structure if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the Mutual Fund.

Any imposition or enhancement of Exit Load in the load shall be applicable on prospective investments only. At the time of changing the load structure the AMC / Mutual Fund may adopt the following procedure:

(i) The addendum detailing the changes will be attached to Scheme Information Document and Key Information Memorandum and displayed on our website www.zerodhafundhouse.com.



- (ii) The introduction of the Load along with the details will be mentioned in the acknowledgement issued to the investors on submission of the application and will also be disclosed in the Account Statement or in the covering letter issued to the Unit holders after the introduction of such Load.
- (iii) A public notice shall be given in respect of such changes in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
- (iv) Any other measures which the mutual funds may feel necessary.

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SECTION - II

I. Introduction

A. Definitions/Interpretations

In this Scheme Information Document, the words and expressions shall have the meaning specified in the following link, unless the context otherwise requires.

https://www.zerodhafundhouse.com/resources/disclosures/

B. Risk Factors

Scheme Specific Risk Factors

The scheme intends to invest in units of Gold ETF. The Scheme may also invest a certain portion of its corpus in Debt Securities and Money Market Instruments. Investors who intend to invest in the Scheme are required to and deemed to have understood the risk factors of the underlying schemes.

The scheme assets will be investing in units of Gold ETF and valued at the market price of the said units on the principal exchange. The same may be at a variance to the underlying NAV of the fund, due to market expectations, demand supply of the units, etc. To that extent the performance of the scheme shall be at variance with that of the underlying scheme.

The performance of the Scheme may be affected by changes in Government policies, general levels of interest rates and risks associated with trading volumes, liquidity and settlement systems, etc. Some of the Risks are listed below:

Risk associated with Fund of Fund

- The Scheme's performance will depend upon the performance of the Underlying ETF.
- Any change in the investment policy or the fundamental attributes of the Underlying ETF in which the Scheme invests may affect the performance of the Scheme.
- Dependence on the Investment Manager of the underlying ETF: The success of the underlying ETF depends on the ability of the respective Investment Manager to implement investment strategies that achieve their investment objective.
- In addition to the recurring expenses of the Scheme, the Unit Holders shall also bear
 the applicable expenses of the underlying ETF. Therefore, the returns that the Unit
 Holder of the Scheme may receive may be impacted or may, at times, be lower than
 the returns that a Unit Holder, who is directly investing in the same underlying ETF,
 could obtain.

Risk associated with underlying scheme (Gold ETFs):



- <u>Active Market</u>: Although the units of the scheme are listed on the exchange, there can be
 no assurance that an active secondary market will be developed or maintained. The AMC
 and the Trustees will not be liable for delay in trading of Units on Stock Exchange due to
 the occurrence of any event beyond their control. For an investor in less than creation
 unit size, exchange quotes may not be always available.
- <u>Liquidity Risk</u>: Trading in units of the scheme on the Exchange may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of the Exchange authorities or SEBI, trading in units of the scheme is not advisable. In addition, trading in units is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to Stock Exchange(s) and SEBI 'circuit filter' rules as applicable from time to time. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the exchange(s) necessary to maintain the listing of units of the scheme will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.
- Redemption Risk: The AMC will appoint Authorised Participants (APs)/ Market Makers (MMs) to provide liquidity for the units of Gold ETFs in the secondary market on an ongoing basis. The Market Maker(s) would offer daily two-way quotes (buy and sell quotes) in the market. Further, the price received upon redemption of units may be less than the value of the gold represented by them.
- Regulatory change: Any changes in trading regulations by the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of market makers to arbitrage resulting in wider premium / discount to NAV. The Units of the Scheme may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of the Scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of Scheme's holdings. The trading prices of Units of the Scheme will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand for the Units of the Scheme.
- <u>Settlement</u>: The Units will be issued only in demat form through depositories. The records of the depository are final with respect to the number of Units available to the credit of the Unit holder. Settlement of trades, repurchase of Units by the Mutual Fund during liquidity window depends upon the confirmations to be received from depository(ies) on which the Mutual Fund has no control.

Risks associated with gold/commodity:

Global gold supplies and demand, which is influenced by factors such as forward selling by gold producers, purchases made by gold producers to unwind gold hedge positions. Productions and cost levels in major gold producing countries can also impact gold prices. Further, Central bank purchases and sales also impact the price of Gold. The prices of gold are also affected:-

Macro-economic factors: Expected rate of inflation versus actual may impact the
price of gold. Global or regional political, economic or financial events and situations
of countries, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in bullion prices,
exchange rates, inflation trends, market movements, etc. can also impact price and
demand / supply.



- Central banks' sale: Central banks across the world hold a part of their reserves in gold. The quantum of their sale in the market is one of the major determinants of gold prices. A higher supply than anticipated would lead to subdued gold prices and vice versa. Central banks buy gold to augment their existing reserves and to diversify from other asset classes. This acts as a support factor for gold prices.
 Mining & Production Lower production could have a positive effect on gold prices. Conversely excessive production capacities would lead to a downward movement in gold prices as the supply goes up.
- Currency exchange rates: A weakening dollar may act in favor of gold prices and vice versa.
- Changes in regulations or taxes or any other levies: Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of Authorized Participant to arbitrage resulting in wider premium / discount to NAV. Any changes in the regulations relating to import and export of gold or gold jewelry (including customs duty, sales tax and any such other statutory levies) may affect the ability of the Scheme to buy / sell gold against the purchase and redemption requests received. Any change in the rates of indirect taxation / applicable taxes would affect the valuation of the Scheme.
- Seasonal demand: Demand for Gold in India is closely tied to the production of jewelry which tends to increase ahead of festive seasons. Any factor impacting the seasonal demand will impact the prices of gold Gold Regulatory risk – Movement/trade of gold that may be imposed by RBI. Trade and restrictions on import/export of gold or gold jewelry etc may also impact prices and demand/supply.
- Market Liquidity: There can be no assurance that the requirements of the market necessary to maintain the listing of Gold ETF will continue to be met or will remain unchanged. Gold ETF may suffer liquidity risk from domestic as well as international markets.
- Demand-Supply mismatch: To the extent that demand for gold exceeds the available supply at that time, Authorized Participants may not be able to readily acquire sufficient amounts of gold necessary for the creation of a Basket. Market speculation in gold could result in increased requests for the issuances. It is possible that Authorized Participants may be unable to acquire sufficient gold that is acceptable for delivery for the issuance of new Baskets due to a limited then-available supply coupled with a surge in demand for the ETF units. In such circumstances, the AMC may suspend or restrict the issuance of Baskets. Such occurrence may lead to further volatility in the price and deviations, which may be significant, in the market price of the ETF units relative to the NAV.
- Market volatility: The gold market in general has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to factors such as gold's uses in jewelry, technology, and industrial applications, or cost and production levels in major gold-producing countries.



• Indirect Taxation: For the valuation of gold by the Scheme, indirect taxes like customs duty, VAT, etc. would also be considered. Hence, any change in the rates of indirect taxation / applicable taxes would affect the valuation of the Scheme.

Risk factors associated with investing in Gold Monetisation Scheme (GMS) and Gold Deposit Scheme (GDS):

The ETF shall, as permitted by SEBI, may invest a part of its pool of physical gold assets in Gold Monetisation Scheme (GMS)/Gold Deposit Scheme (GDS) run by Banks. Under the GMS/GDS, the ETF will deposit its physical gold assets as principal with the Banks that offer such a facility ("the issuer"). A situation could arise where the issuer is unable to return the principal physical gold to the ETF upon maturity or in case of an early redemption. Such inability to return physical gold could arise on account of liquidity problems or general financial health of the issuer. A default by the issuer under a GMS /GDS may result in losses to the Unit holders of the ETF. GMS/GDS being an unlisted and non-transferable security can be Redeemed only with the issuer and hence, is subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet principal and interest payments on the obligation (credit risk). Credit Risk means that the issuer of a Security may default on interest payments or even pay back the principal amount on maturity (i.e. the issuer may be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the Security) which may result in losses to the Unitholders of the ETF.

Risks Factors Associated with Handling, Storing and Safekeeping of Physical Gold

All physical gold procured must follow the LMBA guidelines as per prescribed SEBI guidelines.

Risk arises when part or all of the gold held by the Fund could be lost, stolen or damaged and access to gold may be restricted due to natural calamities or human actions, loss or damage directly or indirectly occasioned by, happening through or in consequence of war, invasion, acts of foreign enemies, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power. Loss due to aridity, humidity, exposure to light or extremes of temperature. Hence, the Custodian maintains insurance in regard to the business on terms and conditions and the custodian is also responsible for all costs arising from the insurance policies. The custodian taking delivery on behalf of the AMC needs to ensure the weight, purity, and the source of gold as specified under the LMBA guidelines.

Since this is paramount to the SEBI guidelines the risk arises in violation of the same.

Safekeeping of physical gold requires appropriate vaulting space, confirming to the best global standards. The vaulting agents engaged by the custodian need to ensure the same.

Risks Factors Associated with Custody of Physical Gold



The Custodian is responsible for the safekeeping of the gold bullion and also facilitates the transfer of gold bullion into and out of the vault. Although the Custodian is a clearer and approved weigher under the rules of the LBMA (which sets out good practices for participants in the bullion market), the LBMA is not an official or governmental regulatory body. Accordingly, the Scheme is dependent on the Custodian to comply with the best practices of the LBMA and to implement satisfactory internal controls for its gold bullion custody operations in order to keep the gold bullion secure.

The Custodian is responsible for loss or damage to the gold only under limited circumstances. The Custodian Agreement contemplates that the Custodian will be responsible to the AMC only if it acts with negligence, fraud or in willful default of its obligations under the Custodian Agreement. In addition, the Custodian has agreed to indemnify the Trust for any loss or liability directly resulting from a breach of the Custodian's representations and warranties in the Custodian Agreement, a failure of the Custodian to act in accordance with the instructions or any physical loss, destruction or damage to the gold held for the Trust's account, except for losses due to nuclear fission or fusion, radioactivity, war, terrorist event, invasion, insurrection, civil commotion, riot, strike, act of government or public authority, act of God or a similar cause that is beyond the control of the Custodian for which the Custodian will not be responsible to the AMC. The Custodian's liability to the AMC, if any, will be limited to the value of any gold lost, or the amount of any balance held on an unallocated basis, at the time of the Custodian's negligence, fraud or willful default, or at the time of the act or omission giving rise to the claim for indemnification.

Neither the Shareholders nor any Market Makers have a right under the Custodian Agreement to assert a claim against the Custodian. Claims under the Custodian Agreement may only be asserted by the AMC.

The procedures agreed with the Custodian contemplate that the Custodian must undertake certain tasks in connection with the inspection of gold delivered by Market Makers in exchange for Baskets. The Custodian's inspection includes review of the corresponding bar list to ensure that it accurately describes the weight, fineness, refiner marks and bar number appearing on the gold bars, but does not include any chemical or other tests designed to verify that the gold received does, in fact, meet the purity requirements. Accordingly, such inspection procedures may not prevent the deposit of gold that fails to meet these purity standards. The Custodian will not be responsible or liable to the Trust or to any investor in the event any gold otherwise properly inspected by it does not meet the purity requirements.

The AMC does not insure its gold (Underlying gold of the scheme). The Custodian maintains insurance on such terms and conditions as it considers appropriate in connection with its custodial obligations under the Custodian Agreement and is responsible for all costs, fees and expenses arising from the insurance policy or policies. The AMC is not a beneficiary of any such insurance and does not have the ability to dictate the existence, nature or amount



of coverage. Therefore, Unitholders cannot be assured that the Custodian maintains adequate insurance or any insurance with respect to the gold held by the Custodian on behalf of the Trust.

Risks Factors Associated with Trading in the Secondary Market

Although Units of Scheme are listed / to be listed on the Stock Exchange(s), there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will be developed or be maintained.

Trading in Units of the Scheme on the Stock Exchange(s) may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of the Exchange Authorities or SEBI, trading in Units of the Scheme is not advisable. In addition, trading in Units of the Scheme is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to the Exchange and SEBI 'circuit filter' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Stock Exchange(s) necessary to maintain the listing of Units of the Scheme will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

Any changes in trading regulations by the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of market makers to arbitrage resulting in wider premium / discount to NAV.

The Units of the Scheme may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of the Scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of Scheme's holdings. The trading prices of Units of the Scheme will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand for the Units of the Scheme.

The Units will be issued only in demat form through depositories. The records of the depository are final with respect to the number of Units available to the credit of the Unit holder. Settlement of trades, repurchase of Units by the Mutual Fund during liquidity window depends upon the confirmations to be received from depository(ies) on which the Mutual Fund has no control.

Governments, central banks and related institutions worldwide, own a significant portion of the aggregate world gold holdings. If one or more of these institutions decides to sell in amounts large enough to cause a decline in world gold prices, the price of Units of the Scheme will be adversely affected.

The Scheme provides for the creation and redemption of Units in Creation Unit Size directly with the Fund and therefore, it is expected that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of the Units of the Scheme will not sustain due to arbitrage opportunities available.

Conversion of underlying physical gold into the Units of the Scheme may attract capital gain tax depending on acquisition cost and holding period.



Risk associated with investing in exchange traded commodity derivatives Commodity risks

Volatility in the commodities markets may be caused by changes in overall market movements, domestic and foreign political and economic events and policies, war, acts of terrorism, changes in domestic or foreign interest rates and/or investor expectations concerning interest rates, domestic and foreign inflation rates, investment and trading activities of mutual funds, hedge funds and commodities funds, and factors such as drought, floods, weather, livestock disease, embargoes, tariffs and other regulatory developments, or supply and demand disruptions. Because the Fund's performance is linked to the performance of volatile commodities, investors should be willing to assume the risks of potentially significant fluctuations in the value of the Fund's shares. Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of investment strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager(s) to identify such opportunities which may not be available at all times. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager(s) involve uncertainty and the decision of the fund manager(s) may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager(s) will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

Risks associated with Debt and Money Market Instruments or Fixed Income Securities

Debt and Money Market Instruments or Fixed Income Securities are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet interest and principal payments on its obligations and market perception of the creditworthiness of the issuer.

Credit Risk: This is the risk associated with the issuer of a debenture/bond or a Money Market Instrument defaulting on coupon payments or in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even when there is no default, the price of a security may change with expected changes in the credit rating of the issuer. It is to be noted here that a Government Security is a sovereign security and is the safest. Corporate bonds carry a higher amount of credit risk than Government Securities. Within corporate bonds also there are different levels of safety and a bond rated higher by a particular rating agency is safer than a bond rated lower by the same rating agency.

Interest Rate Risk: Fixed income securities such as government bonds, corporate bonds and Money Market Instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices depends upon the coupon and maturity of the security. It also depends upon the yield level at which the security is being traded.



Liquidity Risk: The Indian debt market is such that a large percentage of the total traded volumes on particular days might be concentrated in a few securities. Traded volumes for particular securities differ significantly on a daily basis. Consequently, the scheme might have to incur a significant "impact cost" while transacting large volumes in a particular security.

Reinvestment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities carry reinvestment risk as interest rates prevailing on the coupon payment or maturity dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond.

Basis Risk: The underlying benchmark of a floating rate security or a swap might become less active or may cease to exist and thus may not be able to capture the exact interest rate movements, leading to loss of value of the portfolio.

Spread Risk: In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. During the tenure of the security this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.

Risk of Rating Migration: It may be noted that the price of a rated security would be impacted with the change in rating and hence, there is risk associated with such migration.

Counterparty and Settlement Risk: Corporate Bond Repo will be settled between two counterparties in the OTC segment unlike in the case of TREPS transactions where CCIL stands as central counterparty on all transactions (no settlement risk). Settlement risk in reverse repo will be mitigated by requiring the counterparty (entity borrowing funds from the Mutual Fund) to deliver the defined collateral in the account of the MF before the cash is lent to the counterparty. Further, the Mutual Fund will also have a limited universe of counterparties comprising of Scheduled Commercial Banks, Primary Dealers, Mutual Funds and National Financial Institutions.

Legislative Risk: Changes in government policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to Mutual Funds may impact the returns to investors in the scheme.

Risk of Rating Migration: It may be noted that the price of a rated security would be impacted with the change in rating and hence, there is risk associated with such migration

Risk factors associated with processing of transactions through Stock Exchange Mechanism

The trading mechanism introduced by the Stock Exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund Units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through NSE and/or BSE or any other authorized Stock



Exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing /settlement, etc. upon which the Fund has no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the Stock Exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized Stock Exchange(s). Accordingly, there could be negative impacts to the investors such as delay or failure in allotment / redemption of units. The Fund and the AMC are not responsible for the negative impacts.

Risks associated with segregated portfolio:

The unit holders may note that no redemption and subscription shall be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in the segregated portfolio, the AMC shall enable listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange.

The risks associated in regard to the segregated portfolio are as follows:

- The investors holding units of the segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holdings till the time of recovery of money from the issuer.
- The security comprising the segregated portfolio may not realize any value.
- Listing units of the segregated portfolio on a recognized stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units of the segregated portfolio on the stock exchange.
- The trading price of units on the stock exchange may be significantly lower than the prevailing Net Asset Value (NAV) of the segregated portfolio.

C. Risk Mitigation Strategies

Risk associated with Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The scheme will invest in securities as per the intended allocation and thus this risk are low as compared to other risk mentioned above. The AMC will endeavor to minimize the Liquidity Risk, Interest Rate Risk, Reinvestment Risk.

II. Information about the Scheme

A. Where will the Scheme Invest

The corpus of the Scheme shall be invested in accordance with the investment objective in any (but not exclusively) to the following securities, subject to the Regulations:

- Units of Gold ETF registered with SEBI.
- Debt Securities including:
 - 1. Non-convertible debentures;



- 2. Bonds;
- 3. Secured premium notes;
- 4. Zero interest bonds:
- 5. Deep discount bonds;
- 6. Floating rate bond / notes;
- 7. Any other permissible domestic fixed income instrument.
- Money market instruments include, but are not limited to Treasury Bills, Commercial Paper of Public Sector Undertakings and Private Sector Corporate Entities, Term Money, Tri-party repo, Certificates of Deposit of Scheduled Commercial Banks, Financial Institutions and Development Financial Institutions, Government securities with unexpired maturity of one year or less and other Money Market securities as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time and in the manner prescribed under the Regulations.
- A small portion of the net assets will be held as cash or will be invested in debt and money market instruments permitted by SEBI/RBI including TREPS or in alternative investment for the TREPS as may be provided by the RBI, to meet the liquidity requirements under the Scheme.
- As per SEBI guidelines (i) A FoFs scheme shall not invest in any other FoFs scheme and (ii) FoFs scheme shall not invest its assets other that in schemes of mutual funds, except to the extent of funds required for meeting the liquidity requirements for the purpose of repurchases or redemptions;
- Securities issued, created, guaranteed or supported by the Central Government or a State Government (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills / cash management bills);
- Debt instruments (including non convertible portion of convertible instruments) issued by Companies / institutions promoted / owned / controlled by the Central or State Governments, domestic government agencies, quasi-government or local /statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee;
- Any other instruments as permitted by SEBI from time to time.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

1. A Fund of Funds scheme shall not invest in any other fund of funds scheme.



- 2. A Fund of Funds scheme shall not invest its assets other than in schemes of mutual funds, except to the extent of funds required for meeting the liquidity requirements for the purpose of repurchases or redemptions, as disclosed in the scheme information document of Fund of Funds scheme.
- 3. The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/ redemption of units or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unitholders, provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% (such % as mentioned by SEBI from time to time) of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.
- 4. Pending deployment of the funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time. currently, the following guidelines/restrictions are applicable for parking of funds in short term deposits:
 - "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
 - Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
 - The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such a limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustee.
 - Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
 - The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
 - The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposits of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. The Trustees / AMCs shall ensure that the bank in which the Scheme has short term deposits do not invest in the Scheme until the Scheme has STD with such bank.
 - The AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and Derivatives market.

5. The Scheme shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relative securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

Provided further that the Scheme may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognised stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI;



Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

- 6. The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - b) any security issued by way of private placement by any associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - c) the listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor in excess of 25% of its net assets. In case of Index Funds and ETFs, this limit shall be 35% of the net assets.
- 7. The Fund shall get the securities purchased transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- 8. All the Scheme's investments will be in transferable securities or bank deposits or in money at call or any such facility provided by RBI in lieu of call.
- 9. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Boards of the Trustee Company and the AMC;

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and tri-party repos on government securities or treasury bills.

Further, in accordance with clause 12.8 of SEBI Master Circular, within the limits specified above, following prudential limits shall be followed for the scheme. The scheme shall not invest more than:

- 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.



Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI.

- 10. No loans for any purpose can be advanced by the Scheme.
- 11. All investments by the Scheme in Commercial Papers (CPs) would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.
- 12. The Scheme will comply with provisions specified in clause 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 related to overall exposure limits applicable for derivative transactions as stated below:
 - (a) The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions, REITs & InvITs and across various other asset classes in which the Scheme is permitted to invest should not exceed 100% of net assets of the Scheme.
 - (b) Mutual Funds shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
 - (c) The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.
 - (d) Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
 - (e) Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:
 - i. Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities till the existing position remains.
 - ii. Hedging position cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in point a).
 - iii. Any derivative instrument used to hedge the underlying security as the existing position is being hedged.
 - iv. The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
 - (f) Mutual Funds may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counterparty in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the Scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the Scheme.
 - (g) Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point a) above.
 - (h) Definition of Exposure in case of Derivatives Positions Each position taken in derivatives shall have an associated exposure as defined under. Exposure is the



maximum possible loss that may occur on a position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have unlimited possible loss.

The AMC may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the SEBI (MF) Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective. The Trustee may from time to time alter these restrictions in conformity with the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Further, apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Fund may follow any internal norms vis-à-vis restricting / limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector, etc.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the fundamental attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

- (i) Type of scheme: An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in units of Gold ETF.
- (ii) Investment Objective:
 - a) Main Objective Please refer to the section "What is the Investment Objective of the Scheme?"
 - b) Investment Pattern Please refer to the section "How will the scheme allocate its assets?"

(iii) Terms of Issue:

- a) Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption. Please refer to the section "Units and Offer."
- b) Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme. Please refer, section "Fees and Expenses."
- c) Any safety net or guarantee provided Not Applicable.

Change in Fundamental Attributes:

In accordance with Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the Trustee shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme and the Option thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Option thereunder and affect the interest of Unit holders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal.
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as



- well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
- The Unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any Exit Load.

D. Index Methodology

This Section is not applicable, as the Scheme is a FoF.

E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers

This Section is not applicable, as the Scheme is a FoF.

F. Floors and ceiling within a range of 5% of the intended allocation against each sub class of asset, as per clause 13.6.2 of SEBI master circular for mutual funds dated June 27, 2024.

This Section is not applicable, as the Scheme is a FoF.

G. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures

Listing	Being an open ended Scheme under which Sale and Redemption of Units will be made on a continuous basis by the Mutual Fund (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any), the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the Mutual Fund may at its sole discretion list the Units under the Scheme on one or more recognised stock exchanges at a later date.
Transfer of units	Units held in Demat Form are freely transferable. Further, Units in SOA (Statement of Accounts) Form will not be freely transferable as Zerodha Mutual Fund does not issue physical certificates of Units.
Dematerialization of units	The Unit holders would have an option to hold the Units in demat form or account statement (non-demat) form. The Applicant intending to hold Units in demat form will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/ CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form DP's Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing Units. In case unitholders do not provide their Demat Account details, an Account Statement shall be sent to them. Such unitholders will not be able to purchase/redeem the units on the stock exchange.



	Units held in Demat Form are freely transferable. Further, Units in SOA (Statement of Accounts) Form will not be freely transferable as Zerodha Mutual Fund does not issue physical certificates of Units.	
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the Scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	10 Crores.	
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not Applicable	
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	Not Applicable	
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	All Applicants whose monies towards purchase of Units have been realised by the Fund will receive a full and firm allotment of Units, provided also the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form). Allotment of units will be done after deduction of applicable stamp duty and transaction charges, if any. Please refer to SAI for details.	



Refund If the application is rejected, the full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of closure of NFO. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for a delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC. Who Can Invest The following persons are eligible and may apply for subscription to the Units of the Scheme provided they are not prohibited by any law/ Constitutive documents governing them: (This is an indicative list and you are requested 1. Resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding to consult your three) or on an anyone or survivor basis; financial advisor ascertain 2. Karta of Hindu Undivided Family (HUF); whether the 3. Minor (as the first and the sole holder only) through a natural scheme is suitable guardian (i.e. father or mother, as the case may be) or a court to your risk profile) appointed legal guardian. There shall not be any joint holding with minor investments. Further, all other requirements for investments by minor and process of transmission shall be followed in line with SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 read with SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2023 as amended from time to time.

Note: For folios where the units are held on behalf of the minor, the account shall be frozen for operation by the guardian on the day the minor attains majority and no transactions shall be permitted till the requisite documents for changing the status of the account from 'minor' to 'major' are submitted.

- 4. Proprietorship in the name of Sole Proprietor;
- 5. Partnership Firms & Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs);
- Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings, Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, Co-Operative Societies registered under the Co-Operative Societies Act, 1912;
- 7. Banks & Financial Institutions;
- 8. Mutual Funds/ Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI;
- 9. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and



	Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
	 Non-resident Indians (NRIs)/Persons of Indian Origin residing abroad (PIO)/ Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) on repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis;
	11. Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI) registered with SEBI in accordance with applicable laws;
	12. Army, Air Force, Navy and other paramilitary units and bodies created by such institutions;
	13. Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations;
	14. Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, India;
	15. Multilateral Financial Institutions/ Bilateral Development Corporation Agencies/ Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India/Reserve Bank of India;
	16. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted;
	17. Qualified Foreign Investor (QFI);
	18. Other Schemes of Zerodha Mutual Fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI (MF) Regulations;
	19. Such other category of investors as may be decided by the AMC / Trustee from time to time provided their investment is in conformity with the applicable laws and SEBI (MF) Regulations.
	Anyone specified above can invest in the Scheme.
	The list given above is indicative and the applicable laws, if any, as amended from time to time shall supersede the list.
Who cannot invest	1. Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA Act) except where registered with SEBI as a FPI or otherwise explicitly permitted under FEMA Act/ by RBI/ by any other applicable authority;



	2. Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs);						
	3. NRIs residing in Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) as determined by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF);						
	4. U.S. Persons and Residents of Canada as defined under the appliants of U.S. and Canada;						
	5. Such other persons as may be specified by AMC/ Trustee from time to time.						
How to Apply and other details	Investors can submit the application for purchase and redemption transactions in the schemes of Zerodha Mutual Fund at the Official Points of Acceptance (OPA). Please refer to the SAI for the details.						
	The Investor may also reach out to the investor support email id support@zerodhafundhouse.com for details/ help in investing.						
	The list of OPA is available on the website of AMC i.e., www.zerodhafundhouse.com						
	Please refer to Page no. 64 for Official Points of Acceptance, Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) and Collecting Banker details.						
	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.						
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	Not Applicable						



Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.

The Units of the Scheme held in electronic (demat) mode are transferable. The Mutual Fund at its sole discretion reserves the right to suspend sale and switching of Units in the Scheme temporarily or indefinitely when any of the following conditions exist. However, the suspension of sale of Units either temporarily or indefinitely will be with the approval of the Trustee.

- a. When one or more stock exchanges or markets, which provide a basis for valuation for a substantial portion of the assets of the Scheme are closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays.
- b. When, as a result of political, economic or monetary events or any circumstances outside the control of the Trustee and the AMC, the disposal of the assets of the Scheme are not reasonable, or would not reasonably be practicable without being detrimental to the interests of the Unit holders.
- c. In the event of breakdown in the means of communication used for the valuation of investments of the Scheme, without which the value of the securities of the Scheme cannot be accurately calculated.
- d. During periods of extreme volatility of markets, which in the opinion of the AMC are prejudicial to the interests of the Unit holders of the Scheme.
- e. In case of natural calamities, strikes, riots and bandhs.
- f. In the event of any force majeure or disaster that affects the normal functioning of the AMC.
- g. If so directed by SEBI.

The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right in its sole discretion to withdraw the facility of Sale option of Units into the Scheme, temporarily or indefinitely, if AMC views that changing the size of the corpus further may prove detrimental to the existing Unit holders of the Scheme.

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions

The below cut-off timings and applicability of NAV shall be applicable in respect of valid applications received at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance on a Business Day:

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should

Cut off timing for Subscriptions:

Particulars			ulars		Applicable NAV
1.	Where	the	application	is	NAV at the close of the day immediately



reach	the	official
points		of
accept	ance	

received up to cut-off time of 3:00 p.m. on a Business Day at the official point(s) of acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase are available for utilization before the cut-off time.

preceding the day of receipt of application shall be applicable.

2. Where the application is received at the official point(s) of acceptance on a Business Day, irrespective of the time of receipt of subscription/purchase application, and the funds are not available for utilization before the cut-off time of 3:00 p.m. on the same Business Day.

NAV at the close of the day immediately preceding the Business Day on which the funds are available for utilization shall be applicable.

3. Where the application is received after 3:00 p.m. on a day at the Official Point(s) of Acceptance and the entire funds are available for utilization on the same day without availing any credit facility, whether, intra-day or otherwise.

NAV at the close of the day immediately preceding the next Business Day.

Cut off timing for Redemptions:

Particulars				Applicable NAV
Where the application is received upto 3.00 p.m.		is	The closing NAV of the day immediately preceding the next business day.	
		application 3.00 p.m.	is	The closing NAV of the next business day.

Note: In case the application is received on a Non-Business Day, it will be considered as if received on the Next Business Day.



Minimum amount for purchase/ redemption

Minimum amount for purchase:

₹ 500 and in multiples of ₹ 1 thereafter.

Minimum Additional Purchase Amount:

₹ 500 and in multiples of ₹ 1 thereafter.

Minimum Redemption Amount:

The minimum redemption amount shall be 'any amount' or 'any number of units' as requested by the investor at the time of redemption.

The Redemption would be permitted to the extent of credit balance in the Unit holder's account of the Scheme (subject to completion of Lock-in period or release of pledge / lien or other encumbrances). The Redemption request can be made by specifying the rupee amount or by specifying the number of Units to be redeemed.

The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change/ modify the terms of minimum purchase/redemption amount provision offered under the Scheme of the Fund.

Accounts Statements

The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).

A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.

Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable

Please refer to SAI for details.



Dividend/ IDCW	Not Applicable				
Redemption	The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 03 working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.				
	For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.				
	The redemption proceeds will be credited to the bank account of the Unitholder, as per the bank account details recorded with the DP.				
	Units will be redeemed on First In First Out (FIFO) basis.				
	Redemption requests may not be processed if KYC compliant status is not updated in the folio.				
Bank Mandate	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.				
	Change in Bank Account				
	The facility for change in Bank Account for the Units held in demat mode is available. The investors are requested to reach out to the respective Depository Participant.				
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividen d	The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 by SEBI for the period of such delay.				
Unclaimed Redemption	Please refer to SAI for details.				
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	Process for Investments made in the name of Minor through a Guardian Payment for investment from the bank account of the minor or from a joint				



Bank Account is not in favour of minor or not joint with registered guardian, unit holders will be required to submit the change of bank mandate, where minor is also a bank account holder (either single or joint with registered guardian), before initiation any redemption transaction in the folio, else the transaction is liable to get rejected. For systematic transactions in a minor's folio, AMC will register standing instructions till the date of the minor attaining majority, though the instructions may be for a period beyond that date. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details and updated bank account details. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major.

Any other disclosure in terms of Consolidated Checklist on Standard Observations

- <u>Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non-</u>maintenance.

Currently, there is no minimum balance requirement.

Risk-o-meter

The risk-o-meter of the Scheme shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and shall be disclosed along with portfolio disclosure on the AMC website and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.

The risk level of the Scheme as on March 31 of every year, along with the number of times the risk level has changed over the year, shall be disclosed on the AMC website and AMFI website.

The scheme wise changes in Risk-o-meter shall be disclosed in scheme wise Annual Reports and Abridged summary.

- Scheme Summary Document

The AMC will provide on its website a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme viz. Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc.

III. Other Details

A. In case of Fund of Funds Scheme, Details of Benchmark, Investment Objective, Investment Strategy, TER, AUM, Year wise performance, Top 10 Holding/link to Top 10 holding of the underlying fund should be provided



Not Applicable.

B. Periodic Disclosures such as Half yearly disclosures, half yearly results, annual report

a. Annual Report

Scheme Annual report in the format prescribed by SEBI, will be hosted on the website of the Fund viz. www.zerodhafundhouse.com and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com as soon as may be but not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounts year (i.e. 31st March each year). Mutual Fund / AMC will publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the Scheme wise Annual Report on the website of the Fund and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI).

Mutual Fund / AMC will email the Scheme Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof to the unitholders registered email address with the Mutual Fund. Mutual Fund / AMC will provide a physical copy of the abridged summary of the Annual Report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder through any mode. A physical copy of the scheme wise annual report shall be made available for inspection to the investors at the registered office of the AMC. A link of the scheme annual report or abridged summary thereof shall be displayed prominently on the website of the Fund and shall also be displayed on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI).

b. Half Yearly Results

The Mutual Fund shall host half yearly disclosures of the Scheme's' unaudited financial results in the prescribed format on its website viz. www.zerodhafundhouse.com within one month from the close of each half year i.e. on 31st March and on 30th September and shall publish an advertisement in this regard in at least one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.

c. Half Yearly Portfolio Statement

The Mutual Fund/ AMC will disclose the portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme, including Segregated Portfolio, if any, in the prescribed format, as on the last day of half-year i.e. March 31 and September 30, on its website viz. www.zerodhafundhouse.com and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each half-year



respectively. The Mutual Fund / AMC will send via mail, to the registered email address of the unitholders, the half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each half-year respectively.

Mutual Fund / AMC will publish an advertisement every half-year in an all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the Scheme portfolio on its website and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). Mutual Fund / AMC will provide a physical copy of the statement of its Scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

C. Transparency/NAV Disclosure (Details with reference to information given in Section I)

The NAV will be calculated by the AMC for each Business Day except in special circumstances. The first NAV shall be calculated and declared within 05 business days from the date of allotment. As mandated by SEBI, the NAV shall be disclosed in the following manner:

- Displayed on the website of Mutual Fund (<u>www.zerodhafundhouse.com</u>)
- Displayed on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) (www.amfiindia.com)
- Any other manner as may be mandated by SEBI from time to time.

Mutual Fund/ AMC will provide facility of sending latest NAVs to unitholders through SMS, upon receiving specific requests. AMC shall update NAV on the website of the Fund and Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) by 10.00 A.M. on the next Business Day. In case of any delay in uploading on AMFI website, the reason for such delay will be explained to SEBI and AMFI in writing. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of Business Hours of the next business day due to any reason, Mutual Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAVs. The Mutual Fund / AMC will disclose the portfolio (along with ISIN and other prescribed details) of the Scheme in the prescribed format, as on the last day of the month and half-year i.e. March 31 and September 30, on its website viz. www.zerodhafundhouse.com and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month and half-year respectively.

The Mutual Fund/AMC will send via email both the monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month and half-year respectively. Mutual Fund / AMC will publish an advertisement every half-year in an all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the Scheme portfolio on its website and on the AMFI. Mutual Fund / AMC will provide a physical copy of the statement of its Scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from unitholders.



The AMC will make available the Annual Report of the Scheme within four months of the end of the financial year.

D. Transaction charges and stamp duty

As the scheme is offering only the Direct Plan, no transaction charges will be levied or deducted.

Please refer to SAI for details.

Stamp Duty

Pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 1226(E) and G.S.R. 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, stamp duty @0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions.

Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.

E. Associate Transactions

Please refer to SAI.

F. Taxation

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

This information is provided for general information only and is based on the prevailing tax laws, as applicable in case of this Scheme. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/ authorized dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

	Resident Investors	Foreign Institution al Investor (FII)	Non-Resident (other than FII)	Mutual Fund
Tax on	NA	NA	NA	NIL [®]



dividend				
Capital gain *				
Long Term Capital Gain (Investment period > 2 year)	Before 1st April 2025. Normal tax rates applicable to investor Starting 1st April 2025, 12.5%	30%	Before 1st April 2025, Normal tax rates applicable to investor Starting 1st April 2025, 12.5%	NIL [@]
Short Term Capital Gain (Investment period <=2 year)	Normal tax rates applicable to investor	30%	Normal tax rates applicable to investor	NIL [®]

[@] The levy of tax on distributed income payable by mutual funds has been abolished w.e.f. April 1, 2020 and instead tax on income from mutual fund units in the hands of the unit holders at their applicable rates has been adopted.

NA - The Scheme does not have a dividend policy, hence not applicable

If taxpayer (Individual/HUF/AOP/BOI/AJP) opts for Old Tax Regime, then Surcharge to be levied on basic tax at:

- 37% where specified income exceeds Rs.5 crore;
- 25% where specified income exceeds Rs.2 crore but does not exceed Rs.5 crore;
- 15% where total income exceeds Rs.1 crore but does not exceed Rs.2 crore; and
- 10% where total income exceeds Rs.50 lakhs but does not exceed Rs.1 crore.

If the taxpayer (Individual/HUF/AOP/BOI/AJP) pays tax as per default New Tax Regime u/s. 115BAC (1A), then maximum rate of Surcharge will be 25% where income exceeds Rs.2 crore.

In case of an AOP consisting of only companies as its members, the rate of surcharge shall not exceed 15%.

Surcharge for companies to be levied on basic tax:

^{*} Levy of Surcharge and Health & Education Cess:



- Domestic Company: 12% where income exceeds Rs.10 crore and 7% where income exceeds Rs.1 crore but less than Rs.10 crore. If a domestic company opts for concessional tax regime u/s. 115BAA/115BAB: then flat rate of 10% on basic tax
- Non-resident Company: 5% where income exceeds Rs.10 crore and 2% where income exceeds Rs.1 crore but less than Rs.10 crore

Enhanced surcharge of 25% or 37%, as the case may be, will not apply in case of income by way of dividend or capital gains on securities covered under Section 111A (STCG on EOF), Section 112 (LTCG on non-EOF acquired up to March 31, 2023 and LTCG on non-EOF acquired from April 1, 2023 where equity exposure in such non-EOF > 35%), Section 112A (LTCG on EOF) & Section 115AD (tax on income earned by FIIs).

Health & Education Cess @ 4% is applicable on aggregate of basic tax & surcharge.

Please note that surcharge and cess shall not be applied on basic tax while deducting TDS, if any, on income of resident investors only.

G. Rights of Unitholders

Please refer to SAI for details.

H. List of official points of acceptance:

Zerodha Fund House is focused on delivering a completely online experience. Accordingly, the Official Point of Acceptance (OPAs) will be online/ electronic mode only, unless specifically specified under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

The investors can undertake any transaction(s), including purchase/redemption and avail of any service(s) from time to time through the online/electronic modes via various sources like:

- → Direct point of online contact for the AMC, such as the website, mobile application, WhatsApp, or any other online mode of communication by enabling transactions directly or in directly (by redirecting to any other relevant partner platform)
- → Website/ Mobile App of MFU and MF Central https://www.mfuindia.com; https://www.mfcentral.com/
- → Website/ Mobile App of various aggregator platforms/ channel partners/ business partners/ investment advisers/ execution only platform with whom AMC has entered or may enter into specific arrangements
- → CAMS https://www.camsonline.com/



- I. Penalties, Pending Litigation Or Proceedings, Findings Of Inspections Or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority
 - a. AMCs are required to disclose penalties, pending litigation etc. for the last 5 financial years and wherever the amount of penalty is more than 5 lakhs.

Not Applicable

Refer to AMC/Fund Website viz. https://www.zerodhafundhouse.com/resources/disclosures/for details of penalties, pending litigation, and action taken by SEBI and other regulatory and Govt. Agencies, updated on a continuous basis.

Any amendments / replacement / re-enactment of SEBI (MF) Regulations subsequent to the date of the Scheme Information Document shall prevail over those specified in this Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Board of Directors of Zerodha Trustee Private Limited (Trustees to Zerodha Mutual Fund) on August 30, 2024. The Trustees have ensured that the scheme approved is a new product offered by Zerodha Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification to the existing scheme/fund/product.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by SEBI from time to time will be applicable.

For and on behalf of Zerodha Asset Management Private Limited

Sd/-(Vishal Jain) Chief Executive Officer ceo@zerodhafundhouse.com

Date: October 14, 2024

Place: Bangalore



List of official points of acceptance:

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The investors can undertake any transaction(s), including purchase/redemption and avail of any service(s) from time to time through the online/electronic modes via various sources like:

- → Direct point of online contact for the AMC, such as the website, mobile application, WhatsApp, or any other online mode of communication by enabling transactions directly or in directly (by redirecting to any other relevant partner platform)
- → Website/ Mobile App of MFU and MF Central https://www.mfuindia.com; https://www.mfcentral.com/
- → Website/ Mobile App of various aggregator platforms/ channel partners/ business partners/ investment advisers/ execution only platform with whom AMC has entered or may enter into specific arrangements
- → CAMS https://www.camsonline.com/

Registrar and Transfer Agent

Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS)
SEBI Registration No. INR000002813
Rayala Tower-1, 158 Anna Salai,

Chennai - 600 002

Collecting Bankers

YES Bank Limited SEBI Registration No. INBI00000935 Kasturba Road, Bangalore - 560 001

HDFC Bank Limited SEBI Registration No. INBI00000063 Richmond Road, Bangalore - 560 025